

New jail will give inmates keys to cells

BRITAIN'S first privately run jail, where prisoners have keys to their cells but not to the front door, begins operation on Monday. The Wolds remand centre on Humberside will take up to 50 prisoners from courts in South Yorkshire next week.

It will build to a maximum of 320 male remand prisoners of all types except the most dangerous, Category A. The £5 million annual contract from the Home Office to run the £32 million jail, 12 miles west of Hull, was won last year by a specially formed division of the Group Four security company.

Jim Harrover, chief executive of Group Four, said yesterday that it wanted to produce a "secure but humane" environment. He believed that the experience of running the jail would put his company in the best position to win the contract for the next prison to be privatised — Blakenhurst, near Redditch, Hereford and Worcester, which is double the size of Wolds and will hold convicted as well as remand prisoners.

Stephen Twinn, director of Wolds, a post equivalent to governor, said: "We have to

provide privacy. "No other prisoner will be able to enter his cell if he so wishes." The locks can be over-ridden by staff when necessary, and the prisoner is still contained by locked outer doors to the block.

Staff, who will be called prison security supervisors rather than prison officers, will wear uniforms more akin to hotel staff: light grey trousers, matching clip-on tie, white shirt and black blazer with the Group Four logo. All will wear identity badges and the use of first names is encouraged.

Wolds has six blocks with cells built on two levels around an oblong recreation area. Inmates will be able to spend all their waking hours outside their cells, from rising at 6.25am to lights out at 11pm. Up to two hours can be spent outdoors.

Each block has three televisions and a video for recording late-running programmes. There is also a pool table, soft seating and a dining area where meals are brought on heated trays from a central kitchen. The supervisor in charge of each block eats the same meals as the prisoners, in the same dining

area. Catering and medical services have been sub-contracted to private operators.

Prisoners will be able to select four meals a day, including porridge for breakfast, from a weekly menu. There is a choice of two dishes for each meal, plus a vegetarian dish for lunch, tea and supper. Two qualified chefs and a baker head the catering staff.

Other facilities include a gymnasium and games hall. Humberside council is pro-

viding staff to run education programmes, and there will be probation officers on full-time duty.

Once inside the brown and red brick 17ft walls, topped by an overhanging anti-climb "bark", there is only an occasional reminder of security: primarily, the 19ft mesh fences with razor wire barriers on top, which divide the compound. Inside the blocks, there are more doors than barred gates. The cells have been fur-

nished with pastel coloured duvets and bedding, matching the paintwork and towels and toothpaste are provided.

Mr Twinn proposes a compact with the prisoners. In return for good behaviour, there will be extra privileges such as additional visits or increased recreation time. On the other side of the coin, there is a forbidding segregation block. One floor houses prisoners such as alleged sex offenders, kept apart for their

ASADOUR GUZELIAN



Open-door policy: Andy Wainwright, 'custody supervisor', at Wolds remand prison yesterday

Oil men's helicopter forced to land

An investigation began yesterday into how a North Sea helicopter, like one that crashed north-east of Shetland last month with the loss of 11 lives, suffered engine trouble after leaving an oil workers' "float". The pilot made an emergency landing on a nearby platform halfway between Orkney and Norway.

Yesterday's incident involved a Super Puma helicopter with 17 passengers and two crew minutes after it left the Porth Regency float in the Miller field. The pilot reported trouble with an engine and sent a Mayday signal, but made a single-engine landing on BP's Miller platform, 180 miles off Aberdeen.

The emergency happened on the day of a memorial service in the Kirk of St Nicholas, Aberdeen, for those killed when a Super Puma crashed while ferrying them from the Cormorant Alpha platform to a float during a snowstorm.

The aircraft in yesterday's incident was also operated by Bristow, which later said that senior managers were inspecting it. BP said that the pilot had to shut down an engine five minutes after take-off. A rescue operation involving RAF and coastguard helicopters began after radio contact was lost. A preliminary report by the Air Accident Investigation Bureau into last month's crash found no mechanical failure.

Increase in women priests

BY RUTH GLEDHILL
RELIGION CORRESPONDENT

NEARLY half of the world's Anglican churches have women priests, according to figures disclosed yesterday.

Of 35 autonomous governing churches and provinces in the Anglican Communion, 13 have women priests and 14 have women deacons. Worldwide, there are two women bishops, 1,342 women priests and nearly 2,000 women deacons. America has 1,031 women priests, the highest after Canada; which has 158.

Five churches and provinces, including southern and central Africa, the West Indies and Scotland, will decide within two years whether to ordain women priests. The Church of England, which in the Archdiocese of Canterbury, Dr George Carey, has the *primus inter pares*, or first among equals of Anglican primates, will decide at general synod in November.

Jim Rosenthal, of the Anglican Communion secretariat in London, said: "The Church of England is the mother church and is highly respected among all the Anglican churches. We did this survey in response to the number of enquiries we were receiving."

There are nearly 70 million members of the Anglican Communion in 164 countries. They worship in about 64,000 congregations, although the total number of priests is not known.

Bail penalty

The Central Criminal Court has ordered that Joop Albers, a UN diplomat, forfeit £10,000 bail security after his Dutch-born son, Petrus Albers, aged 23, failed to appear on a charge of starting a £250,000 fire at the Schiller University in south London.

M3 protest

Six protesters arrested in February after chaining themselves to equipment used to demolish railway bridges for the M3 extension at Twyford Down, Hampshire, will not face charges, police said yesterday.

Port extended

A £3 million, 240-yard quay opened yesterday on the Great Ouse at King's Lynn, Norfolk, by Associated British Ports. The quay doubles the size of ship that can use the port.

Keats theft

A life-size marble bust of the poet John Keats has been stolen from Hampstead Parish Church in north London.

Scientists aid plants that are feeling blue

BY ALISON ROBERTS

BLIGHTED pansies and ravaged roses may one day be able to tell us, if we had noticed, that they are feeling under the weather. Scientists have inserted a gene from a jellyfish into a tobacco plant to create a variety that glows blue when in trouble.

A team at Edinburgh University has extracted a tiny amount of DNA from a glowing jellyfish found in the Pacific and inserted it into tobacco, potato and a type of cress. Higher than normal levels of calcium in stressed plants react with a protein made by the gene to produce a faint sky-blue light, detectable by a hand-held sensor.

The development could help farmers. Stress caused by wind or frost can be disastrous and the careful positioning of special plants could indicate when a crop is suffering.

Dr Knight gives an assurance that daffodils are not about to develop triffid-like habits. "None of the plants that have been made have been released, not that they are dangerous. We are strictly governed by the genetic manipulation rules," he said.

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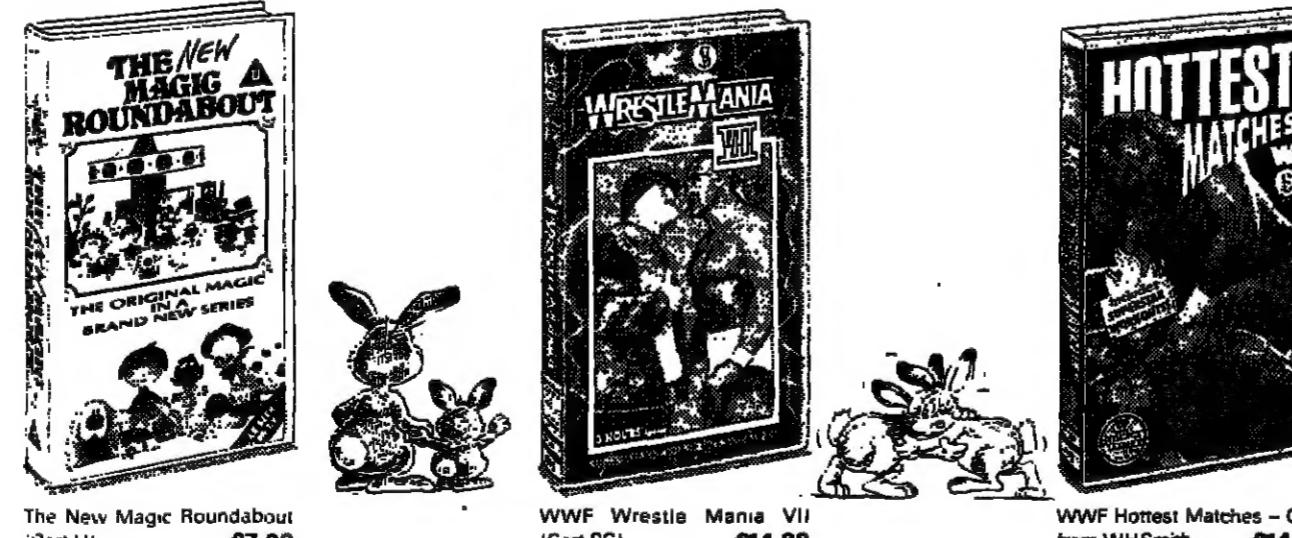
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SATURDAY APRIL 4

**Oil men's
helicopter
forced
to land**

An American oil
helicopter has
crashed in the
River Thames
near Putney. The
pilot and his
assistant were
rescued by a
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By RICHARD

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Explosives case man is granted new appeal

BY RICHARD FORD, HOME CORRESPONDENT

A BUSINESSMAN fighting to prove that he is innocent of a conviction for making explosive devices is to get a second appeal hearing.

The Lord Chief Justice, Lord Lane, ruled yesterday that the case of John Berry should be heard again, in spite of an earlier judgment by the appeal court in 1990 that it could not be reopened. His case was highlighted by *The Times* last year.

Mr Berry was convicted at Chelmsford crown court in 1983 of making an explosive device for an unlawful purpose. The Crown said that he made electronic timers that were designed for use by terrorists in the construction of bombs.

Lord Lane acted after the home secretary requested the appeal court to consider reviewing the case again. The Lord Chief Justice, sitting with Mr Justice Macpherson of Cluny and Mr Justice Judge, said that it was entirely right for the home secretary to refer the matter to the court and the case should be heard as an ordinary appeal.

Mr Berry, aged 54, of Bramerton, Norfolk, has fought for a second hearing because at his first appeal no ruling was made on two of his three arguments against conviction. He won on one argument but his conviction was reinstated when the Crown appealed to the House of Lords. When Mr Berry tried



Berry: imprisoned for making bomb timers

to get the case relisted in 1990, Lord Justice Watkins, the deputy chief justice, ruled that it would be extraordinary if the appeal court could overturn the Lords' decision.

Lord Lane said yesterday that it was not necessary to examine in detail the reasons why the court refused to relist the case. The difficulties in Mr Berry's case had been caused by the "mistake, if indeed a mistake it was", made at the original appeal hearing, when the court made no ruling of two of Mr Berry's three grounds of appeal.

Outside the Law Courts, Mr Berry, who was released from prison on parole last week after serving part of a six-year sentence, said: "I am delighted at the decision. Everything is now pointing in the right direction and, as it will be a full appeal, we will bring forward new evidence to prove my innocence."

At Mr Berry's trial it was said that he had been associated with Geoffrey Smith, a businessman, in the export of the timers to the Middle East for terrorism. Mr Smith, who faced the same charge as Mr Berry, was cleared after a retrial.

In Mr Berry's first appeal, which he won, he argued that the English courts had no jurisdiction over an offence to be committed in the Middle East, that the judge had wrongfully refused to order further details of the Crown's case, and that the verdict was unsafe because terrorism had not been defined during the trial.

The appeal court overturned the conviction after accepting the first argument, but it made no decision on the other two points. While the Crown's appeal to the Lords was being heard, Mr Berry left the country because he suspected that the law lords would restore his conviction. He was expelled from Spain in 1989 and resumed his sentence, which was cut from eight to six years in 1990.

Television Licence Fee Increase

Television Licence fees were increased with effect from 1 April 1992. The new fees are £26.50 for black and white and £80.00 for colour.

Licensees who use the Direct Debit or Credit Card payment schemes should note the following.

ANNUAL PAYMENT BY DIRECT DEBIT OR CREDIT CARD

Your next licence will be issued at the new rate. Consequently your account will be debited with the appropriate amount on or immediately after the first day of the month following that in which your current licence expires.

MONTHLY INSTALMENTS BY DIRECT DEBIT

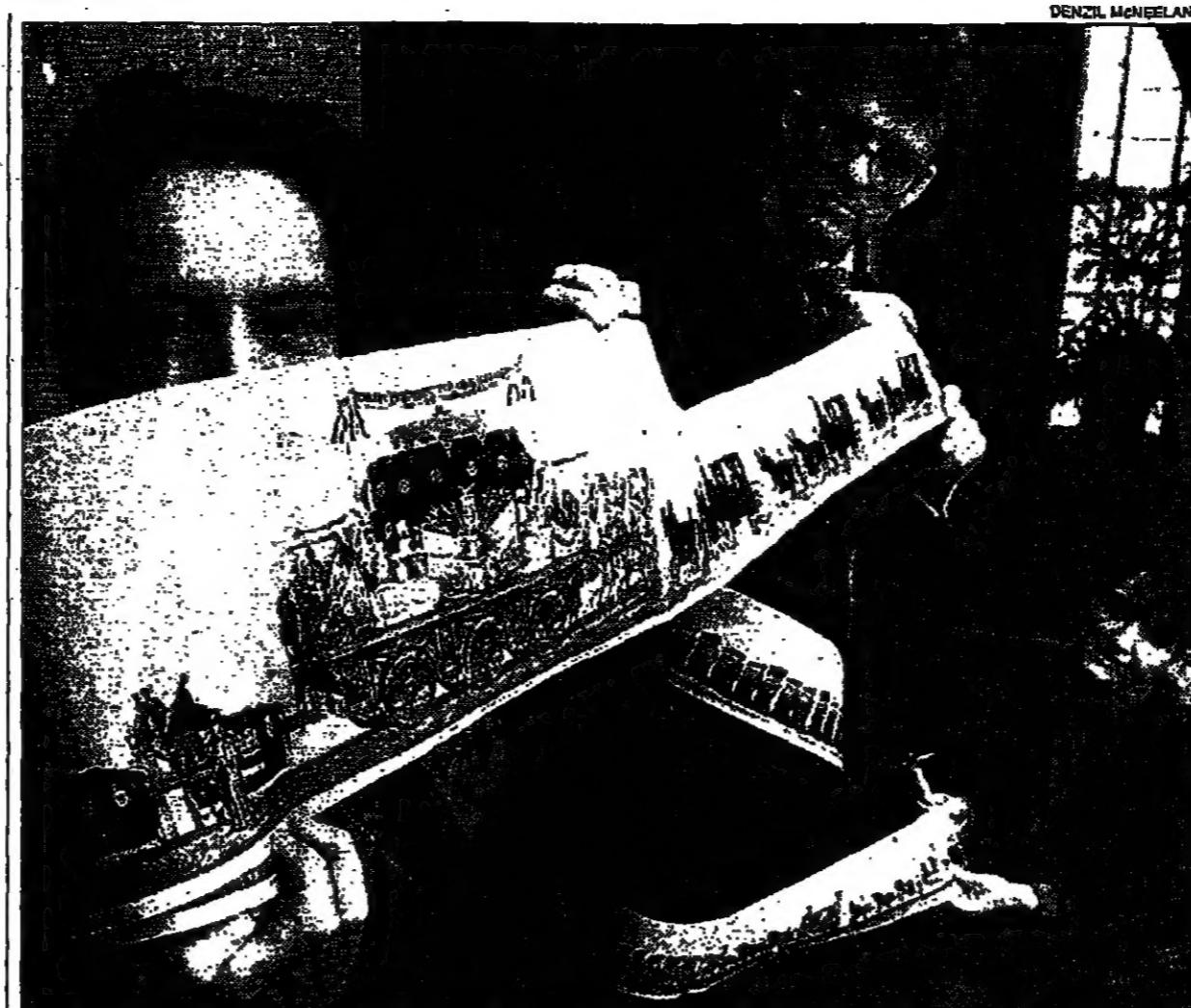
1. If your current licence expires at the end of March 1992, then the monthly instalment will now be 1/10th of the new fee, ie. £2.65 per month for a black and white licence or £8.00 per month for colour.
2. If you have been paying monthly instalments towards your next licence based on the old fee then, on the last day of the month prior to that in which your current licence expires, your account will be debited with an amount equal to the difference between the old and new fees, ie. £1.00 for black and white or £3.00 for colour. Thereafter instalments will be based on the new fee as in '1' above.

QUARTERLY INSTALMENTS BY DIRECT DEBIT

When your current licence expires, your quarterly instalments towards your next licence will be based on the new fee, ie. £21.25 (£20.00 plus £1.25 premium payment) per quarter.



LICENSING



Long and winding road: Phillips auction staff Juliet Drysdale, left, Richard Lloyd and Alexandra Eccles-Williams with a 67ft print of Wellington's funeral procession, expected to fetch up to £2,500

Synthetic 'herb' drug may beat malaria

BY NICK NUTTALL

A MAN-MADE version of a Chinese herbal drug may offer a powerful treatment for malaria, research indicates.

Scientists have been testing the drug, a crude natural version of which has been used in China for more than 2,000 years on people with early onset of malaria. When used with another malaria drug it appears to cure all victims, the scientists say.

The research, described in *The Lancet*, has been done in Thailand, where malaria kills up to 4,000 people a year and where resistance to standard drugs is rising. Researchers tested artesunate, made from qinghaosu, a man-made derivative of a substance found in the herb *Artemisia annua*, the anti-malarial properties of which were rediscovered 20 years ago.

Of 39 patients given artesunate, followed by mefloquine, a last-resort malarial drug, all were cured in 28 days, their blood free of malarial parasites. Eighty-one per cent of patients on mefloquine alone were cured and 88 per cent of those on artesunate alone.

Villagers drink to water victory

VILLAGERS who boast the best cup of tea in Britain have won the right to keep their private water supply free from chlorine.

A public enquiry by the environment department has backed the residents of Rampions against West Dorset council, which had insisted that their water, supplied from an underground spring, be chlorinated. Instead, the village will be allowed to use an ultraviolet treatment that will not affect the taste.

At the enquiry in January, residents admitted to the department's inspector that their water occasionally failed to comply with European Community safety rules, but opposed any move that would change its taste. The inspector's report says that there is no evidence that the water has produced any harmful effect.

Tina Hayward, sub-postmaster of Rampions, said yesterday: "It's great news for the village that we can still get our water with no nasty additives, and the tea will taste just as good as ever."

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MALGO

ELECTION 92

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

On other pages

Peter Riddell	16
Leading article	17
Pound falls	21

Commander Paddy scents success in the air

Robin Oakley takes a close and critical look at the Lib Dem leader's claim to agree and disagree equally with Labour and the Tories

PADDY Ashdown has had another good war. Election campaigns are about pushing your party's subjects to the top of the agenda and here we are on the last weekend with all three parties talking about proportional representation and Labour flirting openly with Liberal Democrat consensus politics.

As he puts it: "For Neil Kinnock or John Major it is sudden death; whoever wins, wins, whoever loses, goes." But he can be a winner either way. "We can take advantage of any situation," he says.

Really? Isn't that a merely tactical claim to reassure wavering Tories that he is not, as Mr Major suggests, the doorman to let Labour into Number 10? How could he in a hung parliament shore up a Conservative administration that, having watched a 100-plus majority melt away, would be perceived as having lost an election? The Liberal Democrats have voted with Labour 17 times out of 20. Is not Labour, as Mr Kinnock intimates, their political soulmate?

Not so, says Mr Ashdown. Of course they have voted more often with Labour: "We are part of the opposition." But if 39 per cent of his party would prefer a deal with Labour, so 39 per cent too would prefer a deal with the Tories. It would be "very, very difficult" being seen to rescue Mr Major. "But it won't then be a Tory government, it will be a partnership government."

And when I asked him where his party parted company with Labour, the response was emphatic: "On every point of economic policy we differ substantially from Labour."

Mr Ashdown says: "We see an attack on monopolies, the fostering of competition as a cardinal point. We see the need for the establishment of an independent central bank. We accept the need to track back as fast as we can to

balanced budgets, with borrowing back within five years to a lower point than that proposed by the Tories. We accept that monetarism has a part to play as well as Keynesianism. While Keynesianism may be appropriate at some points of the cycle like we're in now, you can't give a Keynesian stimulus to the economy unless it is balanced by a very tough long-term anti-inflationary policy."

Liberal Democrats, he insists, accept the case for highly flexible labour markets and therefore reject Labour's national minimum wage. "The point to tackle poverty, but we think it is totally the wrong instrument."

It is quite a catalogue. But the key electorally may be the Liberal Democrat leader's pledge that his party would vote against any Labour finance bill removing the earnings ceiling on national insurance contributions and introducing a 50p top rate of tax at £40,000 a year.

Mr Ashdown's party is not against removal of the national insurance contributions ceiling, wanting the tax and national insurance systems merged. But he says: "Labour is entirely wrong in seeking to pretend that it can fund its programmes from high rates on higher earners."

He adds: "Imposing 59 per cent tax rates incorporating NICs at £40,000 is very bad news indeed. In particular, hitting middle income earners with a 50 per cent tax rate at £27,000 is very bad news."

The electoral invitation to vote for Paddy to put a collar on Labour in a hung parliament is clear. But would either Neil or John think of lifting the phone? Mr Ashdown admits that "if you are a military commander you plan to the worst circumstances". They may not. But he argues that a Tory leader who had lost a 100 majority,



On the up: Paddy Ashdown at a rally in Rochdale with Sir Cyril Smith, the former MP, and Liz Lynne, the Liberal Democrat candidate

a Labour leader whose party had failed for the fourth time running to win an overall majority, would have a problem.

And if another party leader does put 10p in the phone box, what figures on his shopping list? It came out in this order: PR and constitutional change. Scottish and Welsh parliaments. Education as a spending priority. An economic system strong on competition and tax rates that will allow economic recovery. An independent central bank as cornerstone of that anti-inflationary policy. More investment in public services than the Tories had provided. And much more "participation" in Europe. The sticking plaster of opting out was specifically pre-election. I don't think John Major will have difficulty getting out after if

he wants to." Any deal, he says, will not be another Lib-Lab pact. That would not offer the stability the country needs. His party too needs practice in the "disciplines of collective decision-making". And Mr Ashdown rejects the thought that they could not afford an early second election: They could fight an election on much slimmer resources than the big two, which will be bankrupt, he says.

Two years ago the Liberal Democrat leader said: "I would sell my grandmother for a bit of definition." And for the first time in many years a third party is fighting a British election with a distinctive ramp of policies, on Europe, on the environment, on housing.

One of their cleverest gambles has been the "one penny

on your tax to pay for better education". Mr Ashdown cares about education. But there was calculation too. "I was determined," he says. "to attach at least one bread-and-butter issue to us." But are

say that no one who has it now will lose his or her life. Unfair, says Mr Ashdown.

"Politics is the art of deciding what you have to do and then persuading people to go along with it," he says. But reforms such as increasing petrol taxes and ending mortgage tax relief cannot be introduced overnight. And they have anyway suffered in rural areas because the Tories have exploited their line on petrol tax.

On regional assemblies – an item in the Liberal Democrat platform no longer being emphasised – he concedes the lack of demand as yet. The way forward, he suggests, is an enabling bill defining rights of regions and of national government so that some areas could go ahead while the Home Counties might choose never to do so.

As he sat cross-legged in the cushioned Warren at the back of his battle bus, I asked Mr Ashdown finally about the Liberal Democrats' reputation as the Mr Cleans of politics. Was that not something when their opponents call them the dirtiest fighters of all on the ground?

Show him the evidence of dirty tricks since he became leader, Mr Ashdown challenged. He had insisted on his party fighting clean "to the point where we were in danger of looking over-pious and over-righteous". They might have "crossed the threshold on that a bit too far in this election ... I don't want to be the Saint Paddy of British politics".

Unlikely star, page 12
Peter Riddell, page 16
Leading article, page 17

Labour does not rule out referendum

Kinnock sets timetable for reform debate

BY JILL SHERMAN POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

NEIL Kinnock, yesterday ruled out legislation on electoral reform in the first Queen's speech of a Labour government. He disclosed, however, that the party's enquiry into electoral reform – now to be extended to include representation from other parties – would be completed within a year.

The Plant Committee was set up 18 months ago to investigate the need for changes in the electoral system. Speaking on Radio 4's *World at One*, Mr Kinnock said he would invite other parties to join the committee immediately after the election, but denied this would delay the committee's deliberations.

He made it clear, however, that no recommendations would be pushed through without a clear mandate. Although he has not ruled out a referendum he said he would prefer a general election mandate, effectively deferring legislation to a second parliament.

Asked on BBC2's *Newshight* if a referendum might be held after the year

does not favour the PR system of single transferable vote backed by Mr Ashdown, which he fears could favour minority right-wing parties. The momentum for changing the Westminster system has followed Labour's pledge to introduce a form of PR – the additional member system – for the Scottish parliament.

He said he was open to the possibility of a Scottish parliament, formed under a new Labour government, becoming totally independent if the Scottish National Party achieved an overall majority, although such an event belonged to "political science fiction".

He denied that his new emphasis on consensus government was a contingency plan for a hung parliament.

"We will be seeking consensus – not only to add to our majority, which would be useful – but in order to ensure that there is a new direction of government: a firm, strong government, of course, but a more open and accountable government that tries to win further support on the basis of argument."

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government by backstairs deal, government by smokestack". Tomorrow he will make a direct appeal to wavering voters with advertisements in the Sunday newspapers setting out his personal vision for Britain.

Although the prime minister accepts that the polls are close and has detected an irritation and frustration among some Conservative supporters about the recession, he has told friends that he is confident of winning the election next week.

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10 ELECTION 92

SNP forces Fairbairn to try harder

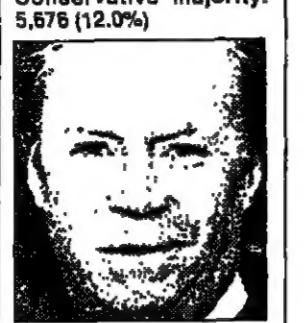
BY BEN MACINTYRE

A LOOK of anguish passed briefly across the face of Sir Nicholas Fairbairn yesterday as a muddy ewe backed into his immaculate tartan trews. He prodded it gently forward, as one might a recalcitrant C2 voter.

The Conservative candidate for Perth and Kinross, celebrated for his eccentric sartorial habits and exhibitionist tendencies, seemed out of place at the Perth cattle and sheep market as he passed through the throngs of weather-worn farmers — a peacock in a chicken coop.

This was an uncharacteristically subdued Sir Nicholas, with little of his accustomed flamboyance, at a stage in the electoral campaign when one would expect him to be showing off as if there were no tomorrow. This is because, with the SNP seriously threatening his 5,676 majority,

PERTH AND KINROSS
1987 result: N H Fairbairn (C) 18,716 (39.8); J M Fairlie (SNP) 13,040 (27.8%); S Donaldson (L/All) 7,969 (16.9%); J W McConnell 7,490 (15.9%); Conservative majority: 5,676 (12.0%)



tomorrow — or rather next Thursday — is a distinctly uncertain prospect. Roseanne Cunningham, the Glasgow-based lawyer who is the SNP candidate, has been effectively chipping away at Tory support and even Sir Nicholas's closest advisers now admit that the vote is likely to be "extremely close".

After a brace of pre-lunch whiskies in the Round House bar, away from the mingled odours of manure and bacon baps, much of the old charm and chutzpah returned to the veteran politician with the panache of a Beau Brummell and the looks of Jack Charlton: "I'm completely confident. I've been all round the constituency. I have a large personal following, and I'm known everywhere I go."

If to prove the point, a tall man in a waxed jacket passed and remarked: "My son's going to be in touch, Nicky, he needs you to sign his shotgun licence."

The general election in this constituency has a markedly local feel to it. A taxi driver pointed out that the Labour party was ahead in the polls "according to the gentleman that does the talking on the

newspaper".

For Rabble Burns he has even less time, recalling an occasion when he was asked to recite a poem at Burns Night supper and strung together a litany of Gaelic-sounding nonsense. "Not a single person objected, and I got hundreds of letters afterwards complimenting me on my recitation. The whole Burns phenomenon is a basic fantasy. Practically nobody really reads the stuff, and fewer still understand it."

Many of the more eccentric elements in Sir Nicholas's political past have been jettisoned — the suggestions that victims of Third World famine and disaster should be issued with contraceptives rather than aid, that Olympic athletes should be encouraged to overdo on steroids, that Labour's "scruff brigade" should seriously attend to their wardrobes — and Britain's most extrovert MP has found himself in the position of having to campaign rather harder, and more seriously, than is quite comfortable.

THE WIND from the valley had a cutting edge and Barbara Bentz wondered whether she had been wise to put out her geraniums. She was also fussing about buying "proper" milk as her guest might not like semi-skimmed. She need not have worried, for he took his coffee black and talked so seamlessly, it was cold before he finished it.

Although the mane is thinner now, Michael Foot, the man who once challenged for the highest post in the land, needed no introduction as he walked into the lounge of her house in Croes y Ceiliog, on the border of the Monmouth constituency. He was accompanied by Dizzie, his Tibetan terrier, and followed a little later by Huw Edwards, who overturned a 9,350 Tory majority to capture the seat in the May 1991 by-election.

Here, side by side, were the two faces of Labour: the old free spirit and the member of



Campaigners all: Michael Foot and his dog Dizzie support Huw Edwards, Labour candidate in Monmouth

Socialist free spirit enjoys the battle

BY TIM JONES

THE wind from the valley had a cutting edge and Barbara Bentz wondered whether she had been wise to put out her geraniums. She was also fussing about buying "proper" milk as her guest might not like semi-skimmed. She need not have worried, for he took his coffee black and talked so seamlessly, it was cold before he finished it.

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Some of the 20 people packed into the comfortable lounge were floating voters, and one woman even admitted to having voted Tory. Mr

Foot, the old warhorse, was not fazed. Since first being elected in 1945 as MP for Plymouth he has fought many tough battles. His time as Labour's leader ended with the terrible drubbing of 1983, but the tongue has lost none of its silver.

He dealt eloquently with the issues of the day — health, education and devolution — but could not resist referring to the days when he was just a boy. In one hour, he mentioned his hero, Aneurin Bevan, ten times. He remembered great gatherings before the television age, when halls were packed. Now he welcomed the televising of parliament, as he thought the press was beyond salvation.

Mr Foot told a man who threatened to vote for the nationalists unless he was given an elected assembly that a Labour victory would provide one. On proportional representation, he said there was a need for an open debate on the election process. Again,

his memory enabled him to make a telling point. "I could never understand why the Liberals didn't introduce it when they had a majority."

Later, in the street of a council estate, he claimed he had no regrets about not becoming a prime minister. "Neil Kinnock can do a far better job than I could have done. Next week, the horror we have had for 13 years is going to roll off our backs. There will be huge relief. There will be a new spirit in the land."

Mr Edwards, whose victory is said to have prevented Mr Major from calling an election last year, was sure he would retain the seat. Mr Foot can be even more confident that the 27,000 majority he gained in 1987 in Blaenau Gwent will be held by the Labour candidate.

When the fight is over, Mr Foot, aged 78, will concentrate on writing a biography of H.G. Wells. He will not be going to the Lords.

Regional patterns

Voters in the South drift back to Labour

BY IVOR CREWE

A SIGNIFICANT feature of the past three elections has been the marked regional differences in voting shifts. The prosperous South, especially London, has swung hard to the right, while the more deprived North only edges to the Conservatives in 1979 and 1983 and moved back to Labour in 1987. Scotland went its own way, barely moving to the Conservatives in 1979 and reverting to Labour as early as 1983.

An analysis of 13,000 respondents, polled across the full month of March, suggests that the pattern of 1979 to 1987 might be reversed on Thursday. This time the smallest anti-government swings are in the North and the largest are in the South. The national swing from Conservative to Labour is 6.1 per cent. But in the recession

his South-West and South-East (excluding London) it is 9.6 per cent and 9.3 per cent respectively.

In Scotland, too, in spite of widespread talk of a collapse in the Conservative vote, the swing is only 1.5 per cent. In London, where Labour local councils have cost it votes in the past, the swing is slightly below average (although a Harris poll for London Weekend Television conducted this week puts it higher, at 7 per cent).

Some caveats need to be entered. Half the interviews were conducted before the second week of the campaign (and a quarter of them before the budget) and there may well have been some regionally distinct shifts since then.

Ivor Crewe is professor of government at the University of Essex

No. of Lab targets	C to Lab (%)	C to LD (%)	REGIONAL SWINGS		
			C loss	Lab gain	LD gain
SE & E Anglia	13	9.4	2.2	-17	+15
London	24	9.1	2.1	-11	+11
South West	4	9.6	4.0	-10	+6
West Midlands	10	5.2	0.3	-7	-1
East Midlands	7	5.9	1.7	-5	-1
Yorks & Humber	8	1.5	-0.9	-2	+2
North West	21	5.8	1.3	-15	+15
North	4	5.1	-0.5	-4	+4
Wales	6	7.0	0.8	-4	+5
Scotland	5	1.3	-2.3	-3	-2
Great Britain	100	6.1	1.2	-78	+71

* Including one from independent SDP. Source: Gallup survey, March 3-11, 1992

Hustings jokes are wearing a bit thin

Robin Oakley finds that the hecklers are ahead in polls

When a questioner at yesterday's Conservative press conference announced himself as from *Living Marxism*, party chairman Chris Patten could not resist suggesting: "I didn't know it still was." Back came the reporter concerned: "It's more alive than your election campaign." That round to the left.

The jokes in this campaign have had to come from the press and the hecklers. The politicians have little humour left.

There are exceptions. Gordon Brown, the shadow trade secretary, making a warm-up speech for Neil Kinnock in Glasgow, speculated aloud on what would happen to some of the Conservative candidates well known in the Commons whose defeat he predicted. Michael Forsyth would return to the world of PR. Bill Walker, the gliding enthusiast known to fellow MPs as Biggles, would be "off to the wide blue yonder". And Sir Nicholas Fairbairn, QC, known to take a dran, would be "back to the Bar".

Political humour has long tended to be of a destructive nature and this election is no exception. Thus we have had Norman Lamont on Anthony Hopkins's Oscar success for *The Silence of the Lambs* by asking electors: "Isn't it enough to have one Welshman who's terrified half the country?"

Mr Kinnock suggested that Michael Heseltine "put the con into Conservative" and the prime minister "put the er ... er into Conservative".

Sometimes jokes are used as a deflection. When a platform full of Tory politicians was asked yesterday to say if they had ever made mistakes, Mr Heseltine said: "I'm humble enough to agree I've made mistakes." He added: "And politically acute enough to know I've forgotten what they are."

Des Wilson confided to a hushed audience of hacks yesterday: "I have to tell you of a change of strategy in the remaining days of our campaign" (Sheila Gunn writes). As journalists shot forward over their notebooks, the Liberal Democrat campaign director went on: "Paddy has dropped the orang utan."

For those of us who were in at the birth of the orang utan — and required to sit through its repeated airings — the news lightened our hearts. But in a campaign sadly bereft of humour, maybe Messrs Ashdown and Wilson have made their first major slip.

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Robin Oakley
finds that
the hecklers
are ahead in
laughing poll

W hen a questioner from the audience asked the Labour leader if he had any good answers today, Mr Bean, aka William Waldegrave, health secretary and Tory candidate for Bristol West, seemed mystified. "A, yes. Good-oh," he said, frowning slightly. Mr Waldegrave, the brainiest man in the cabinet, likes saying "Good-oh".

BY BILL FROST

BUILDERS can be such a crafty bunch. Doffing his protective helmet in a gesture of mock respect, the man on the scaffolding called down: "Hello, Mr Bean, you're looking well today and you've got my vote. Had any good answers today?"

Mr Bean, aka William Waldegrave, health secretary and Tory candidate for Bristol West, seemed mystified. "A, yes. Good-oh," he said, frowning slightly. Mr Waldegrave, the brainiest man in the cabinet, likes saying "Good-oh".

The health secretary can

also muster up a very good impression of Basil Fawlty's wife Sybil when confronted by wavers. "I know, I know, I know," he entones sympathetically as they reel off reasons for not returning him to Westminster.

Carole Holmes, who runs an interior design business, looked distinctly threatening. Arms folded and foot tapping, she berated Mr Waldegrave roundly. "I'm really cross — really, really cross. All I've worked for these last 17 years has been lost because of this recession. How can I vote Tory again?"

In his best Sybil Fawlty, the health secretary tried to pla-

cate Ms Holmes: "I know, I know, I know. But how much worse it would be under Labour. Britain was ungovernable in 1979. You don't want that again, do you?"

The health secretary then hit the chip shop. "I don't normally like him eating these things," confided his wife, Caroline, with an indulgent smile. But when votes are at stake cholesterol is ignored. "Smashing chips," said Mr Waldegrave as the Greek woman proprietor pledged undying love and loyalty.

Mr Waldegrave regards campaigning as a medieval scholars' disputation. "It's a

BRISTOL WEST
W A Waldegrave (C) 24,695 (45.5%); G R P Ferguson (L/AI) 16,992 (31.3%); Mrs M C Georgiou (Lab) 11,337 (20.9%); Mrs G A Dorey (Comm) 134 (0.2%). Conservative majority: 7,703 (14.2%)

bugger to get him off the doosie sometimes," said one of his team yesterday.

"What is your line on Sunday trading?" asked the small serious woman in the travel agents. Like Ms Holmes, her body language was all

wrong — tightly coiled and venomous as a cobra.

"Well obviously some sort of accommodation must be reached . . ." But the trap had been sprung. "Sunday is God's day and very sacred. We Christians are in danger of losing it," hissed the woman. "I know, I know, I know. Er, yes," he replied.

Not every seed fell on unfertile ground though. "My hubby went in for his hernia and had it done in record time," said Mrs Ann Howles in an unsolicited testimonial of support for Mr Waldegrave and the NHS. "Good-oh, good-oh, good-oh!" laughed a relieved health secretary.

Samantha Lord at the estate agent's was a real challenge. "I've not made up my mind. But I like that Paddy Ashdown — he's got a bit of energy. It's nice to see a man get worked up," she cooed.

"I know, I know," said the health secretary with a thin smile. "But isn't it better to have a calmer man like John Major with his finger on the nuclear button?" Samantha wasn't quite convinced. "I dunno. I hate that Neil Kinnock," she said.

Peter Cowles, a local businessman, stopped Mr Waldegrave to complain about the lack of fire in the Tory campaign. "You're letting Labour get away with it. Why aren't Major and the others arguing the case?" Mr Waldegrave shrugged: "I know, I know. But the message will get across."

"The trouble with William is he's too much of a gentleman," said one of his campaign team yesterday after a long morning on the stump. "He's too nice and too educated."

Did the health secretary himself regard an overdose of education and brains as a handicap? "It didn't seem to worry Gladstone or Enoch Powell. In fact, Enoch was even better at Greek than me," he said.

TIM BISHOP

Lancashire struggles with Welsh question

BY RONALD FAUL

RIBBLE Valley has no outward sign of being a hive of xenophobes. There are no red rose banners, no Legions of John O' Gaunt and nothing approaching an Order of Cossed Cloga demanding autonomy for Lancashire.

This is the gentified territory that David Waddington held for the Conservatives in 1987 with a seemingly unassassable majority of nearly 20,000, where people are

RESULTS
March 7, 1992 by-elections: M Carr (Lab Dem) 22,377 (48.5%); N Evans (C) 17,778 (38.5%); Ms J Farrington (Lab) 4,356 (9.4%); D Brass (Ind C) 811 (1.3%); H Vaughan (Grn) 466 (1.0%); Lord David Sutcliffe (Loony) 278; S Taylor (L) 138; Ms St Clair (Cooperative) 72; S B Hughes (Rav L) 60 (less than 1.2% of vote). Liberal Democrat majority 4,601 (100%).

generally charming, polite and, by nature, conservative and their votes are taken for granted.

When David Waddington went to the Lords and an outsider was chosen for last year's by-election, lips pursed, eyebrows rose and 12,000 Tories declined to vote. Never mind that Nigel Evans, a businessman from Swansea, was chosen by a local select committee from 117 applicants. The trouble was, it seems, that Mr Evans was not only Welsh, he sounded Welsh and lived in Wales.

Some Tories turned to Michael Carr, the liberal Democrat. A local green-grocer stood as an independent Conservative. The Tory vote shrank from 30,000 to fewer than 18,000. The Liberal poll almost doubled and Mr Carr became MP.

Conservatives insist that the discontent has been resolved, that the voters are back in the fold and that is inconceivable that Mr Evans will not be returned as MP. "The choice is clear between having a Welshman in Ribble Valley or having a Welshman at Number 10," Mr Evans says.

The Conservatives say that much is at stake in the region. Labour defence policies, Mr Evans says, would put an end to the European fighter project on which many North-west jobs depend, and British Nuclear Fuels would suffer from any winding-down of the nuclear industry.

Mr Carr sees no sign of a swing away from him. "What do we sell small businesses? It's the uniform business rate and by a deep recession made worse by a government policies. Unemployment may be low, but it has doubled and people here care for themselves what's happening in neighbouring towns," he says.



Crowded day: Norma and John Major facing the press and their paraphernalia during a visit to the privatised Medway Ports at Sheerness docks yesterday

Nationalists savour narrowing gap

Poll support of 31% puts heart into SNP

BY KERRY GILL

"JUMP Scotland, jump! Ye kin dae it," wrote Professor Frederick Buchanan, an expatriate Scot for more than 40 years from his rooms at the University of Utah. The professor, who left his native Ayrshire in 1949, may not be as famous as Sean Connery, but the Scottish National party has seized on his intellectual backing for independence as firmly as the populist exhortations of the film star.

After three weeks in which the nationalists have recorded healthy, if not spectacular, support of 27 per cent, a poll yesterday by Market Research Scotland showed them entering the last lap of the election within sight of Labour. The SNP leadership, despite hitherto private worries that the goal of 40 per cent might prove illusory, now believes Professor Buchanan's dictum, loosely derived from the American philosopher William James's "leap of faith", is probably.

Donald Dewar, Labour's Scottish spokesman, dismissed the poll as a rogue. Whether it was hardly mattered: the nationalists had been delivered their best news in almost 20 years.

Twenty years ago the SNP slogan "It's Scotland's oil", "Rich Scots or poor British" and "Put Scotland first" eventually played against the party as it increasingly came to sound selfish. There are no such qualms in this campaign. "Independence in Europe" camouflages any lingering unease over the party's isolationism from its English neighbour. The leading letter in the *Scots Independent* suggests that England should be handed back to France. The

latest campaign poster suggests that Michael Forsyth, minister of state at the Scottish Office, should be banished to England: "Michael ForSouth!"

John Smith, the shadow Chancellor, tacitly admitted that the nationalists were posing a greater threat than ever when, visiting Glasgow, he pleaded with Scots to ignore the nationalists as the only way to get rid of the Tories.

Welsh nationalists today firmly ruled out pacts with either the Conservatives or Labour in the event of a hung parliament. Dafydd Wigley, the Plaid Cymru president, said his MPs would "keep their hands free" to consider every issue in the House of Commons on its merits.

"Both Labour and Tory parties should be fully aware of the fact that there is no question of Plaid Cymru entering into any coalition," he told a Cardiff news conference. "We will consider the proposals made in the first Queen's Speech of the new parliament in the light of the policies set out in our manifesto — and top of our agenda is a parliament for Wales."

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Protester silenced by Tory anger

BY PHILIP WEBSTER
CHIEF POLITICAL
CORRESPONDENT

REG Preston, aged 78, hit trouble when he took his baton to the front line yesterday. Mr Preston was set upon by angry Conservative women when he launched a one-man protest against the prime minister at an idyllic village cricket ground at Meopham, Kent.

A blonde woman in her forties and two blue-rinsed grandmothers kicked and punched the retired Press Association sub-editor. One of them attacked him with an umbrella. They tore up his poster and trampled it into the mud in one of the few violent incidents of the election campaign.

Mr Preston, an oasis of protest in an adoring crowd, managed only a couple of barely audible boos as he waved his banner proclaiming: "Rich Tories are the real poll tax parasites." The women then silenced him, leaving a lone heckler from the Socialist Workers' Party to disturb Mr Major.

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Unlikely star steps into PR limelight

A shy professor with a daunting brief on reform talks to Mary Ann Siegham

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Clinton claws back support in volatile New York campaign



Simon: warm-up act for Jerry Brown

BILL Clinton, the governor of Arkansas, is so buoyed by the sudden success of his New York primary campaign that key advisers have once more turned attention to the presidential race in November.

Top of the agenda is his choice of vice-presidential running mate; the first choice according to a senior aide, is Colin Powell, the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, who has no known political affiliation but "is known to disagree with George Bush on a wide range of domestic policies".

In this "screwy year", to borrow President Bush's phrase, a powerful faction in Mr Clinton's team is convinced that a candidate from outside politics is essential to convince voters of a "commitment to change". The rise in the opinion polls of the potential third-party challenge led

Bill Clinton's camp, now confident of the Democratic nomination, is seeking a non-political running mate. Peter Stothard in New York writes

by the Texan billionaire, Ross Perot, has strengthened the case. A list of prominent Democrat businessmen is now being prepared.

Governor Clinton is also planning an overseas trip next month, probably to Britain. It is dangerous for primary campaigners to go abroad during an "America First" season back home. In preparation for a race against Mr Bush, some meetings in London, particularly if Neil Kinnock were the new prime minister, would be a boost, advisers say. The Clinton camp is keeping a close watch on the British election.

It hopes a Labour victory would presage the end of the Reagan-Bush era just as Margaret Thatcher's triumph in 1979 ushered it in.

Mr Clinton's confidence yesterday rested on his own success in avoiding new errors and scandals and his opponent's decision to risk alienating Jews by embracing Rev Jesse Jackson as vice presidential running-mate. Observers doubt whether enough black voters will join Jerry Brown to compensate for Jews who recall Mr Jackson's "Hymie town" slur, in reference to New York, in 1984. General Powell could

be expected to strengthen both Mr Clinton's international credentials and his support among black moderates. It is not known how he would react to an approach.

Spokesmen for Mr Brown yesterday vigorously defended the choice of Mr Jackson, arguing that it was not a new move and was necessary to build a coalition for genuine change. Mr Brown told a rally of students, most of whom were white: "I know it's controversial." But veterans, election-fighters, even those close to the Brown campaign, judged there to be a big difference between a commitment to Mr Jackson in Michigan (which, to many New Yorkers, might as well be on the moon) and a front-page picture of the two men in *The New York Times*.

This weekend Mr Clinton faces one last known hurdle, a

meeting with Mario Cuomo, the governor of New York, whom he referred to, in taped conversations with Jennifer Flowers, as a *mafioso*. Aides hope that Governor Cuomo will remain "well behaved".

The past seven days have been some of the most volatile of the campaign year. Last Sunday, many of Mr Clinton's closest supporters thought that New York was lost. By yesterday, however, the *New York Post*, previously Mr Clinton's tormentor-in-chief, had endorsed him, judging that "no single one of the stories disparaging his character, nor all of them together, suffice to undermine his candidacy".

Tuesday's dull day on "urban issues", in which Mr Clinton looked indistinguishable from any other big-spending politician, was, it seems, part of a deal with

David Dinkins, the mayor of New York, to avoid having to discuss black crime and AIDS in a forum dominated by Mr Jackson. One adviser remarked: "Having accepted Mayor Dinkins's offer, Governor Clinton could hardly slam inner-city orthodoxy on that occasion."

After Wednesday's speech on foreign policy had won respectful analysis, on Thursday the Clintons went to Wall Street. Imported supporters were placed behind him for the cameras while the real crowd, of hostile bankers and brokers, was allowed to provide background noise. The candidate drew groans with the words "I have nothing against the stock market". Hillary Clinton looked cold and defiant. But on television the effect was of a football match with only one set of fans: "another Clinton win".

The would-be first couple had arrived late for its appointment with capitalism, leaving an impatient "time-is-money" audience to listen to records by the noted New York Democrat, Paul Simon.

Over at Greenwich Village's Washington Square, Jerry Brown was even later. His travelling gay-night guitarist duo, known as Murmur, were on stage so long that the kindly crowd screamed: "We'd rather have Bill Clinton".

Fortunately for Mr Brown, those waiting for him included Carly Simon, the superstar and New Yorker, who was urged on stage, in leather duffel coat and grey dress, to sing. The biggest cheers came for *Anticipation*. By the time Mr Brown arrived, he was very much the "second billing" — just as he now seems likely to be on Tuesday.

Tripoli imam says lives of diplomats are at risk

FROM CHRISTOPHER WALKER IN NICOSIA AND MARY DEJEVSKY IN MOSCOW

IN AN attempt to step up pressure on foreigners in Libya in advance of the April 15 sanctions deadline, the imam of Tripoli mosque gave a warning at weekly prayers yesterday that the lives of diplomats from those nations which had voted in favour of the United Nations resolution were now in danger.

The threat in the sermon, broadcast live by Libyan television from the Moulay Mohammed mosque, came as ambassadors and heads of mission from European Community states held urgent discussions to plan a joint protest after well-organised mob violence against a number of embassies.

The cleric's threat came only hours after Libyan protesters told governments which voted for UN resolution 748 to pull out their nationals. "We say to these countries: evacuate your citizens and companies and end all interests with us," they said in a communiqué also read over Libyan television.

The sermon appeared de-

Pressure on Gadaffi increases

BY MICHAEL BINTON
DIPLOMATIC EDITOR

BRITAIN and its European partners were yesterday insisting on guarantees from the Libyan authorities over the safety of diplomats and foreigners in Libya, and said they would keep up pressure on Colonel Muammar Gadaffi through the United Nations.

Douglas Hurd, the foreign secretary, said in a BBC Radio 4 interview that the Libyan demand for a withdrawal of foreign missions did not appear to be official policy but had come from demonstrators. The situation was still "confused, uncertain, unsatisfactory".

France, Russia and others protested about the attacks on their embassies, and Libyan diplomats in Europe received protests in most Western capitals. Libyan authorities have stepped up security outside the damaged embassies.

Diplomats said yesterday that Colonel Gadaffi appeared to be surprised by the UN's stance, having believed a face-saving formula would prevent him having to hand over the Lockerbie suspects. He is said to fear a military strike, and was preparing to turn over the two wanted men, but came under pressure from Major Abdel-Salam Jalloud, his deputy, who is related to one of the suspects. Diplomats said that Major Jalloud, the strongman of the regime, might attempt a coup if Colonel Gadaffi complied with the UN's demands and that might bring a more revolutionary fundamentalist government to power.

Since the UN vote on sanctions, Libyan intermediaries have made no more proposals for a face-saving formula. Western diplomats say that Colonel Gadaffi has put himself in a corner from which he cannot escape without losing face or power. They doubt that increased pressure would force him to give in.

Islanders spurn hand of peace

An Argentine peace boat that sailed to Port Stanley found a hostile reception, Gabriella Gamin in Buenos Aires writes

AFTER braving 1,800 miles of some of the world's roughest waves and gale force winds, the *Malabar* was not allowed to dock at its final destination and forced to turn back. The Argentine sailing boat had left Buenos Aires on February 19 on a mission to the Falkland Islands, where it arrived on March 3, in what the crew called "an interchange with the islanders to get over the war". But they were not welcome.

"We decided to head to the Malvinas as a sign of friendship, ten years after the conflict between Britain and Argentina. It was to prove that the Argentinian people want to re-establish some link with the islanders," said Ruben Seijas, one of the nine crew members on the *Malabar*. Malvinas is the Argentine name for the Falklands.

After leaving Argentina on February 19, the ten-metre long, wooden sailing boat was forced to seek shelter from a storm for four days at Mar del Plata. The boat sighted land again on March 3 as it approached the Bay of San Carlos. Three days sailing later, it hugged the coast and arrived just off the islands' capital, Port Stanley, where the crew of eight Argentinians and one British

The two British diplomats manning the British interests section in the Italian embassy, again protested yesterday by riot police, said that they had received no instructions about leaving.

The Russians, formerly Libya's closest ally, were among the nations singled out for most popular anger. "The former Soviet Union was politically supportive of Libya, so they feel very hurt that we did not use the veto or abstain," one Russian diplomat explained. "We warned Libya that if something happens to our citizens, it will be bad for bilateral relations."

The Russian foreign ministry said yesterday that Libya had apologised for the attack on its embassy in Tripoli and promised nothing of the sort would happen again. The apology came in response to a protest delivered to the Libyan charge d'affaires in Moscow on Thursday.

According to Sergei Yastrzhembsky, the new Russian foreign ministry spokesman, the Libyan side had insisted the attack did not reflect Libyan policy towards Russia. He said the Russian embassy in Tripoli had suffered "serious damage" in the attack, which followed Russia's vote for sanctions against Libya in the security council.

Paul Clark had hoped to deliver some 300 letters from Argentinian primary school children asking for pen pals in the Falklands.

But the *Malabar* flying its Argentine flag, was met by the Falkland Islands harbour patrol, ordered to anchor on a buoy in the outer harbour of Port Stanley and then asked to turn back towards the Argentine coast immediately.

"They ordered us to pull down our flag and fly the British one. One of the patrols pulled the Union Jack from his pocket and told us to raise it immediately," recalls Seijas. "They thought we were trying to land by force to make a statement about how the islands belong to Argentina."

In 1989, another Argentine sailing boat, the *Patagon* had evaded radars and sailed



Dead remembered: bereaved Argentinians in Buenos Aires yesterday paying their respects to those they lost in the Falklands war ten years ago

through a 200 mile exclusion zone to arrive at Port Stanley, but was then turned back. Since the renewal of diplomatic relations between Britain and Argentina in 1990, the exclusion zone has been reduced to 13 miles. "Our trip was not meant to be belligerent. We wanted to meet some Falkland islanders and have some kind of communication with them to improve our relationship," said Seijas.

"Since the war ten years ago there has been so much animosity between us, we thought we'd try an establish an interchange."

He says he went on the trip because he felt angry at the

animosity caused by the Falklands conflict. Among the crew were two Argentinian television cameramen and one Falklands conflict veteran. "His trip was meant to get rid of the guilt which he felt after the death of 15 soldiers under his command in a war which he claims had been a bad mistake for Argentina," he said.

The *Malabar*'s captain, Antonio Lopez, had done the trip before on the *Patagon*. "He had failed then and wanted to achieve it now, since he felt that relations had improved," Seijas said.

The crew claims to have sailed around the islands to

wards Port Stanley for three days without being intercepted by other ships. "We could have landed at any spot, but wanted to request authority. We kept radioing our positions but never received a reply. Then one morning we heard the local radio reporting our arrival. It said we were not welcome and would not be allowed to dock."

Seijas says the local radio station reported that the Falkland Islanders had done a poll to see what local feelings were towards the intruders.

"Apparently there was a majority who felt we should not be allowed to dock, so that decision was taken," he said.

Li Peng sails serenely through his public humiliation

FROM CATHERINE SAMPSON IN PEKING

AFTER weeks of back-stabbing behind closed doors, China's annual parliamentary session ended yesterday with an inscrutable smile, a solitary outburst of heckling, and another important victory for Deng Xiaoping, the senior leader, aged 87.

Li Peng, the prime minister, sat serenely on a podium at the front of the Great Hall of the People as more than 2,000 deputies voted to approve 150 revisions to his work report. Although the prime minister did not face a vote of no-confidence, the extensive amendments, engineered by the Mr

Deng, amounted to much the same thing.

Foreign journalists strained from the gallery to read the expression on Mr Li's face, but learnt little about his state of mind. The revisions included — most painfully for the prime minister — an attack on left-wingers or hardliners, the category in which he himself is placed by many people. Suddenly his supporters vanished into the woodwork. Only ten people voted against the revisions, another 27 abstained: 2,583 voted in favour.

The closing session erupted just once into something vaguely reminiscent of *Todays in Parliament*. As the vote was announced on the approval of the controversial Three Gorges Dam, Huang Shunxing, a deputy, stood up and shouted his objections, angrily waving a sheaf of papers.

Leaders seated on the podium ignored him, and while excited foreign journalists rushed up to interview him, reporters from official Chinese publications pretended nothing was happening.

This was unusual behav-

iour. Many deputies are concerned that the project, which will cost at least £5.8 billion and will necessitate the resettlement of more than a million people, will prove to be a big mistake. Proponents of the dam, including Mr Li, say it will provide a seventh of China's energy needs and will help prevent flooding on the lower reaches of the Yangtze River.

As the vote was announced, deputies broke into loud applause. It was, however, unclear whether they were celebrating the approval of the dam or expressing their support for the bold opposition.



Deng: he engineered report's amendments

Mandela asks West to patrol townships

Johannesburg: Nelson Mandela, the president of the African National Congress, has called for an international monitoring group to be deployed in black townships wracked by political violence (Gavin Bell writes).

Mr Mandela was speaking to reporters after touring Alexandra, on the east side of Johannesburg, where at least 11 people were killed and more than 30 wounded in two days of clashes this week between ANC supporters and Zulu militants of the Inkatha Freedom party.

Accusing Pretoria of being unable or unwilling to curb the fighting, he said: "We want an international, independent monitoring group because the government is not using the powers it has." The ANC plans to submit its proposal to the Organisation of African Unity.

Nurses walk out

Tokyo: About 80,000 nurses from some 750 hospitals throughout Japan deserted their posts for between 30 minutes and half a day to hold rallies supporting their demands for more pay, higher staffing levels and fewer night shifts. (Reuters)

Support wanes

Nairobi: Support for a two-day general strike called by the Forum for the Restoration of Democracy, Kenya's main opposition group, appears to be waning after riots here and elsewhere in the country in which police shot and wounded three people. (Reuters)

Roh opposed

Seoul: Thousands of students shouting for the overthrow of President Roh Tae Woo, demonstrated in cities against alleged vote-rigging in parliamentary elections. They said there would be a nationwide anti-government spring campaign. (AP)

Coup marked

Conakry: Guinea marked the eighth anniversary of military rule by legalising 17 of 35 political parties which have applied for registration. Aiseny Rene Gomez, the interior minister, said the applications of seven parties still have to be examined. (AP)

Arabs killed

Gaza: Three Arabs accused of collaborating with Israel were found dead after earlier clashes between Arabs and Israeli security forces in the occupied Gaza Strip. In the West Bank, a Palestinian activist wanted by Israel was found stabbed to death. (Reuters)

Delhi accused

Delhi: The Indian government has placed the north-eastern border state of Nagaland under direct rule to try to impose political stability, provoking the opposition to accuse it of interference and "gross constitutional impropriety". (Reuters)

Penalty levied

Tokyo: The Mitsubishi company, which had no art dealers' licence when it bought two Renoir paintings for £15 million in 1989, has been ordered by the Tokyo public safety commission to suspend its antiques business for a week as a penalty. (Reuters)

Cold front

Port Stanley: An iceberg measuring 35 by 20 miles which broke free from the Antarctic coast last August is heading towards the Falk-

Yeltsin sets stage for tough congress

Russia threatens to seize Black Sea fleet

FROM MARY DEJEVSKY IN MOSCOW

IN A day of hectic politicking in Moscow, President Yeltsin yesterday threatened to take the Black Sea fleet under Russian command if Ukraine persisted in claiming the larger share of vessels. He also accepted the resignation of

Gennadi Burbulis, a leading member of the government who has been the target of merciless criticism from the opposition.

The two moves appeared to be part of Mr Yeltsin's effort to optimise his support and

need every vote he can get.

Yesterday's developments came after the replacement of Yegor Gaidar as finance minister on Thursday, which allowed the opposition to claim a small victory and removed the radical finance minister from criticism next week. Mr Gaidar retained his post as first deputy prime minister and his role as economic reform chief, leaving the balance of Mr Yeltsin's team intact.

The resignation of Mr Burbulis strengthens the position of Mr Gaidar, who is now the only first deputy premier. Mr Burbulis, a former philosophy professor from Mr Yeltsin's home town of Yekaterinburg — formerly Sverdlovsk — is despised by many outside the president's immediate circle, partly because of his closeness to Mr Yeltsin and partly because of his outspoken manner and anti-communist views.

As first deputy prime minister, Mr Burbulis looked after politics, a responsibility he can well fulfil in his post as state councilor, which he retains. His sacking had been demanded by several mildly reformist political groups as their price for supporting the government and its reform programme at the congress.

Mr Yeltsin's forthright statement on the Black Sea fleet, and the dispatch of Aleksandr Rutskoi, the vice-president, to its Crimean base, Sevastopol, can also be seen as part of the pre-congress positioning. Earlier this week, as talks appeared to be failing, President Kravchuk of Ukraine, had insisted that his republic would take as much of the fleet as was sufficient to ensure its security.

Had Mr Yeltsin left Mr Kravchuk's claim unanswered, he would have been barracked on Monday by the many Russian deputies with military connections who believe that the Russian leadership has been too soft with Ukraine and other republics over the division of the former Soviet armed forces. As violence increases in Moldavia, with its predominantly Russian enclave of Trans-Dniester, Mr Yeltsin could not afford to leave his stance unclear. Two days earlier he had issued a decree placing the 14th army, which is stationed in Moldavia, under Russian jurisdiction. This appeared to be an attempt to clear up the army's status and keep the troops out of the conflict, but it may also have been directed at congress.

While the main exhibits of the fair, known as Mipol-92, were French and German, one of the largest stands was set up by Israeli Military Industries. Here fans of the Kalashnikov were offered an impressive range of sub-machineguns from the Uzi family.

But who are the exhibition's target customers? First, police forces all over the former Soviet Union who often find themselves in the frontline of small ethnic wars.

Second, the huge number of private security firms providing Russia's new rich with superior forms of protection against a wave of violent crime.

Dotted around the half-quaint, half-grotesque monuments are large signs advertising the sale of "American consumer goods". In the makeshift emporiums they tout, dollars are in and banknotes,

bearing the likeness of Lenin, very much out.

So the park, known as Vay-Day-En-Kha from its Russian acronym, was perhaps a natural home for a distinctly ghoulish international fair devoted to a phenomenon that communists used to regard as an evil peculiar to capitalism: crime and its prevention. A brass band played cheerful ditties and impeccably groomed young ladies were on hand to dish out brochures. But there is only so much you can do to beautify an exhibition whose main items are guns, bullets, helmets, tear-gas canisters and flak-jackets.

Not in their darkest nightmares can the former masters of the Soviet Union have imagined the fate that would befall the Exhibition of Economic Achievements, a piece of sprawling Moscow parkland where wide-eyed visitors from the remotest provinces would come to marvel at their country's greatness.

Barely a couple of years have passed since the authorities stopped renovating the pavilions where the successes of the communist state in every field from space exploration to the breeding of rabbits were triumphantly displayed. But already the exhibition centre's grandiose spires, columns and monuments to socialist realism look like some freaks survived from another epoch.

As though to drive home the triumph of capitalism, many of the pavilions have been taken over by the brassy new commodity exchanges that have supplanted the Communist party at the apex of economic power and are often run by precisely the same power-hungry individuals.

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bearing the likeness of Lenin, very much out.

So the park, known as Vay-Day-En-Kha from its Russian acronym, was perhaps a natural home for a distinctly ghoulish international fair devoted to a phenomenon that communists used to regard as an evil peculiar to capitalism: crime and its prevention. A brass band played cheerful ditties and impeccably groomed young ladies were on hand to dish out brochures. But there is only so much you can do to beautify an exhibition whose main items are guns, bullets, helmets, tear-gas canisters and flak-jackets.

Not in their darkest nightmares can the former masters of the Soviet Union have imagined the fate that would befall the Exhibition of Economic Achievements, a piece of sprawling Moscow parkland where wide-eyed visitors from the remotest provinces would come to marvel at their country's greatness.

Barely a couple of years have passed since the authorities stopped renovating the pavilions where the successes of the communist state in every field from space exploration to the breeding of rabbits were triumphantly displayed. But already the exhibition centre's grandiose spires, columns and monuments to socialist realism look like some freaks survived from another epoch.

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Clifford Longley

Uncovering the secrets of the KGB prelates

For two decades the joke in international church circles was that every third archimandrite in a visiting Russian Orthodox delegation was from the KGB. The sport was to guess which one was there to watch the other two — although it hardly seemed to matter. It was obvious to everybody that the Soviet authorities had a vested interest in allowing some leeway for church representatives to travel abroad.

Although the World Council of Churches was a favourite Orthodox (or KGB) destination (or target), there is no hard evidence that they got any return for their modest efforts, or did any damage. The WCC often adopted policies the conservative churches of the West thought irritatingly left-wing — humanitarian support for African liberation movements, financial aid to black or anti-racist movements in the West — but it needed no Russian encouragement to do so.

The other favourite Soviet religious cause was peace, or rather "peace". Again, the presence of Russian Orthodox delegates at international church peace conferences, even a third of them were on the KGB's books, did nothing to alter the conferences' platinous, left-of-centre outcomes. Churchmen are supposed to favour peace, so favouring peace and coming from the Soviet Union was an unremarkable combination. And if such conferences never attacked the Soviet Union for not being peace-loving, then neither did the General Synod of the Church of England.

The verdict on the Russian Orthodox Church's participation in international church affairs during the Soviet period, therefore, need not be a harsh one, even if its role was marked by a certain degree of bad faith. Reflex indignation at its compromises with communism is easy from the depths of a Western armchair, forgetful of mores and beams. But rendering unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's implies such compromise, which is often impossible without dirtying the hands.

The approach adopted by Russian churchmen in their overseas dealings may throw some light on the history of their relations with the Soviet authorities at home, which is currently causing much heart-searching and recrimination in Orthodox circles. At the WCC headquarters at Geneva and elsewhere, the Russians seemed interested only in staying out of trouble, not drawing too much attention to themselves, being useful when they could do so uncontroversially, and being friendly but never too open or trusting. These are classic survival tactics. Such insincerity as circumstances dictated they should adopt towards their Western hosts was probably cancelled out by the insincerity of their relationship with their Soviet masters. The one adjective which came to mind in dealing with senior Russian Orthodox personnel was "wily". But is there not a Gospel text telling the apostles that survival in a hostile world required them to be as cunning as serpents?

Now Holy Russia is back in fashion. The state authorities have started to bestow favours on the Orthodox church as never before, in an attempt to fill the spiritual hiatus caused by the end of communism. But the opening of the KGB's books and the revelation that some churchmen were secret policemen has so angered the church's young Turks that there have been calls for senior resignations.

There is not much evidence of a deliberate Catholic policy to take advantage of Orthodox embarrassment over Soviet collaboration, though the Orthodox leadership, Russian and Ukrainian, is intensely suspicious of "papal aggression". The Catholics mainly belong to a Byzantine-rite "Uniate" church which has never been accepted by the Orthodox. Its claims for the return of church property (confiscated by the state and sometimes taken over by the Orthodox after 1946) have recently led to confrontations in the street in several towns.

The choice — to bend or to defy and suffer — faces all churches under state pressure, from Jesus's dealings with Pilate and the early church's dealings with the Roman Empire onwards. When persecuted, churches tend to split: some are acquiescent, some defiant. Once the pressure relaxes, however, the antipathy between those whose paths have diverged often intensifies. There is anger among those who emerge from the shadows, guilt among those who operated. But there is no sin in survival, only in betrayal. It has not been proved so far that the Russian Orthodox Church betrayed either its beliefs, its members or its friends. And the Uniate Catholics were never among the latter.

After all the campaigning the most likely election result is a hung parliament, says Peter Riddell

Swinging to the centre

RIDDELL ON THE ELECTION

Weeks before polling, though not necessarily because of the campaigns, Labour has fought a smooth, disciplined campaign, focusing on a programme to lead Britain out of recession and to improve public services. The party's lead in the polls has generated a "feeling" mood of self-confidence in small mistakes and questions about policy inconsistencies can be wiped away. By contrast, the Tory campaign has been lacklustre and without coherence: attempts to defend the party's record and to justify a fourth term have been overshadowed by attacks on Labour. Positive and negative messages have been blurred. The Liberal Democrats have avoided the pitfalls of the old Alliance.

Among the leaders, John Major has been overshadowed by

colleagues and often seemed

defensive, despite his soapbox. Neil Kinnock has projected the image of a leader ready for office, while Paddy Ashdown's energy has helped make his party a serious political player again.

What might happen over the next few days to affect the result? The campaign has far been free of smears, scandals or gaffes, in spite of rumours that a shock story is about to break which will change everything. The main risks to the parties are: that Mr Major will sound too strident; that Mr Kinnock will appear too triumphalist (as he did to television viewers of the mammoth rally in Sheffield on

Wednesday); and that too much of the Liberal Democrat campaign rests on Mr Ashdown.

Otherwise, the election will be decided by whether Labour can sustain its "time for a change" message, or whether the Tories' counterattack on taxes, inflation and interest rates finally strikes home. The Tories will seek to contrast Mr Major's strengths with voters' doubts about Mr Kinnock. The Liberal Democrats will stress their moderating influence on the other parties.

Will the polls affect the result? Wednesday's polls showing a big Labour lead produced a sharp drop in financial markets.

The Tories hope that the prospect of a Kinnock government will frighten wavering voters back to the fold, especially those who have recently switched to the Liberal Democrats — hence the current arguments that Mr

Ashdown is acting as a Trojan horse for Mr Kinnock.

Many of the final exchanges will therefore be shaped by the parties' standings in the batch of polls in tomorrow's papers.

So who is going to win? Unless there is a sudden shift of opinion, the odds are on a hung parliament. Labour is set to be the largest single party; it will require a reversal of its recent slippage to gain an overall majority. A small shift could make the Tories the largest party, but a swing unprecedentedly large for the last few days of a campaign would be required for the Tories to gain a clear overall majority.

What would happen in a hung parliament? The Tories would be seen as the losers. Not only would at least 50 or 60 MPs have lost their seats, but the party would have fewer

options than Labour. The only group that might offer even tacit support is the official Unionists, so the Tories need to be within 10 seats of the 326 needed for an overall majority to have any hope of staying in office.

Clearly the winner after gaining more than 70 seats, Labour might hold office with only 300 to 305 MPs. Labour's conciliatory gesture over electoral reform has been rejected by Mr Ashdown in view of Mr Kinnock's refusal to state his own views and to promise legislation. But the Liberal Democrats may find it hard to vote against a compromise Queen's Speech, since the party's large contingent of Scottish MPs already under pressure from the nationalists, may not be willing to oppose a Scottish parliament.

Labour may have most of the cards in a hung parliament. Mr Kinnock believes that all that matters is getting a foot in Downing Street. At present, therefore, while the Tories may still hold onto office, the advantage lies with Labour.

The triumph of the footnote

Ben Macintyre celebrates the minutiae of social history while reading a study of fish and chips

Humble fish and chip suppers have suddenly been accorded a central role in our national history. *Fish and Chips and The British Working Class, 1870-1940* by Dr John Walton at Lancaster University, may not electrify as a title, but it does for the working man's dinner what has already been done for the pencil, the cigar, the weather, the round bracket and much more besides: Dr Walton has taken what might otherwise be a historical footnote, and squeezed a portion of social history out of it.

The impact of fish and chips he says with a determinedly straight face, has been unjustly neglected. Through much of the later part of the last century and the first part of this one, Britons apparently derived much of their protein and fat from fish and chips; the food was so popular during the first world war that the government issued fish-friers with extra-cooking fat to keep the home fires, and presumably hearts, burning.

The fact that, in 1914 Bradford had its own fish and chip inspector may be a matter of the most profound indifference to you, but to Dr Walton it is an explanatory key to working-class life. "I have looked in particular at the relationship between fish-friers and government," he says. That there was, indeed, such a relationship is one of the most surprising aspects of this book.

It makes dyspeptic reading, but it follows a long and honourable tradition of mole's-eye history. In 1929, the French historians Marc Bloch and Lucien Febvre brought out the first issue of *Annales d'Histoire Economique et Sociale*, probably the most influential history journal of the century. Bloch and the *Annales* school argued that history must be bolstered by other disciplines — ethnology, sociology, linguistics, geogra-

phy, medicine — and that present concerns can and should be used to illuminate history. "We know more about the past," Bloch said, "than the past has seen fit to tell us." The *Annales* effected a quantum shift in historiography, away from *l'histoire événementielle* towards *la longue durée*: history, in a sense, from the bottom up.

The route from the *Annales* to the history of fish and chips has more slip-roads than carriageway, but it has also led to some remarkable scholarship. In Britain, Richard Cobb's brilliantly detailed and absorbing reconstructions of French life and culture through the stories of ordinary people are among the best modern examples of such deep-mine history. R.N. Salaman's *History and Social Influence of the Potato* is a monument of tuberous research and remains an essential text for the study of Irish history.

By teasing out the nature of everyday lives, history gains often unexpected depths and insights. The discovery, for example, that some half of the recruits to the British army in the Boer war suffered from rickets helped to draw the right into a consensus in favour of social reform and improving the general health of the British working man. Similarly, the excavation of a single burial ground at Sutton Hoo, containing Swedish coins and Byzantine ware, has helped to show that the Dark Ages were, for East Anglian kings at least, thoroughly cosmopolitan.

At its best, grass-roots history illuminates time and place in a way that the parade of great events and the doings of great men and women seldom can; but at their worst, such studies are the monomaniacal wanderings of the obsessed collector, often owing more to gimmickry than scholarship. It is, it seems, too easy to pick an area of human behaviour, a pastime or



Take with a pinch of salt: today's academic paper may be tomorrow's fish and chip wrapper

utensil, to invent an alliterative

title (say, "Corns, Carbuncles and Curlicues: A History of Chirology"), and follow the subject through in massive, but not necessarily illuminating detail.

Too rarely does extrapolation from the particular (or parochial) to the general produce the kind of headline-grabbing conclusions — of the "Roman Empire collapsed from lead in water pipes" variety — that the

authors may hope for, and there is often a compensating tendency to inflate findings at ground level into elevated theory, to explain, for example, the invasion of the Eastern hordes as a function of the invention of the stirrup.

A.J.P. Taylor, famously argued in his *English History 1914-1945* that frustration within the working class was partially the result of a lack of

condoms. "Birth control", he wrote, "became more erratic with each step down the social scale"; the working classes relied largely on *coitus interruptus* or abstinence, while the middle classes had access to more sophisticated and, Taylor argued, more satisfying methods of birth control. "The restraint exercised by [the lower classes] in their private lives may well have contributed to their lack of

enterprise elsewhere." As a theory it is the more delicious for being unprovable.

Similarly, the latest claim of nutritional historians suggests that the Chartist movement in Lancashire may have lost its impetus due to an excess of oatmeal in the daily diet, for oatmeal contains vitamin B, which has a calming effect on the temperament.

But in one respect, fish and chip history represents the triumph of the footnote, where the minutiae are no longer in small print, but the text itself. Footnotes, said Dr Johnson, "are often necessary, but they are necessary evils". As a confirmed codicophile, I would argue the reverse: they are unnecessary pleasures. Whose heart does not leap at the sight of a thin trickle of text surmounting a great wodge of notes? Fair enough — practically nobody feels that way; but a good set of footnotes should contain the out-takes of history, in which lurk all the facts too wobbly, bloody or downright peculiar to warrant inclusion in the narrative. Gibbon wrote: "My English text is chaste, and all licentious passages are left in the obscurity of a learned language" — but he did not resist the temptation to include them.

Take the footnotes to A.J.P. Taylor's theory on the sexual frustrations of the proletariat, which furnish the irresistible information that the principal British manufacturer of condoms had produced some 100 million by 1950, but that most contraceptives were imported from Germany, until that form of economic intercourse was interrupted by the second world war.

Whether a footnote warrants, as in the case of fish and chips, 200 pages and £35 worth of analysis is another question. For although incidentally intriguing, Dr Walton's conclusions may be reduced to a single, rather unsurprising fact: British working people like their fish and chips. This stands as a shocking indictment of our unimaginative national cuisine, but as a grand historical conclusion it is, perhaps, small fry.

...and moreover

PHILIP HOWARD

rather than English names like Norton.

For those who are not motorcyclists, the definitive description of a kickstart was given in *The Motor Cyclist's ABC* of 1916: "A kick starter is fitted to a machine for the purpose of allowing the engine to be started whilst the rider is in the saddle by a downward kick of a pedal." By definition and intention, a kick-start is something sudden and violent that happens in the stamping of a foot. It is therefore a most inappropriate metaphor to apply to a national economy, which takes years, or at the very least months, to turn in any direction, for better or worse. Economists, who drive the most metaphysical and un hurried (and unreliable) of vehicles, are to hot-rod riders as hairy caterpillars are to cheetahs. To try to kick-start an economy is as sensible as throwing squibs to shift Everest. The metaphor has the snap of a sudden effective action dear to politicians seeking election. But it is not the way that political economies work. They are already moving, not stationary like the motorbike, which nobody who stopped to listen to what he was saying could use. Its popularity shows it is fox in hen-house time.

Much of language is metaphor, which has become set into clichés over the years, so that it passes through the mind without causing a ripple. Consider the word arm, meaning the limb that fastens your hand to your

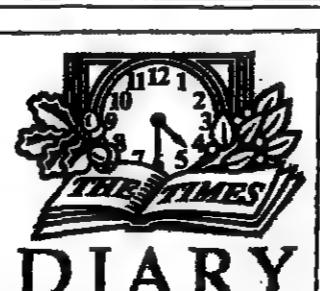
Shady business

WHOEVER wins the boat race this afternoon, Cambridge and Oxford dons are at war over the origin of their respective colours. Cambridge academics say that Oxford stole their dark blue from Trinity, Cambridge. Oxford has hit back with the support of Richard Brunell, the boat race's official historian, claiming that the dark blue comes from Christ Church.

It was still smirks almost 160 years after Oxford first wore dark blue striped shirts at the first race in 1829. The duty porter at Christ Church was adamantly yesterday: "Oxford blue comes from the university coat of arms." But Brunell, a former Oxford blue, insists that it is Christ Church blue. He angrily dismisses the claims that Oxford borrowed its dark blue from Trinity, Cambridge.

"Oh yes, they most certainly did," retorts Denis Lawrence, the President of First and Third Trinity Boat Club, three generations of whose family have been Trinity men. "Originally Oxford asked annual permission to race in our colours. Then we made it permanent. But scores were evened when Wadham College at Oxford went and stole Cambridge blue as their colour."

Be all that as it may, Trinity have always been boat race troublemakers. In the first race in 1829 they refused to wear the pink shirts favoured by their fellow crew-members — and rivals — from St John's. A compromise was reached with a pink ribbon. At the second race in 1836, it was agreed to wear a neutral white — until at the last moment a Christ's man decided that a touch of colour was required to rival Oxford. He ran to



Kinnock may have to call for reinforcements. Also on the platform will be Des Wilson, the Lib Dems campaign manager.

● *Kiri te Kanawa* may soon be ousted as the best-selling soprano. Florence Foster Jenkins, famous as "the worst opera singer in history", has been re-released on CD, enabling perfect reproduction of her appalling voice.

Florence was a cult figure, explains Michael Deacon of the record company RCA. "Two thousand pages and £35 worth of analysis is another question. For although incidentally intriguing, Dr Walton's conclusions may be reduced to a single, rather unsurprising fact: British working people like their fish and chips. This stands as a shocking indictment of our unimaginative national cuisine, but as a grand historical conclusion it is, perhaps, small fry.

Drudgery divine
PETER BALL, the new Bishop of Gloucester, was planning to rise at 5 am as usual this morning to do a spot of vacuuming around the palace before his enthronement in the presence of Prince Charles. He says the chore is part of his daily religious ritual, and today will be no different. "I am a simple shepherd rather than a glorious prelate," he says, and he will emphasise the point by turning up in not

putting paraffin into the engine of a sports car," says Victor Madern, the actor and voice coach. The advice is to avoid clearing the throat and gargling. "When the voice is tiring, it is much better to yawn or sigh for relief," says Davies. Downing Street seemed unconcerned about the prime minister's voice. "We are too busy fighting an election to worry about that," said a spokesman.

God bless laryngitis
ARE their voices going to hold out? All three party leaders are showing signs of croakiness, and yesterday the doctors were full of good advice. Not that Neil Kinnock, for one, takes much notice.

David Garfield Davies, chairman of the British Association of Performing Arts Medicine, who works at the post-trauma voice clinic at Middlesex hospital, was consulted by the Labour leader after his voice cracked at the end of the 1983 election. "I saw him eight years ago at the clinic, but he doesn't seem to have taken in my advice. He still gets too excited."

Of the three leaders, only Paddy Ashdown currently has a professional voice coach, and according to the experts, it shows. Kinnock is rated the worst. "He is a shouter. What he does to his voice is like

a bishop's finery but in a humble monk's habit. The purple cassock and mitre will be adopted only at the very last moment of the ceremony. Only then will he be distinguished from the Bishop of Truro, his identical twin brother Michael, who will also be dressed in a grey monk's habit.

This unit in most situations neglects the

monk's habit. The purple cassock and mitre will be adopted only at the very last moment of the ceremony. Only then will he be distinguished from the Bishop of Truro, his identical twin brother Michael, who will also be dressed in a grey monk's habit.



QUESTION OF IDEOLOGY

Next week's general election is widely regarded as devoid of ideological choice. The Tories, having unceremoniously dropped the author of Thatcherism in 1990, smartly moved towards the centre. The Labour party, smarting from wounds inflicted on it in three defeats, has performed a similar shift. Reading the election manifesto is to plough through sludge of more than usual density. Not surprisingly, the Liberal Democrats are emerging as minor heroes of the campaign, the party of "We told you all so."

All parties tend to behave thus at elections: they certainly did before Mrs Thatcher's ideological douché in 1979. In addition, John Major and Neil Kinnock have had electoral reasons for policy convergence at a time of recession. They have shed themselves of policies, for instance on poll tax or defence, which had been talismans of party ideology, but which psephologists told them were liabilities. They have shed themselves of the extremist label, often sadly associated with ideology in politics. Hence the contrast with the fierce elections of the 1980s.

For the Conservatives, this contrast has been the more noticeable because they are in government and have changed leader. Mrs Thatcher brought them to office in 1979 on the basis of a grand idea: that a modern democracy was by no means ungovernable. It could reform its productive capacity, manage its money and sustain its growth, but it could do so only if it ended the idea that the public sector was a free lunch and ensured that internal and external trade were determined in the market place.

By the end of the 1980s, Mrs Thatcher had lost her battle to retain Britain's independence of monetary manoeuvre. She had defied the unions and instituted important public sector reforms, but the great welfare state institutions remained mostly intact and she had lost her own office. But in the process she had laid down clarity of vision as essential to the practice of Conservatism. She knew where she was going, however hard the road. Even among her opponents, she instilled an awkward sense that there was truth in her message and necessity in her medicine.

What now of Mrs Thatcher's inheritors? Much is now made of the distance that John Major and his colleagues have put between themselves and Thatcherism. They drained their tank of her petrol a year ago, yet they are still dithering on whether to refill with leaded or unleaded. Mr Major has found it strangely hard to choose between Burke and Hayek. Grand strategy does not come easy to him. His God is in the details. His followers are unsure where he stands on further privatising health and education, on making public utilities truly competitive, on revising Britain's moribund constitution.

A reason for this is that Mr Major has been led along his political learning curve not by the hair-shirt prophets of Conservatism in opposition but by the centralist mandarins of the Treasury and Downing Street. After the experience of Nigel Lawson, Whitehall's instinctive aversion to the private sector has guided Mr Major ever deeper into the slough of recession, evincing from him the phrase (applied only to the private sector) that must haunt him, "If it isn't hurting, it isn't working." Asked about philosophy, Mr Major answers in the newspeak of a Treasury briefing paper. Majorism, like socialism, has come to be about jam tomorrow.

Yet for all this, the sensible observer distinguishes the surface noise of party politics, the mumble and scratching as an election approaches, from the continuing themes. That Mr Major has for the past year struggled just to "keep things ticking over" does not render him impervious to grand design should his freedom of manoeuvre be restored by a new mandate. The Tory party remains committed to the reforms instituted

by Mrs Thatcher and to the ideology underlying them. Should it win this election, there is no doubt that privatisation will be resumed. So too would the striving for lower taxes on incomes and savings, for lower trade barriers and against anti-competitive subsidies. Such Toryism remains rooted in Mrs Thatcher's antipathy to the establishment and her opposition to interest group protectionism. It has no link with that of the 1970s, of the Heath government's search for national consensus on the fixing of wages and prices. It remains distinctive.

Labour comes nowhere near such an outlook. The party may have recovered from the shock treatment of Thatcherism and the equal and opposite shock of the collapse of socialism in Eastern Europe. The Labour philosopher, Stephen Lukes, wails that "the socialism we have lost is not only a theory of institutional design for an entire socio-economic system, but the very idea of such a theory." But just as Labour leaders were keen to downplay the significance of such Marxist roots, so they might now downplay the significance of their abrupt decay. Labour too has an election to fight. Labour too is put on its best suit of clothes.

The Labour leadership remains, in its ideological essentials, what it has been since it won four elections in the decade 1964-74. It is the party of organised labour and of collective action: of the aspirations of a planned public sector and its multifarious beneficiaries. One of Mr Kinnock's achievements at this election has been dramatically to expand the range of such beneficiaries, from blue and white collar workers into the realm of the great professions, to doctors, clergy, men, academics, teachers, scientists, artists.

Mr Kinnock has acknowledged such elements of "gas and water" Thatcherism as might have appealed to the Webbs, for instance local authority tendering. He has quietly welcomed some wing-clipping of union power. But there has been no clarion restatement of Labour ideology since the writings of Tony Crosland. The immaculately packaged Mr Kinnock has not permitted himself the merest hint that markets might more efficiently advance the prosperity of rich and poor alike. If asked for an ideology, he says he wants to "empower the poor", to grant positional goods to all now deprived of them.

Here is no ideological guide to government but merely a declaration of interest. If asked to allocate the gains of growth between public or private sector, Mr Kinnock offers no contest. In him is vested the requirements of those whose incomes depend on the state. Paying these incomes and maintaining rationed, demand-led public services (pensions, hospitals) means levying taxes on individuals and companies who must compete with nations that maintain no such services. On this fiscal conjuring trick, Labour is silent. Small wonder that the new Labour party wants to rush to the protectionist bosom of high-cost European social policies.

Labour's ideology appears today as profoundly, to some reassuringly, conservative. It is that of a Whig restoration. The beneficiaries of Labour rule would be the once-great grandees of the public spending booms of the 1960s and 70s: the big cities, Scotland, the public sector unions, the incorporated professions, the civil service. The radical teeth that Labour bared in the 20 years after the war have mostly been drawn (only those for constitutional reform still having some bite). Mr Kinnock's Labour party would be a return to the comfortable habits, and the rivalries and jealousies, of the pre-Thatcher years.

Thus does this election pit Tory radicalism against Labour conservatism. Paradox has always offered the best prism of politics. But to suggest that there is no choice is surely nonsense.

CROWNING MERCY

What passions should the sight of a Cavalier's sword or a Roundhead's helmet stir in the English soul? Three hundred and fifty years after king and parliament joined battle at Edgehill, *The Times* is supporting a travelling exhibition of armaments from the English Civil War which will tour the country until the end of May. Yet, more than three centuries after Charles I was beheaded outside the banqueting hall of Whitehall, historians are still trading common room blows over what the war was all about.

There are plenty of theories on offer in the historical shopping-mall. Older historians traced in the conflict the inevitable rise of the House of Commons and the first stirrings of liberal democracy, while Marxists choose to interpret it as England's very own bourgeois revolution. In the last 20 years, a school of revisionists, led by Earl Russell, has successfully stripped the war of its political glamour. For them, the battles of 1642-51 had less to do with principle than with factional crises: an unwelcome influx of Scots to court on James I's accession in 1603, and by the unpopular ascendancies of the Duke of Buckingham, Archbishop Laud and the Earl of Strafford in Charles's reign.

Most members of Parliament, the revisionists say, were a dreary lot, more committed to the freedom from arrest which their status conferred than to the fight against Stuart absolutism or arbitrary taxation. So many MPs had their noses in the Stuart trough that the king/parliament division was mostly artificial. Thus England stumbled haplessly into war simply because Charles's reckless foreign policy had overstretched the nation's resources, because the king failed to keep Ireland or Scotland on a tight leash, and because the exotic company he kept at court provoked an irrational fear of papism. Scarcely the stuff of national legend.

This uninspiring orthodoxy, now current in most sixth form and university courses, neglects the grand idea in history. The MPs

who objected to Stuart taxes and the men who led Cromwell's New Model Army to victory at Naseby in 1645 may not have been political scientists but they left an indelible mark upon British political culture and its unwritten constitution.

The stakes were certainly seen as high by the participants. That the Stuart kings were attracted by continental despotism is clear enough from James I's own *Basilikon Doron* and the absolutist tract of supporters such as Lord Chancellor Ellesmere. This fatal fascination provoked in its turn a riot of pamphlets and letter-writing exploring the role of kingship, sovereignty and liberty, the pinnacle of which was the Petition of Right of 1628, condemning the evils of arbitrary government. Alongside the bloody clash of steel raged a far more productive war of words, "a search for a doctrine of responsible government" as John Morrill puts it in today's *Times* Saturday Review.

From this paper battlefield emerged in the late-17th century a nation committed to the sovereignty of Parliament, opposed to arbitrary taxation, standing armies and martial law, and edging towards religious tolerance. The Cromwellian republic failed. But later kings who pushed their luck, such as James II and George III, faced far tougher ground rules. Small wonder that the people of England seemed less moved even by the clamour of the French Revolution than they were by the rise of Napoleon.

With becoming English discretion, this anniversary will probably generate many works of scholarship and few fireworks. But the enduring influence of the English Civil War cannot be in doubt, especially in an election week which tacitly celebrates the values to which the conflict played midwife. If nothing else, today's party leaders may be grateful that things are not as heated as they were in 1649. In those days, after all, the penalty for neglecting Scotland — or for pushing up taxation — was nastier.

Giving health service reforms a fair chance to work

From Lord McColl of Dulwich and 645 others whose signatures have been submitted to *The Times*

Sir, We are all doctors, nurses or health-care professionals. We wish to make the following points:

1. The NHS reforms should be given a fair chance to work as they are already providing improvement in the quality of patient care and are also through greater efficiency, enabling more patients to be treated with less waste.

2. By allowing money to follow the patient, hospitals will be able to treat more patients without exceeding their budgets.

3. The reforms have affirmed the principles on which the NHS was founded, that its services are available to everyone regardless of means and will continue to be funded out of general taxation.

4. It is desirable to devolve decision-making within the health service down to local centres. This is an important principle of the reforms, especially the trusts, which remain an integral part of the NHS.

5. The success of GP fundholding has already been confirmed. The initiative should be extended now to give all GPs the opportunity to obtain better hospital services for their patients.

Yours sincerely,
MCOLL
House of Lords.
April 2.

From Dr M. J. Rooney

Sir, Like many of my fellow health professionals, this election campaign has intensified the frustration I feel with our politicians.

A non-party-political debate is needed to discuss what level of health care the nation wants to provide and how and by whom it is to be provided and funded. The present debate on health serves only to further political careers. Truth and objectivity were the earliest casualties of this undignified battle.

Few of us welcomed the new GP contract, the recent NHS reforms, or the way they were implemented. However, we have worked hard to carry them out and in the process spent much from the public purse.

We now need a period of stability and evaluation leading to a national evolution of the NHS, not another abrupt round of politically inspired changes.

Yours etc.
MICHAEL ROONEY,
Oaktree Cottage, 3a Florey Field,
Woodsmoor, Stockport,
Greater Manchester.
March 29.

From Professor Roger Jones

Sir, In "Peril at the gates of paradise" (Life & Times, March 23) David Selbourne pointed out the distinction between reality and the impact of the internal market. These matters are important and raise issues of funding, competence and organisation. But in a sense they are

Ashdown claims

From Lord Harris of High Cross

Sir, On Liberalism, Mr Ashdown boasts that the Liberal Democrats alone are united and in favour of a federal destiny. The appearance of unanimity is no doubt easier for a party dominated by a single personality and undistracted by recent experience or early prospect of responsible office.

Yet the ICM/Guardian poll before Maastricht on the direct question of ceding "greater powers to European political institutions" revealed that nearly 70 per cent of Liberal Democrats were opposed, compared with about 80 per cent of Conservatives and 60 per cent of Labour supporters. So not only are Mr Ashdown's followers less united than Conservatives, the still solid majority came down on precisely the opposite side from their federalist leader.

On education, the shallowness of Mr Ashdown's claim to support is even more inordinate. Apparently, schools have now joined hospitals as something on which too much of other people's money can never be spent. Thus he repeats that throwing another £2 billion in the approximate direction of the NUT, etc., will transform the teaching of our children. Few economists who are not paid to keep a straight face would support a proposition that increased spending on anything automatically guarantees a corresponding increase in high quality output, least of all when mismanaged by an over-centralised, monopolistic bureaucracy.

Cause for pause is provided by a simple pair of statistics. The number of teachers in state schools was last seen as just short of 400,000 (in full-time equivalents); while the number of non-teaching staff in central and local offices is — guess what? Why, just short of 400,000! It is to fatten up this admittedly failing, ramshackle administration that Liberal Democrats boast of inking to burden innocent taxpayers with another penny (for the time being) on the standard rate.

Yours faithfully,
RALPH HARRIS.
House of Lords.
April 1.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 071-782 5000

Too much faith in opinion polls

From Mr John Cunningham

Sir, As the chief executive of a company which spends many hundreds of thousands of pounds on market research and its analysis, I am concerned about the misinterpretation of market research techniques in the current general election campaign and the preoccupation with what are for the most part statistically insignificant differences.

Polling is an entirely valid market research technique which has a remarkably high degree of statistical accuracy for most applications, but in this election far too much is being expected of it.

On samples of 1,000-1,500, the margin of error on responses of about 40 per cent is plus or minus 2.5-3 per cent — i.e., any figures which are less than 5-6 percentage points apart are within the margin of error and cannot be said to be significantly different.

There is still a 1-in-20 chance that the real figures could lie outside the range of plus or minus 3 per cent. To be virtually (i.e., 99 per cent) certain, one must accept a wider margin of plus or minus 3.8-4.7 per cent; that would eliminate virtually any statistical significance in the difference between Conservative and Labour support so far in the campaign.

It can therefore be positively misleading for political commentators to talk, for example, of one party improving its lead by one or two percentage points. Successive response rates are in effect identical in statistical terms and most of the comment on poll results can only be conjectural.

There are several other reasons for judging the polls with circumspection. A poll may well reasonably reflect overall national opinion, but the distribution of that opinion over 650 differing constituencies can be varied and uneven; the 80-180 constituencies polled may not be representative of opinion elsewhere in the country; and although the polls seek to reflect the views of the whole voting population, the whole population never actually votes (in the ten elections since 1955, between 21 and 28 per cent of the electorate never got to the polling station).

Many potential voters in this election may have disengaged themselves in order to avoid poll tax. The Registrar General, in the context of the 1991 census, is already on record as saying that the shortfall of those registered, whilst less than 2 per cent, would be larger than the 0.5 per cent (250,000 people) unrecorded in the 1981 census.

The shortfall on the electoral register, which is much less stringently supervised and enforced than the census, could well be 2-3 per cent — up to 1.5 million voters. Whom would they have voted for, assuming that they would have voted at all? And how many of them have already given their opinions in a poll?

Yours faithfully,
JOHN CUNNINGHAM
(Chief Executive),
Mintel International Group,
18-19 Long Lane, EC1.
April 2.

Outsize elephant

From Lord Glendevon

Sir, Your science editor reported (March 26) the discovery of an outsize elephant in the Nepalese jungles by Colonel Blashford-Snell. This elephant "broke into the camp and snapped the chains of a domestic female elephant" which was rescued just in time.

When my father, Lord Linlithgow, was Viceroy of India he visited Nepal in December 1938. He wrote to the King on the eve of his arrival as follows: "I hear from my camp that four nights ago a wild tusker entered the elephant lines . . . and choosing a likely looking young lady elephant took her away with him. Quite unabashed she returned to duty next day".

Could it have been the same elephant up to his tricks over 50 years later?

Yours faithfully,
GLENDEVON
House of Lords.
March 27.

Saving graces

From Mr J. Allan Denholm

Sir, I thought it might be of interest to readers to hear of the West of Scotland ecumenical grace (letters, April 2):

O Lord hear blessings on the soup,
Heal blessings on the stovies,
Heal blessings on the Papes and Jews,
The Muslims and Jehovahs.
Heal blessings on all gathered here,
On absent friends and strangers,
And if you have any blessings left,

For God's sake bless the Rangers.
Yours faithfully,
J. ALLAN DENHOLM,
Greencroft, 19 Colquhoun Drive,
Bearsden, Glasgow.
April 2.

From Mr Peter O'Hare

Sir, There is a certain topicality about the politicians' grace: "For those whom we are about to deceive may we forever be truly thankful".

PETER O'HARE,
9 Cherry Tree Close,
Anstey, Leicester.
April 2.

Weekend Money letters, page 28

Letters to the editor should carry a daytime telephone number. They may be sent to a fax number — (071) 782 5046.

Careers fair cancelled as firms find little to offer

BY MATTHEW D'ANCONA, EDUCATION REPORTER

RECESSIONARY pressure and faltering business confidence have forced the organisers of a major careers fair to cancel the event and advise young people to stay in the education system until prospects brighten.

The Options fair, due to be held in Birmingham in October, attracted 60 stands and 14,000 visitors last year. But Tony May, director of exhibitions at Birmingham's National Exhibition Centre, said that no purpose would be

served by imposing the event on reluctant participants.

"We have to accept employers' views that the present year is not one in which to raise young people's expectations beyond the level of fulfilment. The message clearly is to continue within education to obtain the advantage of best possible qualifications."

Paul Chubb, president of the Institute of Careers Guidance, said that the recession had made postponement until next year inevitable. "We have a responsibility to young people to present a comprehensive and valuable choice of career opportunities. It has become apparent that employers feel unable to support such an event in sufficient strength and variety to ensure optimum effectiveness of the occasion".

Organisers of other careers exhibitions have also been feeling the recessionary pinch. Tom Jarvis, managing director of Careers 2000, which mounts six careers fairs a year, said that they had continued to prosper but that many exhibitors were offering advice rather than employment at their stands.

"Exhibitors are finding it difficult in this recessionary period. But our exhibitions are looking to the future. When employers do not have jobs to offer, they feel they can take part to offer careers guidance."

Tricia Neill, manager of News International's Directions Week, said that the harsh economic climate had increased the need for good careers advice. "Despite the recession, more than 250 organisations have found the resources to offer long term career and course choice counselling to our graduates and school leavers who will visit Directions Week 92."

Evading shadow budget

Continued from page 1

said yesterday many companies could not become involved in such schemes because of the effect on their cash flow. To which tax advisers have come up with an answer: many of those who received their next year's salary yesterday will lend it back to their employers. The loans will be repaid in monthly instalments, so easing cash-flow problems.

The effects on cash-flow can be further reduced if the employee agrees to take on an overdraft so that the company National Insurance contributions and the Paye tax payment is also returned as a loan. Under this scheme, a £100,000-a-year earner would pay £40,000 in tax and National Insurance, leaving £60,000. Tax advisers say that, even if the employee takes out a £50,400 overdraft and lends back the full amount for repayment in 12 monthly instalments, the cost of the overdraft would still be less than the increased tax.

Punch digests its last laugh

BY ALAN HAMILTON

WHAT was probably the last meeting of an ancient dining club convened yesterday, and became a bit of a wake. *Punch* publishes its last issue next week, and with its demise will go the traditional monthly lunch that has played host to guests as diverse as Mark Twain, Garibaldi, Norman Tebbit, Margaret Thatcher and the Prince of Wales.

Punch lunches began in 1842, the year of the magazine's birth, as a gathering for the staff to discuss the following week's political cartoon. In more recent years, it has expanded to include distinguished guests, many of whom were so well fed and watered that they carved their initials in the old deal table that now resides in the London headquarters of the dying magazine's current proprietor, United Newspapers, whose flagship property is the *Daily Express*.

Yesterday's lunch returned to its original format, with only the editorial and commercial staff, and a handful of regular contributors, present. They included Simon Rose, contributor of the Offy Prosser financial column, Julia Langdon, the political editor, and Richard Littlejohn, author of the combative "Who gives a monkey?" page. Previous contributors and editors, such as Malcolm Muggeridge, Bernard Holloway and Alan Coren, somehow managed to edge marginally closer to the status of house-hold names.

David Thomas, the present editor, said that his seven editorial staff were now on the job market, and had been applying for posts at publications as diverse as *The Tatler* and *The Sun*. They were well qualified, he said, as *Punch* contained elements of both.

Mr Thomas, who has seen the magazine's circulation fall to 33,000 from a peak in



Farewell drinks: staff and contributors conducting the last rites at the final *Punch* lunch yesterday.

the 1940s of more than 170,000, saw nothing humorous in yesterday's farewell feast. It was, he said, an occasion for private grief: he and his staff had been exposed to too much

speculative obituary in recent weeks, much of it usurped by the josh sharper and ruder *Private Eye*. An alternative view, recently propounded in the letters column of *The Times*, suggests that the magazine's

decline was long ago proved health in the recession's teeth; there are no longer sufficient visitors to dentists' waiting rooms to maintain a viable readership.

Ashdown veto on Labour tax plans

Continued from page 1

proportional representation were not an attempt to open doors to the Liberal Democrats. However, it was significant that Labour's programme for its first Queen's Speech gave prominence to devolution for Scotland and Wales and a freedom of information act. These two measures are highlighted in the Liberal Democrat manifesto. Mr Ashdown, speaking in Wales yesterday, repeated his party's readiness to vote down a minority Labour government's Queen's Speech unless it contained the promise of legislation on PR.

The prime minister, speaking on a Kent cricket ground, claimed that Labour's talk of proportional representation showed that Mr Kinnock was nervous. "What a show of confidence," he said. "One week before the election they start cuddling up to the Liberal Democrats for support. It is like leaning on candlesticks."

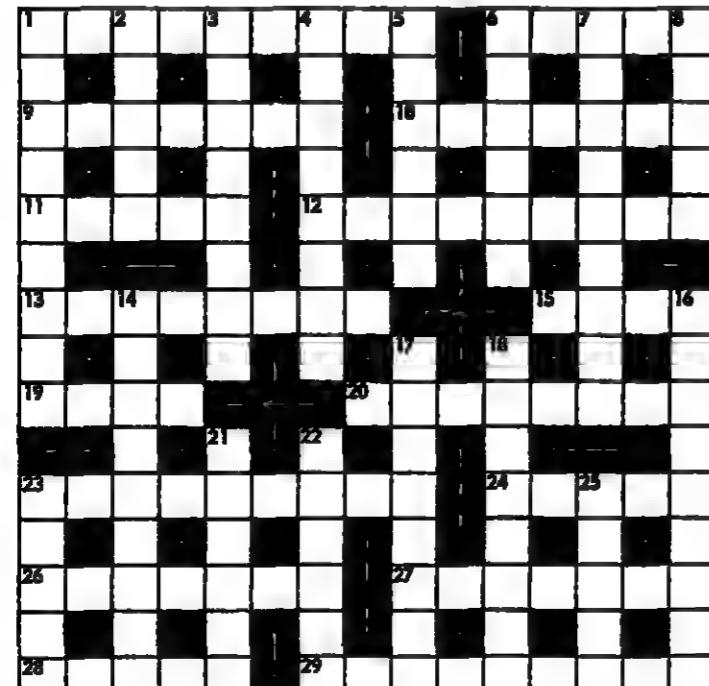
Mr Major has emphatically ruled out any moves towards PR. In a letter to parliamentary candidates last night he said the Liberals and Labour had started to talk of backstairs deals: "They are clearly prepared to abuse our very constitution as a playground for political ends."

He said at his rally that only Tory policies could successfully build on the foundations in place for economic recovery. "We have got a very clear choice at this general election — between recovery under the Conservatives or perennial recession leading to slump under the policies of the Labour party."

The Tory party political broadcast shown last night called Mr Kinnock a former "leader of the left" and ridiculed his policy changes on Europe, disarmament, nationalisation and devolution.

Election 92, pages 9-12
Peter Riddell, page 16
Leading article, page 17
Letters, page 17
Pound falls, page 21

THE TIMES CROSSWORD PUZZLE NO 18,884



WORD WATCHING

A daily safari through the language jungle. Which definitions are correct?

By Philip Howard

WEBSTER

a. A breed of faraway duck
b. A loquacious
c. A beaver

ENIGMA

a. To grieve heavily, to moan
b. The hyena
c. Having a hooked nose

SATISFACTION

a. Satisfactory suffering
b. The week after Easter
c. Passing from hand to hand

AMINOLIST

a. Having a good memory
b. Living near a river
c. A market gardener

Answers on page 18

AA ROADWATCH

For the latest AA traffic and roadworks information, 24 hours a day, dial 0836 401 followed by the appropriate code:

London & SE

London & SE (London & N & Ctrcs.)

M25/M4/M1/M20

Mways/roads M1-Dartford 7

734

Mways/roads M23/M4

M25 London Orbital only

736

National

National motorways

737

West Country

738

Midlands

740

East Anglia

741

West & East

742

Scotland

743

Northern Ireland

745

AA Roadwatch is charged at 36p per minute (cheap rate) and 48p per minute at all other times.

TIMES WEATHERCALL

For the latest regional by region forecast, 24 hours a day, dial 0891 500 followed by the appropriate codes:

Greater London

701

Kent/Surrey/Sussex

702

Dorset/Hants & IOW

703

Devon/Cornwall

704

Wilt/Glos/Avon/Som

705

Beds/Herts/Suffolk/Cambs

706

West Mid & Sth Glam & Gwent

709

Shrops/Herefs/Works

710

Cheshire/Staffordshire

712

East Midlands

713

Lincs & Humberside

714

Dyfed & Powys

714

Gwynedd & Chwyd

715

W & S Yorks & Dales

717

N E England

718

Cumbria & Lak District

719

Scot Sth

721

Edin S Fr/Lothian & Borders

722

E Central Scotland

723

Glamorgan & E Highlands

724

N W Scotland

725

Orkney & Shetland

726

N Ireland

727

Weathercall is charged at 36p per minute (cheap rate) and 48p per minute at all other times.

Solution to Puzzle No 18,853

MOUNTAIN SHEEP

ILLUMINATOR

SPECIFIER

HOTEL

AMOUNTAUR

PLANK

AKAINT

REVENUE

SPONCHER

ODD

REAS

PAISLEY

DESSERT

RCY

IVES

IRIS

SEPOE

AOK

KDH

RAA

TOVES

INAMORATA

E EAS

IE

ROUGHANDREADY

PH

PARKER

A prize of a superb Parker Duofold International Fountain Pen, with 18 carat gold nib and fully engraved barrel, will be given for the first five correct solutions opened next Saturday. Entries should be addressed to: The Times, Saturday Crossword Competition, PO Box 486, Virginia Street, London E1 9DD. The winners and solution will be published next Saturday.

<p

Ashdown
veto on
Labour
tax plan

● BUSINESS NEWS 21-24, 29
● WEEKEND MONEY 25-28
● SPORT 30-36

Continued from page 1
Labour
tax plan
Continued from page 1
Labour
tax plan

MONEY

Profile

Gerald Ronson remains a rough and often abrasive tycoon of the old school, despite attempts by Gail, his wife, to overlay this with a patina of sophistication. The support of Gail has sustained him through the Guinness affair, his sojourn in Ford open prison and now the troubles at Heron International..... Page 23



Survival guide

Investors should not be panicked into selling everything if there is a Labour victory in next week's general election but those who will pay more tax should use their tax breaks..... Page 25

Share service

The Times is launching a low-cost share selling service for privatisation stocks in association with Hambros. Details and the application form for The Times Portfolio Dealing Service..... Page 26

Who cut up
your Access...
the sorcerer's
apprentice?

Page 28

Auction lines

A guide to government auctions, which promises great bargains for those bidding for items that have been seized from taxpayers who have not paid their bills or from bankrupt companies, is not telling its readers anything that is not already public knowledge, government departments say. Alan Davies, whose company auctions items on behalf of the Metropolitan Police, says that some of the examples in the handbook are misleading..... Page 27



Big brother

Information on 50 million savers will start being passed to the Inland Revenue. For the first time, the interest earned on all savings and current account will be sent to the Revenue..... Page 27

True value

The building societies ombudsman can now investigate cases involving valuations of properties by staff surveyors. The societies will not appeal against the High Court ruling..... Page 26



No surrender

Surrendering a life assurance policy is not always the best option and policyholders will get roughly double the value if they pay it up and benefit from the terminal bonus..... Page 26

Election
worries
take toll
on pound

BY COLIN NARBROUGH

THE pound was worst-hit of the leading currencies by the advancing mark, as concern about next week's general election continued to undermine market sentiment for sterling.

At the official London close at 4pm, the pound stood at DM2.8386, almost a pfenning down from Thursday. But it was up over a cent at \$1.7420, as the American currency retreated. Sterling's trade-weighted index was up 0.1 at 90.

Concern about the election outcome pushed shares prices down further. The FT-SE 100 closed at 2,382.7, down 22.7, slightly above its worst. The key three-month interbank rate was steady at 11 per cent, still anticipating a half point rise in base rates after the election.

A surprise announcement that Portugal will join the European exchange-rate mechanism on Monday prompted Norman Lamont, the Chancellor, to reaffirm Britain's commitment to the present central rate for the pound, despite the entry of the escudo to the parity grid.

The dollar fell against the mark, depressed by the release of disappointing American data. The rise of 19,000 in American non-farm payrolls in March suggested the economy might not be recovering as strongly as other indicators show.

Dealers see no sign of serious sterling difficulties. Paul Cherkow, chief currency analyst at CitiCorp, said that he expected sterling to ease further towards DM2.83 by the eve of the election.

THE POUND

US dollar
1.7420 (+0.0118)
German mark
2.8386 (-0.0097)
Exchange index
90.0 (+0.1)

Bank of England official close (4pm)

STOCK MARKET

FT 30 share
1851.4 (-15.2)
FT-SE 100
2382.7 (-22.7)
New York Dow Jones
3211.54 (-22.58)
Tokyo Nikkei Avge
18559.71 (+273.08)

INTEREST RATES

London: Bank Base 10.14%
5-year building 11.11%
3-month eligible bills 10.16%
US: Prime Rate 6.14%
Federal Funds 4.74%
3-month Treasury Bills 3.96-3.94%
30-year bonds 10.17-10.11%

CURRENCIES

London: £1.7420
\$2.8386
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Li Ka-shing opens talks on buying O&Y assets

FROM LULU YU IN HONG KONG

LI KA-SHING, Hong Kong's wealthiest businessman, is interested in buying some assets from Olympia & York, the troubled Canadian property company.

Mr Li, who is the chief of the Hutchison Whampoa group with interests in property, hotels, telecommunications, energy and container terminals, disclosed that he was interested in making acquisitions from the Reichmann family, which owns Olympia & York.

He would not say what assets he was looking at, but admitted he was in discussion with the Reichmanns. He added: "I don't know what we will buy or what company we

Write-off shrinks Invesco profits

BY JONATHAN PEYNN

INVECO MIM, the fund management group headed by Lord Stevens, has written off more than half its 16 per cent stake in the troubled Drayton Consolidated investment trust.

Drayton Consolidated is managed by Invesco and specialises in investment in small, unquoted companies, a sector that has been hard hit by the recession. It admitted in February that it had lost £20 million on an investment in Alma Holdings, a Scottish sweet-maker now in receivership. Some institutional shareholders in Drayton have since called for the removal of Invesco as managers. A review of Drayton's assets and reconstruction proposals is being drawn up by Cazenove and County NatWest.

The £13 million writedown on the Drayton stake has been recorded as part of a £16.6 million exceptional item. Previously, Invesco took profits on investments below the line as extraordinary items. The rest of the provision relates to loans to the trustees of the company's employee share options trust.

The exceptional provisions resulted in a 23 per cent fall in pre-tax profits for the year to December 31, to £14.5 million from £19 million. The writedowns mean that Invesco has had to pay £8.3 million from reserves to hold the dividend for the year at 6p. The final payout was maintained at 3.7p.

Profits before exceptional items were up from £22.4 million to £31.1 million. Profits in North America increased from £18.3 million to £26.9 million. Ratan Engineer, finance director, said the American operations had benefited from the booming mutual funds market. Funds under management in America now account for 60 per cent of the group total of £31 billion. Group turnover rose from £1.74 to £2.8 billion.

Profits from European and Pacific investment management climbed 27 per cent, from £8.1 million to £10.3 million, reflecting cost savings in the UK, expansion of continental European operations and entry into the investment trust market in Japan.

will use to make the purchase. But we are interested."

His son, Victor, who looks after his property investments in Canada, is understood to be talking to the sellers.

Speculation is rife that the tycoon will expand his investments in Canada by acquiring Olympia & York's 74 per cent stake in Gulf Canada Resources.

The oil exploration company could complement Mr Li's investment in Husky Oil, another Canadian petro operator in which Mr Li's family and companies have a combined 95 per cent stake.

But some analysts believe Mr Li might be more interested in Olympia & York's commercial properties in America.

Last October, Mr Li bought a 49 per cent stake in a 39-storey office building in New York's financial district from the Reichmanns.

Olympia & York has delayed for a week, from April 6 to 13, its planned meeting with its bankers. It has promised to produce financial proposals at the meeting.

It is thought that Mr Li might be reluctant to put more money into the troubled oil industry in North America.

His flagship company, the Hutchison group, last year wrote down HK\$763 million (£56.6 million) for its 45 per cent stake in Husky because of severe losses arising from falling oil and gas prices. Further provisions are expected to be made for this year.

Mr Li is to step down from the board of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp and its parent, HSBC Holdings, next month.

The move paves the way for Mr Li to make acquisitions from Olympia & York because it removes any conflict of interest that arises from the fact that Hongkong Bank is a leading lender to the Canadian firm, with a well secured exposure of around US\$700 million.

Mr Li, aged 64, has been a non-executive director since 1980 and non-executive managing director since 1985.

Dalgety appoints a new chairman

BY GILLIAN BOWDITCH

DALGETY, the Golden Wonder group, has had a boardroom shuffle ahead of the retirement of Maurice Warren, its chief executive, which is due next year. Mr Warren will stay on until a replacement is found.

The new chairman will be John West, a non-executive director of Dalgety since June 1990. Mr West, aged 64, who is currently chief executive of Bridon and Christian Salvesen, will replace Sir Peter Carey, aged 69, who retires on September 1.

Also retiring from the board in June are Bryan Fawcett, an executive director responsible for the group's agribusiness, and Sir Christopher Laidlaw, a non-executive director.

Richard Clothier, aged 46, chief executive of Dalgety's pig improvement company, and Paul Kirk, aged 45, chief executive of Dalgety Agricultural



Wheel deal: Anne Evans, managing director of Elm Energy and Recycling (UK), at the ground-breaking ceremony

Bérégovoy prepares to lose financial virtue

BY WOLFGANG MÜNCHAU, EUROPEAN BUSINESS CORRESPONDENT

PIERRE Bérégovoy, the new French prime minister, evidently has a sense of irony. As finance and economics minister, he has chosen Michel Sapin, a lawyer, aged 39, whose main contribution to the world of finance has been a collection of antique coins. With the single currency less than five years away, M Sapin might soon be able to add the French franc to his collection.

The appointment of M Sapin, a distinguished junior justice minister in the previous government, suggests that the brain behind French economics policy is still the old one: M Bérégovoy himself, arguably the best finance minister France has ever had.

The apparent continuity does not necessarily imply that French economic policy will remain the same. When John Major became prime minister, Britain abandoned the balanced budget concept. In 1963, when the legendary Ludwig Erhard became German chancellor, the country's economic policy faltered and his chancellorship ended in recession. M Bérégovoy might turn out to be another Erhard. He is a brilliant finance minister, whose end-of-



Sapin: antique coins career promotion does little other than to accelerate the downfall of his government. In his first speech as prime minister, he has indicated that he might be prepared to abandon the tough fiscal policy he has previously fought tooth and nail to sustain. Prime ministers have different agendas. M Bérégovoy is the fifth socialist prime minister in the fifth republic, who has taken over at a time when his party has been in power for 12 years. Now the party is in trouble, its popularity at rock bottom: the economy is weak and unemployment is close to 10 per cent. M Bérégovoy, the prime minister, promises an expansionary policy to re-

duce unemployment — something which, as finance minister, he would have described as imprudent. The uncertainty displayed by France's financial markets yesterday suggests that all is not well.

The implications are interesting for the rest of Europe, and especially for the Maastricht agreement to limit public borrowing to 3 per cent of gross domestic product.

France is at present Europe's most solid economy, with inflation of less than 3 per cent and public borrowing well below British and German levels. Britain and Germany have increased borrowings for different reasons: France, the last of the big countries to keep the European average down, is now following in the same direction.

For the next British government, this is good news. It means borrowing can rise substantially and still remain below the European average. The Italians could join the single currency. The 3 per cent agreed at Maastricht could be amended to, say, 5 per cent. And everybody, except for the dying breed of monetarists, will be happy.

New cabinet, page 15

Gloom at Atlas hits the shares

BY PHILIP PANGALOS

SHARES in Atlas Converting Equipment, which makes machinery to slit rolls of specialist plastics and paper, dived 203p to 580p after the company accompanied higher full-year profits with a gloomy trading statement.

The news took the City by surprise as Atlas had said, at the interim stage, that it anticipated sales growth for 1992. But the USM-quoted company now says that the last six months have seen a slowdown in the order intake and enquiry level in all of its markets.

This was particularly so for larger Atlas machines and vacuum metallisers, where the machines in question tend to be built specifically to customers' orders. Atlas said that increases in capacity will enable the company to shorten the time between orders and delivery, but the current order book indicates that the group will be manufacturing at a reduced level during the second half of 1992.

The statement accompanied a 21.1 per cent advance in pre-tax profits to £6.67 million in the year to end-December, on turnover ahead 26.7 per cent to £48.5 million. Final dividend is raised to 14p (13p) giving an increased 21p (19.5p) total.

Liffe trade hits peak

UNCERTAINTY over the election caused big companies and investors to hedge their positions in record trading on the London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange (Liffe) last month. Some 5.82 million future and options contracts were traded in March, 510,000 up on the previous record month of January — representing daily turnover of £63 billion.

In the first quarter Liffe traded a peak 15.5 million contracts, 55 per cent up of the same period last year.

Japanese car curb likely

JAPAN'S Ministry of International Trade and Industry is likely to agree to keep Japan's vehicle exports to the European Community this year to 1.24 million or less, industry sources said. The EC is forecasting poor demand for cars in 1992, but in February the two were unable to agree on the forecast of EC vehicle demand for this year. Japan wanted to keep the 1991 level of 1.264 million. Under an agreement reached last year, Japan will keep its direct exports at 1.23 million vehicles a year from 1992 to 1999.

Usher lifts its final

USHER-WALKER, the printing inks group, is raising its dividend despite an 85 per cent fall in full-year taxable profits, largely due to non-recurring exceptional costs. An increased 4p final (3.75p) makes 6p (5.5p). Usher gave warning in January that poor fourth-quarter trading and exceptional restructuring costs would have "a significant effect". An exceptional charge of £332,000, relating to stock write-offs and reorganisations aimed at lowering the cost base, pushed pre-tax profits down to £60,000, against £400,000.

Hartstone debt moves

HARTSTONE, the hosiery and leather goods group, has grown by acquisition since a management buy-in in 1989, is reorganising its medium-term debt, saving £870,000 in interest payments this year. The group announced the private placement of \$50 million of its medium-term debt by Chemical Bank with three leading American institutions. The proceeds will be used to repay its sterling debt and provide a hedge for its American assets. The gearing ratio is around 50 per cent and the interest cover nearly eight times.

CMW Group buys

CMW Group, the architect, is making two acquisitions for a maximum £50,000. The USM-quoted company is buying Yaxley Associates Architects, a Cambridge architect, for up to £600,000, with an initial £360,000 in shares and a vendor placing to raise £198,000. CMW is also buying Stanley Brown Associates, a property development consultancy, for up to £250,000, with £40,000 of the initial £160,000 payment via a vendor placing. The combined warranted annualised pre-tax profits for the two companies are £140,000.

Brabant writedown

BRABANT Resources, the oil and gas company, incurred net losses of £4.92 million in 1991 after写down the value of unproved exploration assets by £4.71 million. Net income in 1990 was £364,000. Cash flow from producing operations rose from £633,000 to £984,000. Net assets are reduced from £25.35 million to £20.44 million since the writedown. Cash balances at year-end were £5.14 million. Losses were 29.6p a share (5.1p earnings) and there is again no dividend. The shares fell 4p to 34p.

Johnston Group blow

JOHNSTON Group, the contracting and construction materials concern, has made a £4.34 million exceptional charge against 1991 profits to reflect lower development property values. The provision leaves Johnston Group with a £1.09 million pre-tax loss for the year to end-December (£5.86 million profit). The final dividend is cut from 8.5p to 4.5p a share, making 9p (13p). Net asset value at year-end was 38.6p (41.66p). The shares traded 1p lower at 194p.

Scottish Television prepares to fulfil a 30-year-old prophecy

TEMPUS

vulnerable than most to competition from Channel 4 when it begins selling its own advertising space in 1993. Neil Blackley, at James Capel, has knocked £4 million off his 1993 forecast because of this.

STV says it is confident it can resist the Channel 4 threat. Given the adroitness with which the management team, headed by Gus Macdonald, managing director, handled the franchise bid, it is tempting to give the company the benefit of the doubt. Nevertheless, the shares have enjoyed an exceptionally strong run, and are rated at almost 20 times forecast earnings for 1992. In the long term, STV looks a winner, but at present the shares are probably too expensive to buy.

This being a Scottish company, there are a few clouds on the horizon. Some analysts believe STV is more

attracted by the cold winds of lower tourism in 1991, while the transport division reported lower margins because of fuel price increases. Difficulties were compounded by customers' own tight cash positions.

Overall, Grampian was obliged to increase bad and doubtful debt provisions, notably in the sporting division where profits fell 29.8 per cent to £2.03 million.

Grampian's pre-tax profit for the year ended December — £11.2 million against £13.1 million — mask a reasonable first nine months but a final quarter when conditions deteriorated markedly. Trading has continued weak in traditionally seasonal operations in the first quarter of this year, but might improve in the second quarter.

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Reduced gearing will help, though a real kick in general economic conditions is needed to lift pre-tax profits that much higher. But £13 million is possible, to put the shares at 164p, on 11.7 times prospective earnings.

Bill Hughes, Grampian's chairman and chief exec



A different ball-game: Bill Hughes of Grampian

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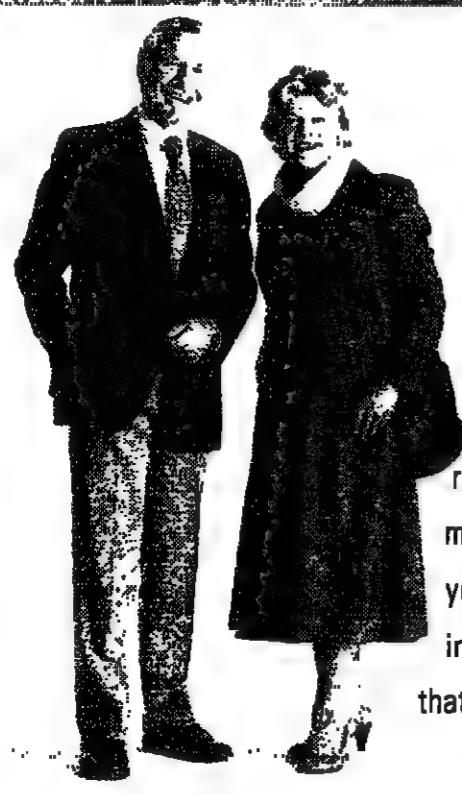
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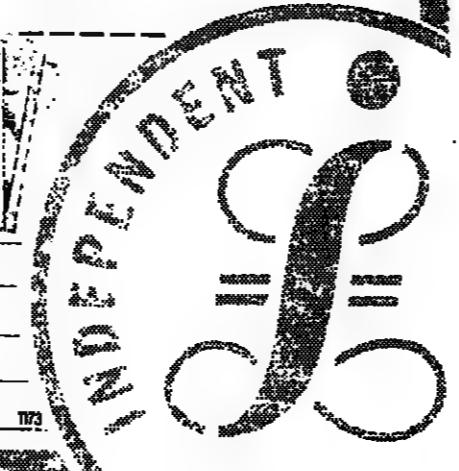
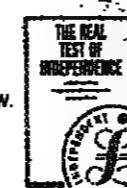
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Sharelink, the execution-only stockbroker, will be offering a special all-night election dealing service on April 9. The service will be open to all investors, both clients and non-clients, who want to buy or sell an FTSE-100 stock or privatisation stock. Investors should call Sharelink on 021-200 2242 between 4.30pm on April 9 and 8am on April 10, and will be able to get a quoted price for stock.

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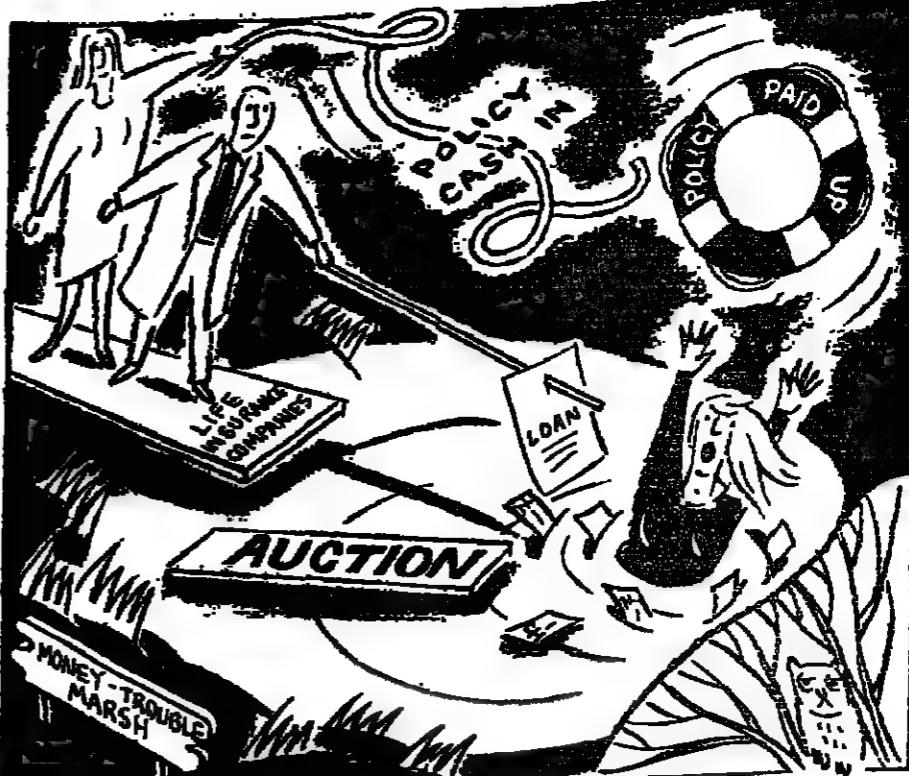
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SAVE & PROSPER

THE INVESTMENT HOUSE

Surrender's poor yield

PAULA OWENS



By JILL INSLEY

THE problem with life insurance as a method of saving is that it is intended as a long-term investment. If, halfway through the term of the policy, the investor can no longer afford the premiums or circumstances otherwise change, it is not possible simply to get the money back.

This is the big difference between life insurance and building society or bank savings accounts, where all the money invested is easily returned with interest.

Cashing in a policy early may seem to have the advantage of stopping monthly payments and at the same time providing a lump sum. But although this may be the most familiar method of realising life insurance savings before maturity, it is neither the only way nor necessarily the best.

Life insurance is meant to be a long-term contract and is priced accordingly. An investor who surrenders a policy in the early years is likely to get a fraction of the money paid in, the rest having been eaten up by the life company's expenses.

There are alternatives to early surrender. If the investor does not need an immediate cash lump sum, but can no longer afford to meet monthly premiums, he or she can ask to have the policy "paid up". This means that although the investor makes no further payments to the company, the money already paid in will remain invested until the agreed maturity date.

By opting for a paid-up policy, the investor does three things: saves the on-going expenses of premiums; avoids the often onerous penalties imposed on early surrender; and retains an investment which should continue to grow and, importantly, which will benefit from any final bonus paid by the life insurer.

As an example, consider

Standard Life's with-profits policy, frequently among the best performers in the market over 25 years. A man who took out a with-profits endowment policy for £30 a month in 1967 would have received only £28,676 if he surrendered his policy in 1987. However, had he asked for the policy to be paid up, he would have received £55,513 when it matured this year. If he had continued payments until the agreed maturity date he would have received £67,027.

Another alternative would be to borrow money against the value of the policy. This can be done directly with the insurer, who is likely to offer a preferential interest rate. Norwich Union charges 12 per cent for loans set against with-profits policies.

The investor can choose whether to repay the loan during the remaining term of the policy or to leave repayment until maturity, when the loan plus rolled-up interest will be subtracted from the final payout.

The final way for the investor to raise cash from a policy is to sell it at an auction. Life insurance policy auctions are held frequently by a small number of firms, of which Foster & Cranfield is perhaps the best known.

The purchaser of a policy at auction can decide to make the policy "paid up", or can continue making payments to the insurance company until maturity. Either way, on maturity or on the death of the person who took out the policy originally, the proceeds will go to the new policy owner.

Obviously, the prices raised at auction will depend on those bidding. However, prices realised at Foster & Cranfield's March auction included £12,700 for a Scottish Amicable policy taken out in 1973, which is to mature in 1998. Scottish Amicable had quoted £8,950 as the early surrender value.

PAID UP VS SURRENDER

Calculations are based on the investor aged 24 taking out a with-profits endowment policy for £30 a month for 25 years in March 1967. The first two columns assume the policy was surrendered or made paid up in March 1987. The final shows the maturity value if premiums were paid for the full 25 years.

Company	Surround value	Paid-up value at 20 years (£)	Maturity value (£)
MALE INVESTOR			
Standard Life	28,676	55,513	67,027
Scottish Amicable	24,402	58,581	68,489
Norwich Union	26,622	48,324	60,508
Legal & General	16,566	41,793	51,040
FEMALE INVESTOR			
Standard Life	28,780	55,713	67,267
Scottish Amicable	24,451	58,721	68,643
Norwich Union	26,622	48,324	60,508
Legal & General	16,705	41,893	61,188

£10 dealing offer for readers

A NEW share-dealing service is launched today for readers of *The Times*. Offered by Hambro Clearing, a subsidiary of Hambros Bank, the postal service will allow readers to sell their shares in privatised companies for a £10 dealing charge. Up to four members of the family, with the same surname, can sell shares in the same company for one fee.

The deals can be offered at this price because large numbers of sell orders for the same

share are batched together and sold for the best price. This can cause a small delay, but all shares will be sold as early as possible on the day after receipt of the stock.

Investors will then be sent immediately a post-dated cheque for the amount the sale realised, less the commission, together with a contract note detailing the price obtained. The cheque is dated for the next Stock Exchange account day when payment is due to the share seller. It

should not be banked before that date, which will be highlighted on the cheque.

No advice is given to people dealing, as it is an execution-only service. Shareholders must sell all their stock in any one company. Hambros is unable to deal with part sales.

The company estimates that it can handle 5,000 deals a day through its Cardiff dealing centre, and its other offices can be brought on line to help out if demand warrants it.

THE TIMES PORTFOLIO DEALING SERVICE

IN ASSOCIATION WITH
HAMBRO CLEARING LIMITED

A LOW COST SHARE SELLING SERVICE FOR PRIVATISATION STOCKS

Privatisations - £10 for individual sales

plus £2 for each additional family member up to 4 members (same surname and same address).

HOW TO SELL

To qualify for selling shares through Hambro Clearing at the advertised rates:

- Fill in the coupon tickling the appropriate boxes indicating the stocks you wish to sell.
- Check to see if the relevant certificate has a form of the stock on the back. If there is a form sign it where marked. If not, upon receipt of your certificates, Hambro Clearing will send you a separate transfer which is to be signed by you. Your shares cannot be sold until the transfer form has been returned signed by you.

2. By first class post send the completed coupon and relevant share certificate to the Hambro Clearing address on the coupon.

4. Hambro Clearing will sell your shares the day after receipt of your signed certificate where appropriate the separate transfer form.

5. A contract note and cheque post dated for the next Stock Exchange Account Day less the Hambro Clearing selling rate will be sent by post.

6. YOU MUST SELL ALL YOUR SHAREHOLDINGS IN ANY ONE COMPANY AS DETAILED ON YOUR CERTIFICATE.

7. If you have any queries, please do not hesitate to call on 0222 473 600.

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Anglian

Southern

Thames

Wessex

Severn Trent

Northumbrian

South West

Welsh

Yorkshire

WATER SHARES



Great expectations: People are unrealistic about bargains at police auctions, says Alan Davies, auctioneer

By LINDSAY COOK
MONEY EDITOR

A CAR for a tenth of its retail price or an IBM computer for £10 - these are the bargains promised in advertisements referring to "government auctions".

Since November, Carnell, a publishing company, has sold tens of thousands of copies of *The Government Auction Handbook*, a guide to auctions of goods seized from taxpayers who have not paid their bills, or from bankrupt companies.

The publishers say that it is in the interest of government departments, liquidators and bailiffs "to keep the whole procedure as quiet as humanly possible. This has been the case for many years, but now it's your turn to get in on the act".

The government departments concerned deny that there are easy pickings and they say that the sales are in no way secret. They are widely advertised. In many cases the sellers have a public duty to get the best prices possible and are not, as Carnell Ltd claims "... only interested in liquidating these goods quickly".

A director of the company said that the book was a comprehensive guide to the sale of the stock of all liquidated companies.

One handbook buyer is said in the advertisements to have paid £750 for an E-Type Jaguar that had been confiscated by Customs & Excise because it was used for smuggling drugs. The car, according to the advertisement, was later sold for £30,000.

Other bargains were said to have included an electronic typewriter with a retail price

Bankruptcy bargains prove elusive

of £650, sold for £18, and a case of 12 bottles of Glenfiddich whisky, worth £120, sold for £40.

Alan Davies, managing director of Dowell Lloyd of Putney, London, which has auctioned items for the police and Customs & Excise regularly received queries, he said. He also publishes catalogues for all sales, and customers can be put on the mailing list to receive all of them for £40 a year.

"If we get a case of whisky it sells for £85 or £90. We take bids from people who cannot attend the auctions because they are at work. Some of these are totally unrealistic. I had one this week for eight bottles of champagne and four of wine. It was for £15. There is no way a case of wine will go for that when there are hundreds of people ready to bid."

"People expect to get a £300 mountain bike for £10. A mountain bike will sell for probably £200 but it would cost £800 or more new in the shops."

Since the guide started being published, his monthly auctions for the Metropolitan Police have attracted many more customers. Four to five hundred people viewing the lots used to be normal. The number can now top 2,000. On Thursday, about 800 people attended a sale of 700 lots.

"They started to queue at 7.20 am - two hours before the sale. One woman asked for her money back on the handbook because the prices were too high. She thought it was an official government book and that we published it."

Mr Davies added that none of his police or Customs &

Excise sales could be described as secret. Every police station in London had the address of the auction house, and the Customs & Excise regularly received queries, he said. He also publishes catalogues for all sales, and customers can be put on the mailing list to receive all of them for £40 a year.

"The British Railways Board does not sell lost property by auction. Dealers bid for umbrellas or other items on a contract basis. On April 16, an auction of British Rail cars and vans will be held for the first time in Raynesway, Derbyshire, by ADT Auctions. In the past, their vehicles have been included in general sales."

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Before you look to your future, look to our past.

**The account
lingers on**

From K. M. Stanley

Sir, Regarding the letter from B. J. Smith (March 28), I cut up and sent back my Access card in October 1991, paid my final bill, and received confirmation my account was cancelled.

However, I did not appreciate that cancelled is not the same as will not accept any more debits on the account. In January, I received a bill for a Book Club item which the Book Club have debited in error.

Numerous letters to Access have produced no useful response. In fact, Access seem to delight in writing replies which manage to answer nothing, merely refer you back to the retailer. Nor can I get them to confirm they will not accept any more debits, surely the point of cancelling a card?

In March, a further bill appeared. My insurance company used the Access number instead of a later Visa number. The insurance company assure me they couldn't have debited the Access account if it was cancelled.

Presumably, if I was a bad payer Access would find a way to stop accepting debits! Good luck, B. J. Smith.

Yours faithfully,
K. M. STANLEY,
101 Habershon Street,
Sutton, Lancashire.

Letters are welcomed, but *The Times* regrets that it cannot give individual replies or advice. No legal responsibility can be accepted for advice or statements made in these columns and independent professional advice should be sought.

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LETTERS

Someone tells me, you want to rub out
The Don



Entitled to exercise 'name only' option

From Craig Cockburn

Sir, I read with interest the letters on titles (March 21). I share a similar experience to Prof. Wilson. Bank of Scotland will not print my full forename on my Mastercard, also for "security reasons", despite my forename appearing in my signature on the reverse of the card!

Regarding F. L. Aburrow's letter — the Royal Bank of Scotland used to print "Esq" next to my name too, until I pointed out to them that Esq is an appendage which only a very small percentage of people are entitled to use. Titles — even "Mr" and "Ms" — are optional, and I should decide how my name is used. I like to keep things simple — I just use my forename and surname. No titles, no abbreviations and no appendages. Unfortunately, the great majority of computer systems insist that my forename is replaced with the letters "Mr C".

Both Coutts & Co. and Lloyds do so unless requested otherwise — both of which reprinted my next cheque books when I explained that there were occasions when I did not wish it known whether I was Miss or Mrs. Incidentally, I have always understood that a cheque should be made out in the manner in which the recipient would sign it.

Yours faithfully,
CRAIG COCKBURN,
34 Baker Street,
Reading, Berkshire.

From Prof. R. M. S. Wilson
Sir, I fear that Patrick A. Hill (March 28) misses both the points of my earlier letter (March 21), which, incidentally, I fear, was not published.

Yours faithfully,
MARY E. JELLEY,
The Shepherd's Cottage,
Churn, Wiltshire.

Cross to bear

From D. J. Wilson

Sir, I read with interest the article by Liz Dolan on the 1992 Cheques Act, and the move by the big banks to introduce cheques carrying "account payee" (March 28).

While it is true that cheques are not passed from hand to hand to the same extent as bills of exchange, there are occasions when cheques are endorsed to make them payable to a party other than the original payee. A good example is when a payee wishes to pay the cheque into a building society account. The cashier will ask the payee to sign on the back of the cheque, in effect making the cheque payable to another party. If, as is usual, the payee signs on the back without designating the particular building society as the new payee, then the cheque becomes payable to bearer. A safeguard has been to write the name of the society in addition to signing.

However, with the new restriction, "account payee only", it will not be possible to pay cheques into a building society account in this way. Is there a way around this problem?

Yours faithfully,
D. J. WILSON,
7 Edgcumbe Green,
St Austell, Cornwall.

From Miss Mary Jelley

Sir,

Mr. Gavin A. St Pier

(March 7) may be qualified to be addressed by the much abused title of Esquire, but he is not correct when he states that "only NatWest as a matter of routine prefix your name with a title".

Both Coutts & Co. and Lloyds do so unless requested otherwise — both of which reprinted my next cheque books when I explained that there were occasions when I did not wish it known whether I was Miss or Mrs.

Incidentally, I have always understood that a cheque should be made out in the manner in which the recipient would sign it.

Yours faithfully,
MARGARET E. BROWN,
Pine Lodge,
East End Road,
Charlton Kings,
Cheltenham,
Gloucestershire.

From Action Group

Action group aims to recover deposits lost in bank failure

From Mr. John White

Sir, I am forming a Depositors' Action Group to recover depositors' savings in full from the National Guardian Mortgage Corporation, or from those responsible for allowing the bank to continue to take deposits while apparently insolvent. We will also aim to investigate the reasons

for the sudden and unexpected demise of the bank.

I should be very grateful if you could let your readers know about the group so that any other unfortunate depositors can contact me.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN WHIT

PO Box 664,
Andover,
Hampshire,
SP10 5JL.

Telephone: 0264 772828.

Administrators have refused to release the names and addresses of depositors, so any publicity you can give would be very helpful.

Yours faithfully,

JOHN WHIT

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Hampshire,
SP10 5JL.

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SP10 5JL.

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Portfolio

PLATINUM

From your Portfolio Platinum card check your eight share price movements on this page only. And these prices to your running total. The figure in the box is the total weekly dividend figure on this page. If it matches the figure, you have won a cash gift or a £100 cash prize. If it doesn't match, stand if you win. Follow the claim procedure on the back of your card. You can also claim a £10 cash prize if you are claiming. Game rules appear on the back of your card.

No	Company	Group	Shares or Units	Price £	No. of Sh.	Yld %	P/E
1	Lambert	Shoe Lth	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
2	Sheffield Impl	Building Rds	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
3	Browne	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
4	Dairy Farm Ind	Dairy Prod	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
5	Unit Newspegs	Newspaper/Pub	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
6	Wembley	Leisure	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
7	AB Food	Food	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
8	Southwest	Newspaper/Pub	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
9	Williams Hldg	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
10	ICL	Chem./Fer	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
11	LASMO	Oil/Gas	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
12	Invicta Dns	Breweries	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
13	Taylor Woodrow	Building/Rds	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
14	Rank Org	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
15	Enterprise	Oil/Gas	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
16	Mulhouse Elect	Electrical	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
17	Broadland	Property	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
18	Bluedot Toys	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
19	Providence	Bank/Div	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
20	St Modwen Prop	Property	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
21	Seven Trust	Water	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
22	Transport Dev	Transport	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
23	Medeva	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
24	Bracewell Johnson	Building/Rds	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
25	THORN EMI	Electrical	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
26	Tomkins	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
27	Guthrie	Breweries	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
28	Brunn	Paper/Print	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
29	Ladbrokes	Horse/Cas	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
30	Potomac	Oil/Gas	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
31	Dulley	Food	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
32	Kwik Save	Food	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
33	Abbey Natl	Bank/Div	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
34	First Tech	Electrical	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
35	Lenovo	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
36	Sanderson Elec	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
37	North West	Water	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
38	WLT CP	Leisure	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
39	Cray Elec	Electrical	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
40	Yorkshire W.	Water	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
41	Spring Room	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
42	Summa Card	Oil/Gas	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
43	Nicola (DN)	Foods	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
44	MB-Cardano	Industrial	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5
45	Times Newspapers Ltd	Total	100	1.10	100	1.10	12.5

Please take into account any minus signs

Weekly Dividends							
Please make a note of your daily goals for the weekly dividend of £4,000 in today's newspaper.							
MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN	WEEKLY
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Four readers shared the Portfolio Platinum prize yesterday. Mr Michael Freeman of Croxley Green, Hertfordshire, Mr P.R. McGarvey, of Dartford, Kent, Mrs Sophie Jacobs, of London NW8, and Mrs Lesley Lancaster, of Maldon, Essex, each receive £500.

1991/92 High/Low Company Price £ Net Yld % P/E

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Cup history unlikely to repeat itself

Bath will have an extra incentive to win at Kingsholm

BY DAVID HANDS, RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

WE HAVE been here before. Three years ago Bath went to Gloucester in the semi-finals of the Pilkington Cup and won 6-3; on the same day Harlequins were losing 16-7, on their own ground, to Leicester, and thus let slip the title which now they hold once more.

It would, though, be a brave man who put money on the same thing happening today. Bath know exactly what waits for them at Kingsholm from a Gloucester side buoyed by the recovery of all but one of their five casualties of a week ago, the exception being at hooker where they can bring Kevin Dunn, a B cap, in to replace John Hawker, who has a dislocated shoulder.

Harlequins, too, are significantly stronger than three years ago, even without the injured Jason Leonard and Andrew Harriman. As predicted they have introduced Troy Coker at lock, moved Richard Langhorn to No. 8 but retained David Pears at stand-off half, ahead of the promising but inexperienced Paul Challinor.

Form suggests a Bath-Harlequins final, which would be a novelty since these two gladiators of the contemporary English game have not met at Twickenham. But Bath, winners over Gloucester in the League by 29-9 in February at home, know the dangers of going to Gloucester as favourites; they will be sustained by the desire to win the cup, however. In case their league title goes to Orelli, who must be champions if they win

their remaining three games.

The England selectors will watch with particular interest the confrontation at stand-off half between Neil Matthews and Stuart Barnes. The B party to tour New Zealand will be announced in nine days' time and there is every prospect of Barnes, the old hand, captaining the team and Matthews, the youngster, travelling as his deputy. Matthews knows that he is one of several who might be chosen. But he has sustained his form throughout the season where others have not.

One of his rivals, Gerry Ainscough, will be playing for Leicester at the Stoop, where he failed to make an impression a week ago as Leicester slipped to a 20-13 league defeat. On that occasion Leicester lacked bite in midfield and were unable to bring their speedy wings, Tony Underwood and Steve Hackney, into play; they scored all but three of their points with the

game long gone. Whether they can do that better today may depend upon how well Darren Grawcock can come to terms with the occasion.

He replaces the injured Adiel Kardooni at scrum half while, to their in-form players, Harlequins have been able to add Coker, the Australian who returned to this country on Monday.

Will Carling, the England captain, was the first to agree that Coker's is a huge physical presence and Leicester were troubled last week to pull down the big Harlequins forwards.

None the less, in four previous cup meetings, Harlequins have yet to win and they will expect as hard an encounter as Nottingham gave them at this stage last season, in a game which went to extra time. Gloucester and Bath have played five cup games, Gloucester winning the first two, in 1972 and 1973, and Bath the more recent encounters, notably the 1990 final when they positively wiped the floor with their West Country rivals. That meeting, too, may remain in Gloucester's minds.

Wells needs no reminding. He has been part of unconsidered Leicester sides for the last ten years and speaks with some affection of the "Leicester system" which may not create glamorous players, in the way Harlequins do, but does produce effective teams, replete with those who are not necessarily the most talented performers but who make up for their deficiencies with hard work and a pride in the position Leicester occupy in English rugby.

"It's a question of whether we can do the graft and overcome what Harlequins have to offer," he says. "They will show a lot more than they did in the league match last week but I think we will too. They did dominate in an area which is important — the lineout — and if we can negate that it will make the contest more even."

But Wells, aged 28, has been down the same road before, notably in the 1989 final when, against Bath's galaxy of England players, Leicester clung on before going down to a very late try by Stuart Barnes and a 10-6 defeat. His skills have been acknowledged with six England B appearances in 1988-9, a place in an England XV against Italy in 1990, and a final trial appearance in 1988 when he was in the back row of a senior side which lost 13-7 to the Rest and was overtaken by one of today's opponents, Mickey Skinner.

In an era when selectors

GLoucester: T Smith, J Parsons, D Conner, D Grawcock, J Phipps, M Heron, J Jones, K Dunn, R Pashley, P Ashurst, N Barnes, D Sims, J Smith, S Matthews, G Dunn, J Williams, G Hinchliffe, G Davis, V Llobo, D Egerton, M Hinchliffe, A Stevenson, B Morris, M HARLEQUINS: T. Coker, R. Langhorn, S. Kardooni, W. Carling, G. Thompson, D. Pears, R. Grawcock, M. Hobley, B. Moore, C. Tressler, M. Sainsbury, E. Edwards, T. Coker, P. Williams, P. J. Williams, J. Dunn, M. Pool, N. Cook, D. Richards.

Leicester: J. Lee, T. Underwood, I. P. Williams, L. Barnes, R. Underwood, G. Ainscough, J. Williams, G. Price, C. Tressler, D. Gerforth, J. Wells, M. Monahan, M. Pool, N. Cook, D. Richards.

Coker: a timely return

One final repeat is enough

BY BARRY TROWBRIDGE

BRADFORD Salem and Bicester return to Twickenham today for a repeat of last spring's inaugural Provincial Insurance Cup final, but do so in the knowledge that they have become too good to qualify for the competition next season.

Last April, Salem had built up a 17-0 lead before Bicester settled, and only a long stoppage for injury late in the game, during which Salem regrouped, prevented the Oxfordshire side from getting closer than the 17-12 final margin. Simon Grater, the Bicester captain, has other ideas for today. "Last season, they caught us cold," he said. "We seemed content just to have got to Twickenham. This year, we're regarding it more as just a difficult match against Salem; that's the priority."

Assuming the competition becomes firmly established, it would be fitting if Bicester's name was added to the trophy, such as has been their contribution to the first two years. Salem, of course, will have other ideas.

Old Boys suffer identity crisis

BY OWEN JENKINS

PONTYPRIDD might be excused for being rather confused as to which side will be taking the field against them in the Schweppes Cup quarter-finals today.

Will it be Cardiff High School Old Boys or Cardiff Harlequins? The club is the former; the team is the latter. Traditionally, the club was for former pupils of Cardiff High School but, to attract support and ensure the club flourished, it was decided they would trade as Cardiff Harlequins.

"We are like a limited company, with a trading style, and we mustn't be seen to be a closed shop, which is an impression we gave," Gerry Price, the Old Boys secretary, said.

Andy Martin, the former Harlequins blue and player with Cardiff Bridgend and Abergavenny, plays at centre today. He is an Old Boy himself and supports the Harlequins initiative.

"Although the Harlequins title is slightly tongue in cheek, the High School did originally play on the Harlequins' ground," he said. "We were looking for a name to

break down the barriers to open up the club.

"It is one of the most positive steps the club has taken, along with its commitment to the continuity of its youth policy over the last two years. The club very much wants to be affiliated with the school but we have to attract players from further afield."

Harlequins should provide Pontypridd with formidable opposition. They accounted for Abertillery, of the Heineken League second division, 17-0 in the last round.

They are one point away from qualifying for the fourth division of the Heineken League and we mustn't be seen to be a closed shop, which is an impression we gave," Gerry Price, the Old Boys secretary, said.

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Cool Ground weighted to complete big double

IT IS 58 years since Golden Miller became the first horse to win the Cheltenham Gold Cup and the Grand National in the same year.

I believe COOL GROUND can follow in his footsteps at Liverpool today, just 12 months after Garrison Savannah went so close to landing the famous double last spring.

Docklands Express, Twin Oaks and Brown Windsor, three other class horses in the field, are taken to fill the minor placings, while Royal Battery is nominated as the best outsider.

From a handicapper's point of view, Cool Ground will never have a better chance with only 1st 1lb to carry.

He has been set to give Twin Oaks 7lb in the Scottish National in light of his achievement at Cheltenham.

Today, he will be receiving 6lb from him because this handicap was framed long before he won the Gold Cup. On that occasion a reportedly below-par Twin Oaks was eight-and-a-half lengths adrift in third place.

Much has been made of the fact that Cool Ground had a hard race in the Gold Cup. However, he has had three weeks in which to recover from Cheltenham and I also have his trainer Toby Balding's assurance that he has thrived in the meantime.

His form this season has certainly been progressive. Having already won the National with Highland Wedding and Little Poirot, Balding knows what he is required.

Twin Oaks, a free-running, bold jumper, who has the physique to carry 1st 7lb, has had tremendous success at Haydock these past two seasons.

That does not mean that he will not be equally effective at Liverpool now that he has shaken off the effects of a virus that was troubling him last time when he only managed third place behind Cool Ground and Kildimo in the Greenhills Gold Cup.

On the face of it, that was not a bad performance since he was endeavouring to give the subsequent Gold Cup winner 7lb.

Nevertheless, the odds look stacked against Twin Oaks today as he will be meeting



Balding: chasing third National win

Morley Street can land hurdle treble

AS a prelude to his assault on the Grand National, Toby Balding can win the Martell Aintree Hurdle again with Morley Street (Mandarin writes).

The former champion hurdler has been triumphant on the corresponding occasion for the past two seasons following the 1989 victory of stable companion Beech Road.

In hindsight, Morley Street was not at his best when he finished only sixth in last month's Champion Hurdle, which obviously came too soon after a setback. Since Cheltenham, though, his preparation for today's race

MICHAEL PHILLIPS

Cool Ground on only 1lb better terms.

Docklands Express, who is also said to have flourished since finishing third in the Gold Cup, has length to make up on Cool Ground on 1lb worse terms.

Before he ran in the National last year, his trainer Kim Bailey, who won the race in 1990 with Mr Frisk, predicted that Docklands Express would either win or fall at the first.

Sadly, he was right on the second count. Basically, though, Docklands Express is a good jumper who should be there or thereabouts at the finish.

Brown Windsor, who has also won a Whitbread Gold Cup, has had a different campaign this year compared with the one that preceded his fourth behind Mr Frisk two years ago.

In hindsight, his trainer Nicky Henderson now feels that he'd gone over the top by the time that he got to Liverpool that year following a very hard race in the Cathcart at Cheltenham.

This time Brown Windsor enters the fray as fresh as new paint following a deliberately light campaign, then culminated in a victory at Sandown two weeks ago.

He has shown that he can jump around Liverpool and he will be ridden by Richard Dunwoody, who partnered Twin Oaks to that famous victory in 1986. Brown Windsor will also be wearing blinkers for the first time in the hope that they will put an additional edge on him.

So too will Bonanza Boy, who finished fifth last year. Like last year's winner, Seagram, Bonanza Boy has been most disappointing this season.

Auntie Dot and Over The Road, who finished third and fourth respectively behind Seagram and Garrison Savannah 12 months ago, will also be in action again. Of the two, I prefer Auntie Dot as Over The Road met with a bit of a setback after his last race.

Also, the ground is unlikely to be soft enough for Over The Road, an observation that also applies to Laura's Beau, the most fancied of the Irish challengers.

As Party Politics could not bear either Cool Ground or Twin Oaks at Haydock last time, it is difficult to envisage him doing so now.

Martin Pipe has worked numerous miracles in his time. He will surely surpass all those achievements if he manages to win today's race with last year's Irish National winner, Omerta, who has not raced this season.

While two-and-a-half miles is arguably Romany King's best trip, he should prove a good second string for Toby Balding, while Chris Grant can enjoy another fine ride on Stay On Tracks.

GRAND NATIONAL RUNNERS AND RIDERS BBC1

4.00 MARTELL GRAND NATIONAL (Handicap: grade III: £99,943; 4m 4f) (40 runners)

401 1P/P113 TWIN OAKS 35 (BF,G,S) (J Morson) G Richards 12-11-7	N Doughty	91
402 654UP5 SEAGRAM 14 (CD,F,G,S) (Sir Eric Parker) D Barons 12-11-4	N Hawke	86
403 232513 DOCKLANDS EXPRESS 23 (F,G,S) (R Balnes) K Bailey 10-11-2	P Scudamore	97
404 P21011 COOL GROUND 23 (G,S) (Whitcombe Manor Racing Stables Ltd) G Balding 10-11-1	M Lynch	89
405 544P0 BONANZA BOY 21 (BF,G,S) (News International) M Pipe 11-10-11	S Smith Eccles	80
406 024082 ROC DE PRINCE 35 (G,S) (Mrs D Thompson) T Welsh (Ire) 9-10-9	B Sheridan	84
407 214/051 BROWN WINDSOR 28 (BF,G,S) (W Shand Kydd) N Henderson 10-10-8	R Dunwoody	90
408 1P/2265 PARTY POLITICS 35 (F,G,S) (Mrs D Thompson) N Gasslee 8-10-7	C Llewellyn	87
409 311240 AUNTIE DOT 23 (F,G,S) (Mrs R Wilson) J Webber 11-10-7	M Dwyer	84
410 8P/1125 OMERTA 343 (G,S) (Mrs E McMorris) M Pipe 12-10-4	L Wyer	84
411 111334 ROMANY KING 23 (G,S) (L Garrett) G Balding 8-10-3	R Guest	90
412 8P/21-P3 HUNTWORTH 11 (F,G,S) (A Walter) M Pipe 12-10-2	M Richards	82
413 P1/433 WILLSFORD 21 (BF,BF,G,S) (A Kaplan) Mrs J Pitman 9-10-0	M Bowley	88
414 024336 GHOFAR 42 (BF,G,S) (Sir Hugh Dundas) D Esworth 9-10-0	H Davies	82
415 44P865 WHAT'S THE CRACK 23 (B,G) (J Wright) Miss H Knight 9-10-0	J Osborne	84
416 1P0882 HAWTHORPE 34 (B,G,S) (Mrs H McCormick) M Morris (Ire) 8-10-0	K O'Brien	84
417 110504 KARAKTER REFERENCE 42 (F,G) (Mrs P Doorgham) R O'Sullivan 10-10-0	D O'Sullivan	77
418 3325P1 LAURA'S BEAU 21 (B,G,S) (J McManus) F Berry (Ire) 8-10-0	C O'Dwyer	84
419 223112 STAY ON TRACKS 43 (F,G,S) (P Piller) W A Stephenson 10-10-0	G Grant	81
420 P14620 ROWLANDSONS JEWELS 23 (F,G,S) (Rowlandsons Ltd) D Murray Smith 11-10-0	D O'Connor	86
421 6-2205 CLOONEY GRANGE 18 (BF,F) (E O'Dwyer) J O'Connor (Ire) 10-10-0	R Beggar	87
422 121200 SIRRAH JAY 2 (F,G,S) (J Gale) G Balding 12-10-0	R Supple	80
423 6-0333 OVER THE ROAD 10 (G,S) (J Upson) J Upson 11-10-0	R Bellamy	81

Long handicap: Huntsworth 9-13, Willsford 9-11, Ghofar 9-11, Whals The Creek, Rawhie 9-9, Karakter Reference 9-9, Laura's Beau 9-9, Stay On Tracks 9-8, Rowlandsons Jewels 9-8, Clooney Grange 9-6, Sarah Jay 9-6, Over The Road 9-5, New Halen 9-2, Hotplate 9-1, Mister Ed 9-1, Golden Minstrel 9-1, Old Applejack 8-3, Rubika 8-3, Royal Battery 8-2, Team Challenge 8-2, Just So 8-1, Golden Fox 8-2, Mighty Falcon 8-2, Stearns 8-2, Forest Ranger 8-2, Kittering 8-2, Honeybeer Head 8-2, Stearns 8-2, Honeybeer Head 8-2.

BETTING: 8-1 Docklands Express, 9-1 Cool Ground, 10-1 Twin Oaks, 11-1 Brown Windsor, 12-1 Auntie Dot, Laura's Beau, 16-1 Romany King, 18-1 Party Politics, Over The Road, Stay On Tracks, 20-1 What's The Crack, Willsford, 23-1 Ghofar, Rubika, 40-1 Bonanza Boy, 1 Hotplate, Roc De Prince, Seagram, 50-1 Huntsworth, Just So, Omerta, Royal Battery, 66-1 Karakter Reference, New Halen, Old Applejack, Rawhie, Rowlandsons Jewels, Sirrah Jay, 100-1 Mighty Falcon, Mister Ed, Radical Lady, Team Challenge, 150-1 Golden Fox, Golden Minstrel, 200-1 Clooney Grange, Forest Ranger, Honeybeer Head, Kittering, 250-1 Stearns, Why So Hasty.

1991: SEAGRAM 11-10-6 N Hawke (12-1) D Barons 40 ran

Comprehensive form guide for all the Grand National contestants

TWIN OAKS

Feb 20, Haydock, good to soft: see COOL GROUND
Jan 18, Haydock, good: (11-10) beat Gold Options (10-10) 5f with ROMANY KING (10-10) 3rd and AUNTIE DOT (11-1) 5th; ROWLANDSONS JEWELS (10-11) 7th; TWIN OAKS (5m, grade II, limited h'cap chase, 16f, 2000, 8 ran)

Jan 24, Haydock, good: (11-10) beat Toureen Prince (10-13) 5th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 6th; TWIN OAKS (5m, 8 ran)

Dec 21, Cheltenham, good to soft: see PARTY POLITICS

SEAGRAM

Mar 21, Newbury, good to firm: (11-2) 19th 5th to Arctic Cat (12-0) 3m, h'cap chase, 59, 18 ran

Mar 22, Cheltenham, good to firm: ROMANY KING

Mar 23, Newbury, good to firm: (11-2) 19th 5th to ROMANY KING (10-10) 6th; TWIN OAKS (11-1) 5th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 7th; TEAM CHALLENGE (10-10) 19th 5th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 8th; TWIN OAKS (11-1) 11th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 9th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 10th; TWIN OAKS (11-1) 11th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 12th; TEAM CHALLENGE (10-10) 13th 5th to ROMANY KING (10-10) 13th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 14th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 15th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 16th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 17th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 18th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 19th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 20th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 21st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 22nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 23rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 24th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 25th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 26th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 27th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 28th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 29th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 30th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 31st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 32nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 33rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 34th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 35th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 36th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 37th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 38th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 39th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 40th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 41st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 42nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 43rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 44th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 45th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 46th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 47th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 48th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 49th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 50th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 51st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 52nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 53rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 54th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 55th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 56th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 57th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 58th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 59th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 60th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 61st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 62nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 63rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 64th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 65th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 66th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 67th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 68th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 69th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 70th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 71st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 72nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 73rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 74th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 75th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 76th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 77th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 78th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 79th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 80th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 81st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 82nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 83rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 84th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 85th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 86th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 87th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 88th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 89th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 90th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 91st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 92nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 93rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 94th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 95th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 96th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 97th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 98th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 99th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 100th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 101st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 102nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 103rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 104th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 105th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 106th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 107th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 108th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 109th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 110th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 111th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 112th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 113th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 114th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 115th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 116th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 117th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 118th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 119th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 120th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 121st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 122nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 123rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 124th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 125th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 126th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 127th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 128th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 129th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 130th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 131st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 132nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 133rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 134th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 135th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 136th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 137th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 138th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 139th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 140th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 141st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 142nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 143rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 144th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 145th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 146th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 147th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 148th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 149th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 150th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 151st; ROMANY KING (10-10) 152nd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 153rd; ROMANY KING (10-10) 154th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 155th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 156th; ROMANY KING (10-10) 157th; ROMANY

Rival coaches expect a closely-fought encounter in the 138th Boat Race

Oxford have the edge in a conflict of styles

BY MIKE ROSEWELL, ROWING CORRESPONDENT

STEVE Royle and John Wilson, the Oxford and Cambridge coaches, agreed on one thing on the eve of the 138th Boat Race. In Wilson's words: "It is going to be very, very close."

Three weeks ago, such a comment would have been less likely. Cambridge were settled, showing pace and beating good crews. Oxford were in the doldrums, having just lost the Reading Head.

Royle and his fellow coach, Pat Sweeney, grasped the nettle, changed nearly half of the crew, and Oxford became the ultimate late developers of recent years. Today will reveal whether that development has been sufficient for Oxford to win their sixteenth Boat Race in 17 years.

Form would suggest that Cambridge will lead off the start, as they did last year, and Oxford seem to almost accept that fact.

If the weather forecasters are correct, the vital Fulham to Harrods stretch, where Oxford pushed and Cambridge faltered in 1991, is likely to be rough today and Cambridge are prepared for it.

Their American-built boat is fitted with a water-resisting strip and an internal pump. Oxford's German boat sports no such luxuries.

The crews are well matched, each with potential race winners and each with the odd question mark. In Oxford's case, Calman MacLennan and Peter Bridge in the engine room are a bonus, both of them aiming for Olympic selection.

Royle has placed his three least experienced oarsmen in vital seats. Simon Davy, at No. 7, Kingsley Poole, at 2.5pm; Oxford v Cambridge. 2.35pm; Oxford v Cambridge.

Gardiner has never experienced a 44-mile race and began rowing only two years ago after competitive swimming. It was his inclusion that largely transformed Oxford after Reading.

The Cambridge line-up has perhaps less obvious leading lights and Wilson admits that the group are "more experienced as a crew than as individuals". The potential individual race winners are there, nevertheless.

Donald Fawcett holds the middle together and the stroke, Dirk Banger, the Boat Race's first German, showed against Moseley and in the trial that he is a great "driver" of a crew.

The vital cox's seat provides

the greatest contrast in the race this year. Andrew Probert, Cambridge's Great Britain international, is the most experienced Boat Race steersman on record while Oxford's Elizabeth Chick, born into a Warrington rowing family, has been in rowing boats since she was 13 and has excelled in training.

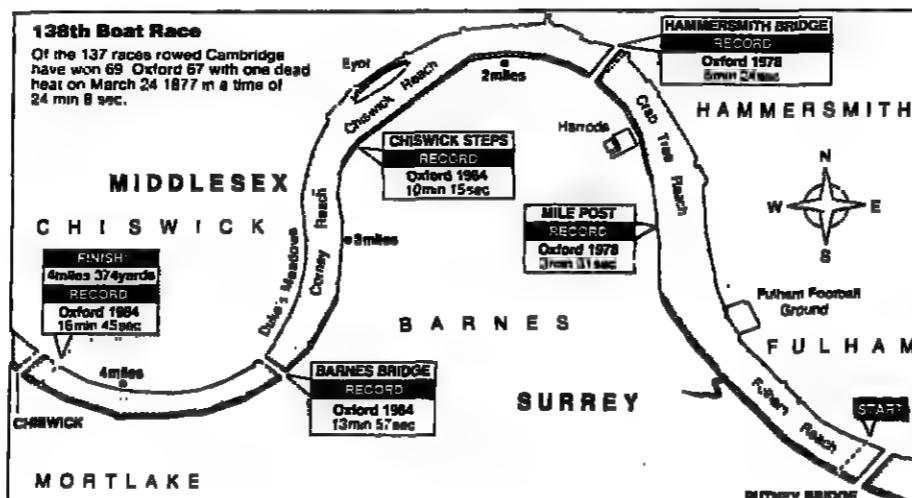
Today's crews are very different in style. Cambridge seem to produce speed with less apparent effort than Oxford. Oxford, however, have a toughness and bite about them and have already demonstrated, when they raced London University, that they do not panic when in arrears.

If Cambridge are going to win, they will have to be well ahead by Harrods. I have my doubts about that and Oxford's American president, Joe Michaels, is likely to receive the Beeslaker Trophy from his United States ambassador, Raymond Seitz, at the finish.

Today's RACES, 2.05pm; here v Goldie, 2.35pm; Oxford v Cambridge.



Calm before the storm: the Cambridge crew is put through its final preparations at Putney before taking on Oxford in the 138th Boat Race today



A course of twists and turns

THE Boat Race course meanders around a series of bends and is held on a high tide, giving the impression of plenty of room for manoeuvre (Mike Rosewell writes).

Casual spectators are perhaps bemused to see two coxes bunting for one strip of water, quite often around a bend of the river.

In reality, this apparently wide course is very narrow for a crew that wants to win. Its cox must stay in the channel

where the tide is strongest and this, over much of the course, is less than the width of two crews racing level.

Out of it, there are "flats" — as at Fulham — containing slower moving water. If the cox wanders, four cars will be in faster water than the other four, causing a lack of rhythm.

Tidal problems apart, the course consists of severe bends. The first bend favours the Middlesex crew but there

is then a two-mile advantage to Surrey before Middlesex again receives the advantage. Two crews of exactly the same speed should, theoretically, finish level.

Bert Green and Jim Cobb, two watermen elders, are the cox advisers to Oxford and Cambridge respectively.

Even they admit to less than total knowledge of the historic course and its moods. Its character changes, more so recently as it is silting up.

138TH BOAT RACE: CAMBRIDGE BOAT RACE CREWS

OXFORD

Bow: Mark Justice, president (Westminster Schools), Bow: Matt Unwin and Steve Suttor, Stroke: Steve, age 25, 8ft 3in, 13st 4lb. Nationality: Australian. Home: Oxford. Studying medicine. Honour: 1990 Iota crew.

2. Nicholas Clarry, president (St John's College HS), 2nd stroke: Michael, president (St John's College HS), 3rd stroke: Steve, 4th stroke: Steve, 5th stroke: Steve, 6th stroke: Steve, 7th stroke: Steve, 8th stroke: Steve, 9th stroke: Steve, 10th stroke: Steve, 11th stroke: Steve, 12th stroke: Steve, 13th stroke: Steve, 14th stroke: Steve, 15th stroke: Steve, 16th stroke: Steve, 17th stroke: Steve, 18th stroke: Steve, 19th stroke: Steve, 20th stroke: Steve, 21st stroke: Steve, 22nd stroke: Steve, 23rd stroke: Steve, 24th stroke: Steve, 25th stroke: Steve, 26th stroke: Steve, 27th stroke: Steve, 28th stroke: Steve, 29th stroke: Steve, 30th stroke: Steve, 31st stroke: Steve, 32nd stroke: Steve, 33rd stroke: Steve, 34th stroke: Steve, 35th stroke: Steve, 36th stroke: Steve, 37th stroke: Steve, 38th stroke: Steve, 39th stroke: Steve, 40th stroke: Steve, 41st stroke: Steve, 42nd stroke: Steve, 43rd stroke: Steve, 44th stroke: Steve, 45th stroke: Steve, 46th stroke: Steve, 47th stroke: Steve, 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FOOTBALL

Souness in happy mood over FA Cup squad

By CLIVE WHITE

LIVERPOOL are standing on the brink of salvaging something tomorrow from their season of despair, knowing that this time there can be no excuses. With the exception of Dean Saunders, who is suspended, a full complement of players will be available to Graeme Souness, the manager, when he selects his team to face Portsmouth in the FA Cup semi-final at Highbury.

"I will have to be a real manager at last, someone able to make decisions instead of someone who has had his decisions made for him by injury problems," Souness said yesterday.

So as not to spoil the feeling of health and solidarity, Souness even took Saunders with the squad when it travelled south yesterday. Suddenly he is spoilt for choice right through the team. The first division is about to discover what it has been missing all season, though if Liverpool come together it will be poor Portsmouth, of the second division, who will feel the force.

Jim Smith, the Portsmouth manager, is under no illusions about the task facing his side, particularly the younger members of it. "When you look at Barnes, Houghton, Wright and Nicol waiting to come in to a side who have just won 4-0 this week, it would be a silly man who is not frightened," he said. "I'll just have to tell my lot to go to church on Sunday morning and pray that they're still injured."

Portsmouth, however, are not without hope. Any team who could dismiss Nottingham Forest as competently as they did in the semi-final must be respected. But their hopes of acquiring themselves creditably, never mind winning the tie, could depend upon the fitness of Andy Axford, their excellent young central defender, who injured a thigh muscle playing against Charlton Athletic on Tuesday.

Match that cries out for a goal

TWO years of scoreless draws suggest that, if only by the law of averages, there must be a goal this time around when Oxford and Cambridge contest the 108th University match at Craven Cottage this morning.

Oxford field an experienced side and have put behind them a recent goal drought with the return to form of Matt Mellor.

Cambridge field a number of multi-talented sportsmen with Adrian Davies, victorious captain of the rugby team last December, in midfield and Richard Pearson, the England under-19 cricketer, at the heart of their defence.

NON-LEAGUE FOOTBALL

Marine's omen may be a final beckoner

By WALTER GAMMIE

MARINE, of the HFS Loans League, break the GM Vauxhall Conference monopoly of the Vauxhall FA Trophy semi-final places when they travel to Witton Albion for today's first-leg match.

"We're very confident," Roly Howard, who last month celebrated 20 years as the Marine manager, said. "We know Witton well because they have only been out of our League for one season, and we've already got Kettering and Redbridge Forest among our scalps. Witton are on a bit of a run at the moment and I see their manager [Peter O'Brien] has just won the manager-of-the-month award. I regard that as a good thing because it always seems a bit of a jinx."

Marine's success is on a broad front. Brian Ross — "the best signing I have ever made", Howard says — scored the two goals that en-



FA CUP

Smith will leave it until late this afternoon before deciding whether or not he should play. Gavin Maguire, who earlier in the season vowed after a contract dispute that he would never play for the club again, will depose if Axford is unfit. Maguire's versatile Ian Rush, his Welsh international teammate, smacks of a mismatch.

Rush needs just four goals to bring him level with Denis Law's all-time FA Cup goalscoring record of 41. The more immediate objective is the single goal which would put him into second place on his own ahead of Alan Clarke.

Incredibly, Rush, one of the most prolific scorers of modern times, has scored only two League goals this season — reflecting Liverpool's and his own injury-plagued season.

The other semi-final, at Hillsborough between Norwich City and Sunderland, rather pales by comparison, though if Portsmouth should win the prospect of an all-second division final will loom large.

This tie brings together managers whose jobs, either been or still are under threat, hard though it is to believe.

It required desperate measures on the part of David Stringer, the Norwich manager, to pull his team around this season when they slumped to 16th position. This he did by deploying a sweeper and forsaking their short-ball game.

Even victory tomorrow might not be enough to save the neck of Malcolm Crosby, the Sunderland first team coach who has stood in for Dennis Smith since the latter's dismissal. Bob Murray, the Sunderland chairman, has made it clear that survival in the second division is of paramount importance.

Left back who is seldom left out

By CLIVE WHITE

THE second division team, announced at this week's PFA dinner, included only one Portsmouth player, yet it confirmed Jim Smith's views. "I always said players were bad judges," the Portsmouth manager remarked. "Some of the players who got into that side, well..."

What was of particular surprise to most people was that the Pompey player who was chosen did not turn out to be either Darren Anderson or Andy Axford, their two most celebrated young players, but John Beresford, their little-known hero at left back. Whatever Smith thought of the players' selection in general, he had no complaints about the choice of Beresford. "He's had an outstanding season," he said.

It has been mistakenly taken for granted that the gaggle of first division scouts who have doggedly followed Portsmouth at home and away this year have only had eyes for Anderson and Axford. Reports back to base, however, cannot have failed to give favourable mention of the small, darting fair figure who has played such a significant role in Portsmouth's revival.

Smith has an inkling that after tomorrow's televised FA Cup semi-final against Liverpool at Highbury, Beresford will be in the thoughts of a lot more managers. He said: "He's very exciting going forward and while he still needs to work on the defensive part of his game, we tend to try to encourage him to be positive so that the opposition ends up chasing him."

"He's very quick, but he's also a good tackler, brave and can get up well for a small lad. He's got a hell of a lot going for him. I'm a bit surprised he hasn't got into one of the England B squads yet. He's definitely worth a look."

Smith's appraisal of the young player, who, like himself, from Sheffield, would probably have contrasted quite sharply with that of Billy McNeill six years ago. Beresford began his career at Maine Road and had played for England youth when McNeill, the then Manchester City manager, told him he would not make the grade.

"I was playing with the best players in my age group and then all of a sudden I was told that survival in the second division is of paramount importance.

MATCH-BY-MATCH GUIDE TO THE WEEKEND'S MATCHES

First division

Chelsea v West Ham

Clive Allen makes a quick return to West Ham but it may not be early enough to save the visitors, now 11 points adrift of survival. Elliott is back after injury to counter the threat but Town's record suspension of three games is not helped by the absence of Brecker, who is suspended, and double about Small and Stater.

Coventry v Arsenal

The three bottom clubs must see the decline of Coventry and not see how far they have fallen. Souness, on loan from Aston Villa, makes his debut for Leed, while eighth-placed Coventry must be recalled in place of Day, who has a cracked finger. Wimbledon are unchanged.

Crystal Palace v Everton

A match of mid-table meaningfulness if ever there was one. With McGoldrick still injured, Palace are the better midfield and bring back Mortimer.

Luton v Wimbledon

Luton must hope that their own weekend has rejuvenated them while Wimbledon are still wary from having to perform for the second time in 48 hours. Varadi, on loan from Leeds, makes his debut for Luton, while eighth-placed Coventry must be recalled in place of Day, who has a cracked finger. Wimbledon are unchanged.

Manchester City v Leeds

If only for the sake of their own pride, City need to get their season back on track. They must do so without a win or even a goal. United and Currie face fitness tests. Leeds, for whom Whyte returns after suspension, must earn a draw if they are to overtake United at the top of the table. United, who do not bear thinking about for Leed, who cannot afford to lose further ground after last week's home draw against West Ham.

Nottingham Forest v Sheff Wed

Even Wednesday's improved away form deserted them last week at Oldham, so they cannot be confident about a visit to the JJB Stadium. Their defeat to Wednesday on Thursday, Sheridan's return and that of Worthington after lengthy injuries should lift Wednesday who include former Forest players in their squad.

Southampton v QPR

By switching their best performances from the cups to the League in recent weeks Southampton have virtually ensured their first division survival and may be happy with a draw. QPR, however, are one of the most form teams. Rangers, who have been beaten only once in 19 League games, recall Maddie for the first time in more than four months and return for Peacock, who is suspended. Sherard returns after suspension but Le Tissier and Home are unavailable.

Tottenham v Aston Villa

A third consecutive win at home, unless the visitors manage to win the season, would go no amiss. If Tottenham are to breathe more

confidence, it would be good to see them beat Villa.

Match compiled by Clive White



Talking a great game: Jim Smith, the Portsmouth manager, enthuses about the promise demonstrated by Beresford, the club's left back

I was not good enough," he said. "It was terrific to know my confidence."

Fortunately for Beresford, the view of McNeill was not shared by another member of the Maine Road staff — Neil McNab. "He pulled me aside and said, 'don't ever doubt your ability because I believe in you'." It gave me the boost to carry on and I owe Neil a lot for that. Even so, the move to John Gregory, who was then the Portsmouth manager, "was a surprise". Allan Clarke is not back in management.

"I'm surprised Allan Clarke is not back in management," Beresford said. "The job he did at Barnsley was phenomenal."

Beresford eventually established himself as a firm favourite among many at Oakwell where Allan Clarke assembled a formidable team

only to be forced to dismember it before its potential could be realised.

Steve Agnew, Carl

nor Afwird, 19, are keen to leave the club at such a fragile stage of their careers and Beresford, who at 24 is comparatively an old hand, might be a more realistic target. His contract expires this summer.

Both Anderson and Axford have the potential to go a long way," Beresford said. "Darren could do with another couple of years here to improve his confidence. If he were to move at this time with the kind of price tag they are talking about on his head it would be hard for him to live with."

Confidence is not a quality which the perky, personable Beresford lacks. He failed to convert a penalty for the first time in six attempts this season on Tuesday but would be more than happy to accept the responsibility at Highbury.

Portsmouth fall to board the Premier League gravy train this season, they, too, could find themselves forced to part company with one of their prize assets. Neither Anderson, who is 20, nor Afwird, 19, are keen to leave the club at such a fragile stage of their careers and Beresford, who at 24 is comparatively an old hand, might be a more realistic target. His contract expires this summer.

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- RUGBY UNION 30
- RACING 31-33
- FOOTBALL 35

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

Scudamore keeps his career in perspective



By RICHARD EVANS
RACING CORRESPONDENT

If racing's law of glorious uncertainty has its way this afternoon, Peter Scudamore will fulfil a lifetime ambition and win the Martell Grand National on Docklands Express.

Less than 48 hours ago, a season that had initially brimmed with promise looked to be heading nowhere for the champion jockey. After the defeat of Carville's Hill, the Cheltenham Gold Cup "certainty", Scudamore was down to ride Bonanza Boy today. He was not optimistic.

The leading rider, not far from his 34th birthday, looked set to miss out yet again from winning either of National Hunt's big prizes.

Fate and Liverpool's tough fences then intervened and, with

Anthony Tony sidelined by injury, Scudamore finds himself with an outstanding chance of Aintree glory aboard Kim Bailey's strongly fancied favourite.

Not that glory will be on the mind of the professional's professional in the weighing-room. As he envelops himself in a cocoon of pained concentration and offers up a prayer, as usual, before the big race, he knows that fantasies about what could happen must not be allowed to interfere.

In any case, the prospect of fame and stardom is not the driving force for this serious man. He talks more of honesty, politeness and respect. "Yes, I would love to win the National but if you said to me winning the National, riding 200 winners this season or 1,500 winners during my career would change my life, it won't. It doesn't. Everything goes on the same."

"Yesterday was a great day with Cyphar winning. With the National as well, it might last a week. But it is all soon forgotten. I used to get up tight about it all but John Francome used to say 'Don't worry, they are shooting people in Beirut'. Racing is a great frivolity."

"There might be five million people in the country who have a bet in the National and know who Docklands Express is. The other fifty million haven't a clue."

"The more important thing is whether that little girl, or whoever, in the hospital recovers. That is not frivolity. We are very privileged in what we are doing and you have to put it into context."

He looked at Thomas, his nine-year-old son, and added: "This is why I am riding, at the end of the day, because the boys have to go to

school and I have to earn a living."

Do not mistake his down-to-earth philosophical attitude for lack of ambition. The determination to scale jumping's peaks burns as strong as ever.

"As a jockey, I always strive to be the best. I want to be better than John Francome, Richard Dunwoody, Adrian Maguire or Jonjo. People fit you into a mould. Recently, I read an article saying I had been champion jockey six times but Adrian Maguire was the one coming up and he probably would not have to work as hard as me..."

"I have been tagged with the workhorse, hard-working jockey label. Obviously, I would prefer them to say I was a supreme genius who was a little bit moody," he added with a chuckle.

"If I can leave, my sons the

legacy my father left me, of honesty and goodwill, I will be happy. I believe his legacy as a tough, honest steeplechase jockey has been my greatest asset. We're not flash, we're not superstars, but we enjoy what we are doing."

SScudamore intends, all being well, to continue enjoying race riding for another four or five years. "I want to win the Gold Cup and the National but I won't continue riding to do that. I ride basically because I enjoy it. It is a good way of making a living and Martin Pipe and his wife, Carol, have given me such tremendous help and support."

"I enjoy working with Martin so much. I feel he is getting better and better and I don't want to miss out when he peaks. It's only in the last five or six years we have had these really wonderful horses."

Every year there is something coming through."

Despite the controversy of the Cheltenham Gold Cup, he was not disappointed by the flop of Carville's Hill. "I had done my best. The whole team had. But he was not good enough, whether or not Golden Freeze ran."

He believed the Golden Freeze incident was "distasteful" for racing and had no regrets about disclosing the alleged remarks made to him during the race by Michael Bowby, Golden Freeze's jockey.

But Carville's Hill is history. This afternoon offers new hope. Docklands Express may hold the nation's attention for only a day. For his respected jockey, it could prove the memory of a lifetime.

A to Z of runners, page 32
Race preview, page 33
Card and form guide, page 33

HUGH PINTLEOSE

Dockland Express new Aintree favourite

Maguire has to give up ride on Cool Ground

By RICHARD EVANS

MARTIN Lynch, one of National Hunt's unsung heroes, was thrust into the Martell Grand National spotlight yesterday following an unexpected call-up to ride Cool Ground, the Cheltenham Gold Cup winner.

The eleventh-hour change of jockey came after Adrian Maguire, the riding find of the season, was concussed and injured a shoulder in the opening race at Aintree when Sibton Abbey fell.

Lynch, aged 33 and born only a few miles from Maguire in Co Meath, has only ridden once before in the world's greatest steeplechase — and is not keen on recalling the experience. He was unseated from Barney Macdyke at the first fence in 1981 when Aldaniti won.

The softly spoken Irishman will sit on Cool Ground, the long-time ante-post favourite, for the first time this morning. Toby Balding's chaser is seeking to become the first horse since Golden Miller in 1934 to complete the Cheltenham Gold Cup-Grand National double in the same year. Despite the pressure of

riding a leading fancy, Lynch is taking it all in his stride. "I am delighted. It's just another race," he said. The dream ride is just reward as injury forced him to miss riding Auntie Dot last year when the mare finished third.

The switch in riders combined with the drying conditions at Aintree prompted a dramatic shake-up in the eve of race betting.

The "Big Three" bookmakers all promoted Docklands Express to favouritism after confirmation that Peter

Maguire is offering 50-1 against the Nick Gaselee-trained chaser winning the race and Labour gaining an overall victory in the general election, and 105-1 against a double with the Conservatives winning a parliamentary majority.

With a dry weather forecast for the Liverpool area, for the Liverpool area, the going should be perfect for the four-and-a-half mile marathon with a prize of £100,000 for the winner. The best backed of the 40 runners yesterday were Auntie Dot, Romany King, Stay On Tracks and What's The Crack.

Brendan Sheridan will be replaced by Charlie Swan on Roc De Prince following a navv fall yesterday.

The addition of Maguire to the growing Aintree casualty list prompted trainers and jockeys to launch strong criticism of the fences on the Midway course, half of which have been rebuilt since last year. Fergie Murphy, trainer of Sibton Abbey, has pulled out an intended runner this afternoon. "The fences are like cement walls. They are not acceptable," he said.

David Nicholson commented: "The fences are not correctly built and I have been coming here since 1951."

John Parrett, the clerk of the course, responded: "Last year everybody felt they were a bit soft. We felt it would be better to make them a little bit stiffer. That was the common consensus among trainers."

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Close of play at the Oval

ONE of the great cricket figures of the last decade has died, and has been buried at the Oval. She would like to extend this column's sympathies to all concerned, and to celebrate the life of Lucy, the Oval cat. Her career as a cricket cat began one day back in 1978, when she strolled into the pavvy, where she later had kittens. She finally pushed her luck too far when she invaded the committee room during a meeting, but her banishment was the start of a new life.

She joined the ground staff, working closely with Bill Gordon. Herdies were primarily in the workshop: "She was always with us," Gordon said. "She would always come onto the field with us, on the outfield or onto the square. Every interval during a match, she would come onto the field

with us." She has been on television times without number, and was pictured in the official history of the ground. But the ultimate accolade came when she appeared on the front page of this newspaper on September 3, 1988, in the company of Dickie Bird, a less dignified cricket person altogether.

A long, slight, delicately-made beast ("She looked like a Lucy"), she revelled in her six-acre back garden, loved the limelight, "and she was one of us for 14 years," Gordon said. She succumbed to kidney problems last week, aged around 16.

She joined the ground staff, working closely with Bill Gordon. Herdies were primarily in the workshop: "She was always with us," Gordon said. "She would always come onto the field with us, on the outfield or onto the square. Every interval during a match, she would come onto the field

SIMON BARNES ON SATURDAY

three-year ban for his own African adventuring. It seems to me like trying to get a jockey off a misuse-of-the-whip charge with the

by Geoffrey Boycott, met to rubber stamp it yesterday. Hassell has a one-year contract with him and unless there is a last-minute hitch, Tendulkar is expected to sign.

"We've already spoken to Tendulkar and his mentor, Sunil Gavaskar, and they gave me every reason to think he will come," Sir Lawrence Byford, the Yorkshire presi-

dent, said yesterday. There were voices on the committee suggesting that the search for a bowler be continued, but the demands of the sponsors, Yorkshire Television, for a world-class player were an important factor.

Martyn Moxon, the Yorkshire captain, will lead England A against Essex at Lord's starting on April 13.

plea that the horse lost anyway. This is revealed in a new book, *Graham Gooch: The Biography*, by Ivo Tannenbaum.

What a drag

What a drag

PAKISTAN cricket has spice in it: the English game has salad cream. I bring you some incidents from the recent Patron's Trophy grade two championship final between House Building Finance Corporation (HBFC) and Customs. The match was played at Karachi; the winners to be promoted to grade one, and first-class status. In the case of a draw, first-innings lead is decisive, and HBFC held that advantage. Came the fourth and final day.

HBFC bowled a total of eight overs in the first 80 minutes, while Customs were looking to have a thrash and declare quickly.

At 3.30 the umpires walked off in protest. They said Customs, now fielding, were damaging the pitch. A tournament official inspected the pitch found no evidence and, with some persuading, the umps to go back out.

The HBFC captain, Munir-ul-Haq, then complained about the condition of the ball, and 25 minutes

was spent in removing the

shoe.

The fielding side took position at 4.15. Munir, still batting, collapsed on the pitch. He was not hit or anything. He just keeled over. The umpires did not ask him to move. Another batsman was apparently sent out to replace him, but Munir stayed where he was. Play continued around him.

Play at last resumed at 4.25. HBFC lost two wickets quickly. Munir, still batting, collapsed on the pitch. He was not hit or anything. He just keeled over. The umpires did not ask him to move. Another batsman was apparently sent out to replace him, but Munir stayed where he was. Play continued around him.

With 13 over left, the light good, and HBFC wobbling at 92 for five, the umpires took the balls off and said the match was over.

Customs have protested and accused the umpires of manipulating the match for HBFC. HBFC had earlier been expelled from the tournament, for allegedly managing umpires, but were reinstated.

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WEEKEND TIMES

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

ALLSPORT



Fatal fall: Becher's Brook, the most notorious of Aintree's 30 fences, has been the downfall of many horses. In 1989, however, it claimed the lives of Brown Trix (in the sequence above) and Seandem. Public anger forced changes

Has the Grand National gone soft?

At 4pm today, 40 horses and riders will line up for the Martell Grand National, the world's greatest steeplechase. They will face the toughest, sternest challenge to man and beast. Or is it? Have the Aintree authorities and the Jockey Club combined to put a stepladder up the National Hunt's Everest?

The Grand National is still the race the jockeys want to win more than any other. For many, highly successful elsewhere, the highlight of their careers remains an unplaced clear-round in the race. Myself, I would rather win a second Grand National than I would a first Cheltenham Gold Cup. The hype is now greater than ever and the sense of achieving that impossible dream awaits the first across the line.

But the fact is that, for better or worse, the race is becoming less of a challenge than it was. It is still four miles and 856 yards over the 30 most daunting fences in the land. But the character of the Grand National is undeniably changing... for the worse.

John Parrett, Aintree's clerk of the course, has made the most radical changes since the additions of aprons. He has drained the three low areas on the course near the Canal Turn and replaced Aintree's wooden wings and the "Liverpool rail" (metal uprights with wooden top rails) with safe, plastic replicas and running rails.

These are improvements for the better. His most controversial changes were made to Becher's Brook and Valentine's Brook for 1990, although there had been no fatality at the latter since the mid-1930s. Mr Parrett's predecessor, John Hughes, had withstood enormous pressure to alter the Chair following the nine falls there in 1979. However, after the two fatalities at Becher's Brook in 1989, the panic-stricken Aintree authorities made several changes.

The right-hand running rail on landing at Becher's was pushed back, a hedge planted and sheeting erected. "People used to lean through, waving racecards and distracting horses as they were landing," Mr Parrett says. He feels this has made the most significant impact on the fence, more so than the lifting of the ditch to take away the acute "V" shape on landing, and the levelling of the backward slope.

"We tried to maintain the standard, but reduce the price of failure," Mr Parrett says. "I believe the race is now harder to win. There are always four or five in with a chance crossing the Melling Road, with horsemanship, horse and luck thoroughly tested. In the old days it was usually one horse out on its own. Since 1984, 58 per cent have

fallen to complete the race. No other chase has had a record and the result is still unpredictable. I also think it is good that we are attracting a better class of horse."

Last year I felt another change was in the stiffness of the fences. They are, after all, the same height, averaging 5ft, but whereas in the old days one could only just flick through the tops like Red Rum did so nimbly, so often, it is now possible to "walk" through some fences. The last fence in 1991 was barely bigger than the time, and for the 1961 race, spruce and gorse aprons were placed in front of the fences, take-off boards added and the tops of each fence rounded to make them more inviting and less like upright "brick walls".

"In my days as a jockey," trainer Jeff King says, "the race was won by jumping. By making the fences softer, too easy, you get a faster pace. Now it is the pace that is causing injuries."

John Bucknall steered Fontavon through the mêlée at the 23rd fence in 1967. He has been a jockey's valet since retiring in 1971. "You notice the change in jockeys' moods now. It really was a

challenge, touch-and-go whether you got round. Without fail the first thing they used to ask when they came in was whether or not everyone had come home safely; not now. The fairy-tales are disappearing and it has become a race for class horses. I feel the atmosphere disappearing."

The toughest challenge of all is picking a winner

The Grand National has always been considered the sternest test of the National Hunt season (Paul Wheeler of our racing staff writes). In the last 22 years, out of 398 runners, only 151 have completed the course. Since 1984, a total of six horses have been killed in the race.

Casualties have always been a trademark of the Grand National and alterations were finally made to the course after a public outcry in 1989 when two horses, Brown Trix and Seandem, were killed at Becher's Brook. While some die-hards may object, the truth is that racing is no longer the closed world that it once was. Through television the sport cannot remain oblivious to public scrutiny, or opinion.

The main alterations, to Becher's Brook, were an attempt to retain the challenge without exacting the ultimate price for those who fail to meet it. This was done by filling in the ditch on the landing side into which some horses had become trapped after falling. The fall in ground from the level at which the fence is jumped on the approach side was also built up.

In addition to alterations to the course in the interests of safety have been those to the com-

position of the field itself. The rules governing runners and riders have been tightened, keeping out some of the fairy-story entries of previous years; it has, however, encouraged more high-class entries for the race.

Last year's Cheltenham Gold Cup winner, Garrison Savannah, made a brave bid to become the first horse since Golden Miller in 1934 to win both races in the same season when finishing second to Seagram. And now Cool Ground, this year's winner of steeplechasing's blue ribbon, will be looking to go on.

Theoretically this does not affect most horses who jump out over it, but it does not seem quite the same on horseback. There is a greater queue of horses looking to go the quickest way now; it is not the risk once was.

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But not all jockeys are unhappy with the evolution of a new course and a new race. Some are in favour of the changes that have been implemented over the years. Brendan Powell, winner on Rhyme 'N' Reason in 1988, two years after breaking his arm at the third, reasons: "I still find it a formidable course when I walk it. It used to take the horses a while to adjust to park fences again, now Aintree leaves less of a mark on their minds."

"The organisers haven't changed much, except for the lip at Becher's; the ditches are still the same. You could possibly get away with more of a mistake, but you tell me one horse capable of jumping round any course without a single error," Powell says. "I think they

have got it about right now. It is still as exciting as it always was and when we're told to put our caps on in the changing room we still experience the same butterflies as our predecessors did 20 or 30 years ago."

So are those who called for the changes now satisfied? Maybe not the animal rights group, which delayed last year's start by eight minutes – indirectly endangering the runners, who were impatient to get going.

But the RSPCA is satisfied. David Wilkins, its chief veterinary officer, says: "Some of our members ask why we don't totally oppose the National. The answer is that if we did, we would have to do something about other long-distance chases, then we would have to think about stopping children riding cross-country. It would be impractical. There is always an element of risk and we have always looked at reducing that risk."

He believes that in the Grand National the risk was unacceptable high. "There have been a lot of changes for the better, most notably to Becher's. We also argued that an autumn race over the course would give horses another chance to acquaint themselves with the course. I'm glad to see that coming in."

"Our main worry now concerns the maximum number of runners. We would like to see it reduced from 40 to 30, which would not detract from the excitement. Also, one always hopes that trainers run fit horses – and put up skillful riders – in the race. However, it is not something you can legislate against."

The latter problem has, to a large extent, been solved by the Jockey Club's tighter rules on inexperienced riders and the stringent medicals that all jockeys must pass before being granted a licence.

However, I think the race has lost some of its romance without the likes of the Duc d'Albuerque, the great Spanish nobleman, and the American Tim Durant, the "galloping grandfather", who used to back himself at huge odds just to complete.

The duke was, first and foremost, a horseman, even if his bed in Walton Hospital was booked the same day he entered his horse in the race. Characters like these, competent but different, were as much a part of the race's rich folklore as the unforgettable Red Rums and Corbiers.

• Marcus Armitage has ridden in the Grand National three times. He won the race in 1990 on Mr Fright. This article first appeared in *The Field*. Grand National special, pages 32, 33

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WHAT'S ON

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

FILM

LA BELLE NOISEUSE (15): Jacques Rivoire's hypnotic exploration of a painter and his model, struggling to complete an abandoned painting. *Close to a Masterpiece*. With Michel Piccoli, Emmanuelle Béart, and Birthe, Chloé (071-351 374/3743) Metro (071-437 0757) Rankin (071-837 8402).

BRANCHES OF THE TREE: Four generations of middle-class Bengalis come under Satyajit Ray's microscope. Tatty but mellow disquisition on life's vicissitudes. *National Film Theatre* (071-928 3323).

BUGSY (18): Warren Beatty as Bugsy Siegel, the gangster who invented Las Vegas. Sleek, witty, dazzling to behold. Starring Annette Bening; director, Barry Levinson. *Camden Parkway* (071-267 7034) *MGM Chelsea* (071-352 5096) *Odeon: Kensington* (0426 914666) *Leicester Square* (0426 915683) *Screen on Baker Street* (071-935 2772) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

CAPE FEAR (18): Demonic ex-con Robert De Niro terrifies Nick Nolte and family. Martin Scorsese's ferocious remake of a classic revenge thriller. With Jessica Lange, Juliette Lewis. *Camden Parkway* (071-267 7034) *Empire* (071-497 9999) *MGM Baker Street* (071-935 9772) *MGM Fulham Road* (071-370 2896) *MGM Trocadero* (071-434 0031) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

CAFE (15): Demonic ex-con Robert De Niro terrifies Nick Nolte and family. Martin Scorsese's ferocious remake of a classic revenge thriller. With Jessica Lange, Juliette Lewis. *Camden Parkway* (071-267 7034) *Empire* (071-497 9999) *MGM Baker Street* (071-935 9772) *MGM Fulham Road* (071-370 2896) *MGM Trocadero* (071-434 0031) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

DECEIVED (15): Goldie Hawn as the wife who doubts her husband's identity. Psychological thriller, weak on story, but strong on atmosphere. *Damien Harris* directs. *Odeon: Kensington* (0426 914666) *West End* (0426 915574).

FREEFACE (15): Emilio Estevez is kidnapped into the future for a mind transplant. Depressing high-tech adventure; with Mick Jagger, Anthony Hopkins. Director, Geoff Murphy. *MGM Fulham Road* (071-370 2636) *MGM Haymarket* (071-639 1527) *MGM Oxford Street* (071-636 0310) *MGM Trocadero* (071-434 0031) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

FRIED GREEN TOMATOES AT THE WHISTLE STOP CAFE (12): Heart-warming lines of feisty folks down South. Shallow, but ingratiating. With Kathy Bates, Jessica Tandy, Mary Stuart Masterson; director, Jon Avnet. *Barbican* (071-838 8891) *Notting Hill Concorde* (071-727 6705) *Odeon: Haymarket* (0426 914666) *Screen on Baker Street* (071-935 2772) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

HIGH HEELS (18): Lurewarm, talkative melodrama of family secrets from Spain's master of camp, Pedro Almodóvar. With Victoria Abril, Marisa Paredes. *MGM Chelsea* (071-352 5096) *Gate* (071-727 4043) *Lumière* (071-836 0691) *Screen on the Hill* (071-435 3366).

JFK (15): Oliver Stone's contentious, electrifying, three-hour drama about the Kennedy assassination. Kevin Costner, as crusading D.A., Jim Garrison, plus a bustling supporting cast. *MGM Fulham Road* (071-370 2636) *MGM Haymarket* (071-639 1527) *MGM Oxford Street* (071-636 0310) *MGM Trocadero* (071-434 0031) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

MY OWN PRIVATE IDAHO (18): Gus Van Sant's quirky portrait of two drifters searching for a home. With River Phoenix, Keanu Reeves. *Camden Plaza* (071-485 2443) *MGM Fulham Road* (071-370 2636) *MGM Shaftesbury Avenue* (071-838 6279/379 7025) *MGM Trocadero* (071-344 0031) *Screen on the Green* (071-226 5520).

THE PRINCE OF TIDES (15): New York psychiatrist helps football coach face family secrets. *Forrest Gump*, drama grandly acted by Nick Nolte, with a Streisand directs and co-stars. *MGM Baker Street* (071-935 9772) *MGM Chelsea* (071-352 5096) *MGM Oxford Street* (071-636 0310) *MGM Trocadero* (071-434 0031) *Whiteleys* (071-792 3332).

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THE WOMAN KILLED WITH KINDNESS (15): Saska Reeves in Heywood's Yorkshire tragedy. *Kate* Mitchell's first RSC production is a vivid creation of country life. *The Pit*, *Barbican Centre*, EC2 (071-838 8891) *Previews from Thurs, 7pm, opens April 14, 7pm, then in repertory.*

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WAN GOUGH IN ENGLAND (18):

SATURDAY APRIL 4 1992

TELEVISION

Devilry over a liquid lunch

Lynne Truss analyses Kingsley Amis's pickled taffies to find out what makes their ingredients so enjoyable yet so jarring

REVIEW

When Kingsley Amis won the Booker Prize in 1986 for *The Old Devils*, he was asked how he would spend the money. "Booze, of course," he said, "and then curtains." It was an ambiguous statement. Presumably he had in mind chinny things from John Lewis, but he might equally have been referring light-heartedly to the undiscovered country from whose bourn etcetera.

Booze does not of necessity lead to curtains, of course, for some people it is a mere social lubricant. But in the context of *The Old Devils* (certainly as seen in BBC2's three-part adaptation, which finished on Monday) the connection between booze and curtains was so strong as to keep the prospect of sudden death ever to the forefront of one's mind.

As Gwyn Thomas wrote: "There are parts of Wales where the only concession to gaiety is a striped shroud, and sometimes the Bible and Crown's smoke room looked like one of them."

I did not read *The Old Devils* in 1986. I made some brave stabs but gave up, on the grounds that it was too complicated and that the differences between the many no-hope pickled taffies (and their many no-hope pickled wives) was taking too long to become clear.

I got a bit huffy, actually, and considered writing to the publishers, suggesting they paste a helpful chart in the back of the book. In the end, I made a few weary notes ("Gwen married to Malcolm"; "Muriel married to... er, Peter"; "Charlie fat, Peter also fat").

In any case, my attempts finally faltered on page 57, where a character called Alun Weaver suddenly assumes the unmistakeable voice of Amis himself and informs his wife: "Any man in the company of two women is outnumbered four to one." Oh blimey, what this? I thought, my hackles rising. Perhaps it was supposed to be a joke, but my sides were refusing to split.

Unfortunately, Weaver warms to his lamentable theme: in the company of three women, he explains, a man is outnumbered nine to one. "What they call a square law," he says.

Oh dear, oh dear. His wife, instead of accidentally pushing a piece of heavy furniture on to Mr Weaver's foot, finds his pleasurable amusing. I grimaced. This was clearly not the book for me. So I put it aside and returned to my usual

diet of doleful feminist tracts and books that required less effort, such as *God and the New Physics* and *A Brief History of Time*.

As television, then, *The Old Devils* came as a wonderful surprise. In adapting it, Andrew Davies brought out all the positive qualities that other people can see in Kingsley Amis, but I can't. These poor old Welsh taffies were suddenly a fine subject; their lives were funny, tragic and consistently real. I laughed. I cried. I didn't get worked up by the unfairness to women. With a few deft introductory scenes, Davies established who was married to whom ("It's all right, Charlie, Sophie's here"), and the game was afoot. He made it look quite easy.

In particular, Alun Weaver



Welsh rare bits: the five old devils (from left) Howell Evans, Bernard Hepton, the late Ray Smith, John Stride and James Grout

ago and said he included the scene because writing is turning one's worst moments into money. But this would imply that the audience sympathises with the nerd's harassment, which we did not. Weaver was so spectacularly awful that, as the hang-dog old devil Peter said: "One's spirits do tend to lift a bit at the sight of the old bugger."

Weaver is energetic and funny,

and easily moved to tears. He

believes his own publicity. He is an

up-front fraud, a boil-friend who

enjoys a boozey lunch with an

old mate, agrees to meet him later,

and with a nudge and a wink struts

of cheerfully to extend the old mate

a custard. As the old devils agree

after their death the 'devils' lead

to curtains; also he is a necessary

man, but in some ways quite

unnecessary, too.

The irony of Weaver's sudden

death, of course, is that he is the

only member of the group not op-

pressed by (or even fleetingly con-

scious of) thoughts of mortality. He

also, ostensibly, has more to live for. The old devils are afflicted by loveless marriage, impotence, alcoholism, cardiac problems, prunes, pub bares; they play needle-mash chess tournaments with Death as an everyday occurrence, while Alun is round at their houses thoughtlessly rogering their wives.

As they drive into the

peasant landscape of South Wales for the day,

Malcolm (Bernard Hepton) says: "I saw a film called *The Seventh Seal* once, by Ingmar Bergman it was. It was a bit like this."

"Four old farts in a Morris Marina, you mean?" Death doesn't bother to checkmate Weaver; there

is nothing metaphysical about his seizure and collapse. In his case, death is just nature's way of telling him to slow down.

The casting of *The Old Devils* was perfect. Hepton's poor old Malcolm, dreaming over his medieval Welsh poetry while his grim,

brainy, disappointed wife Gwen (Anna Cropper) sat opposite him at the breakfast table wordlessly chain-smoking with the preoccupied air of someone plotting the perfect revenge killing. "Mind if I take mine Crack at the Bathroom?" she would say pointedly, breaking out of her reverie. And each time she said it, she tweaked up the word "crack" by a wicked extra notch.

Watching other drama after *The Old Devils*, the face looked bland

and young and unived-in. This

is a short pause, during which

Weaver gives him a smile of

genuine danger-signal condescension.

"Why, thank you very much,

he says, breaking into a friendly

laugh. "And when one card makes

you think... I mean, in the

opinion of young things like you,

it's off now, and a very good

afternoon to you."

Davies told this story on BBC2's

The Late Show a couple of weeks

ago, and said he included the scene

because writing is turning one's

worst moments into money. But this

would imply that the audience

sympathises with the nerd's harass-

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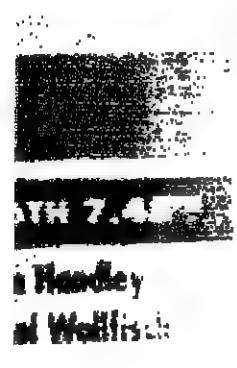


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JONATHAN MEADES'S RESTAURANT GUIDE

Marks — up to a maximum of ten — are awarded for cooking and although they are intended to reflect value for money they are not determined by this consideration alone: certain very costly restaurants are very good, certain very cheap ones are too. All prices given are approximate — they are for a three-course meal for two, including modest wine and an aperitif. Dishes are mentioned only as an indication of the repertoire. Never be afraid to complain. Phone first. It is not only discourteous but illegal to dishonour bookings; that goes for restaurants as well as customers. J.M.

CHILD-FRIENDLY

Tall Orders in Soho

7 St Anne's Court, off Dean St, London W1 (071-494 4941) Sibyl the gaminicky, but excellent outfit in Fulham. The formula is repeated with equal success: smallish and almost unbelievably cheap portions of balanced and delicious dishes served in Chinese steamers. The menu changes every few weeks but among the more constantly recurring dishes are salmon tartare, couscous with roast peppers and harissa, mixed grill of salmon and mullet, pasta with ceps. Good beers, reasonable wines, swift and courteous service. £18-£35. Lunch Sun-Fri and dinner Mon-Sat.

Cann Siam

34 Goliomee Road, London W10 (081-968 8764) Portuguese cafe-restaurant. Dead basic with totally unrefined, Feijoada is a bean stew along the lines of God's first try at casuette. The grilled squid is good, and so are the amazingly cheap wines. Energetically informal. £32. Lunch and dinner every day.

Bedlington Cafe

34 Fauconberg Road, London W4 (081-991 1965) By day a presentable, by night a Thai dinner. The Thai cooking has some affinities with grease cooking — notably in the deep-fried battered dishes. The "red" and "green" curries are all right, though might be improved if the frozen peas were omitted. Very friendly, very rough and ready. £22 plus. Lunch Mon-Sat, dinner every day.

SCENIC

Westover Hall
1 Park Lane, Milford on Sea, Lympstone, Hants (0590 64304) An agreeable oddity: a south coast hotel (the view across the Solent to the Needles is wonderful) which is both efficient and unpretentious. It is more European than it is English. The cooking is, within its limitations, considered and expertly carried off — at least it is so far fish and soup are concerned. The chef is less of a whiz with meat. Good *petits vins*; modest prices. £32. Lunch and dinner every day.

Morton's
18 Berkeley Square, London W1 (071-990 0363) A formerly louche club which has cleaned up its act. The bar is straight out of Manhattan, the dining room is more or less True Brit — and it has a balcony which overlooks the square. This is one of the finest sites in London to lunch in, though it is only open to members. Some of the vaguely *Franglais* cooking is notable — particularly the fritters which must be the best ever. Decent short wine list and notably reasonable prices. £45. Lunch Mon-Fri, dinner Mon-Sat.

Provence
5 Silver Street, Horley, nr Lympstone, Hampshire (0590 682319) Jean Christophe Novelli is a young French chef who is already very good

Bruckstone Hall
3 Chaddesley Corbett nr Kidderminster, Worce (0562 777876)

Edwardian hotel set in an immature parkland. For a hotel frequented almost exclusively by colleagues it is friendly and by no means stiff. The cooking is inconsistent and the chef's eagerness to convert meat and fish needs to be held in check. £90 dinner, £45 lunch. Lunch Sun-Fri, dinner Mon-Sat.

McCoy's

7 The Cleveland Tontine, Stoddlebridge, Northallerton, N York (069 82671)

Some of Tom McCoy's cooking in this wonderful one-off restaurant competes with the best in Britain. Go for langoustine ravioli, Bresse pigeon with leeks and mustard sauce, raw beef with tapenade, lamb with capicum tart, foie gras with grapes served in madera, just about any of the sweets. For a grand restaurant — and it is no other kind of restaurant — it is endearingly laid back. The wines are mostly French, mostly good. £65-£70. Tues to Sat dinner.

Ming

63-66 Greek Street, London W1 (071-734 2721/437 0292) A decoratively typical suburban Chinese restaurant that has stayed in Soho. The cooking here is typical of nothing — it is often original, frequently good. Belly pork is simmered in the Japanese manner with soy and sake, prawns are fried in a batter of fermented bean curd, minced beef is served with coriander and onion-spiced pancakes. £40-£55. Lunch and dinner Mon-Sat.

and appears to be getting better all the time. He does make mistakes. But his ambitious cooking is generally much more than OK. There is a lot of oil on his menu — pig trotter with brains, sweetbreads, tongue etc. But he can also roast and he can also steam. His home-smoked fish is good. His sweets are too. This is not a venue for vegetarians. The lunch menu is a real bargain — about £50 for two, wine and service inclusive. Closed Tuesday. Open the rest of the week save Sunday dinner. £50 lunch, £85 dinner.

Burgh Island Hotel
Bigbury on Sea, Devon (0548 810514)

Marvelously staid art deco hotel on an island. Great for lovers of sea and spray. The other overambitious cooking scores too many own goals. £42 plus. Lunch and dinner every day.

The Carved Angel
7 South Esplanade, Dartmouth, Devon (0803 832465)

The cooking is Anglo-French in the best sense with Tuscan and Catalan accents. This eclecticism produces earthy, down-home dishes such as lamb with croquettes of seaweed, battered oysters, grilled chevre with broche — all ordinary enough sounding but accomplished with flair and taste. The view over the Dart estuary is gorgeous and so are the wines, which are particularly strong in minor Rhônes that yield major pleasure. Tremendous British cheeses. £68. Lunch Tues-Sun. Dinner Tues-Sat.

KIND FOOD: ALISON JOHNSON

Run, rabbit, run

chicken. Yet since myomatosus was introduced on the Continent, and is being dished as a growth dip in the UK. Do not help it to realise its potential: intensive rearing of rabbits is as nasty as any other form of factory farming. Because of high feeding costs, it can only pay if the doe rabbits are kept in a state of constant reproduction. A breeding female lasts about two years, during which she must produce 14 to 22 litters, averaging eight kits in each. The young rabbits are killed at nine to ten weeks, when they should weigh about 6lb. This high growth rate is achieved by cramming them together at half to three-quarters of a sq ft each so that they don't "waste" food by exercising or playing. This is bad enough, but add to it that the cages they are confined in consist of wire mesh, floor and all, with no bedding, except during the four weeks of weaning. Many, particularly the breeding does, develop sores on their hocks from the pressure of the wire.

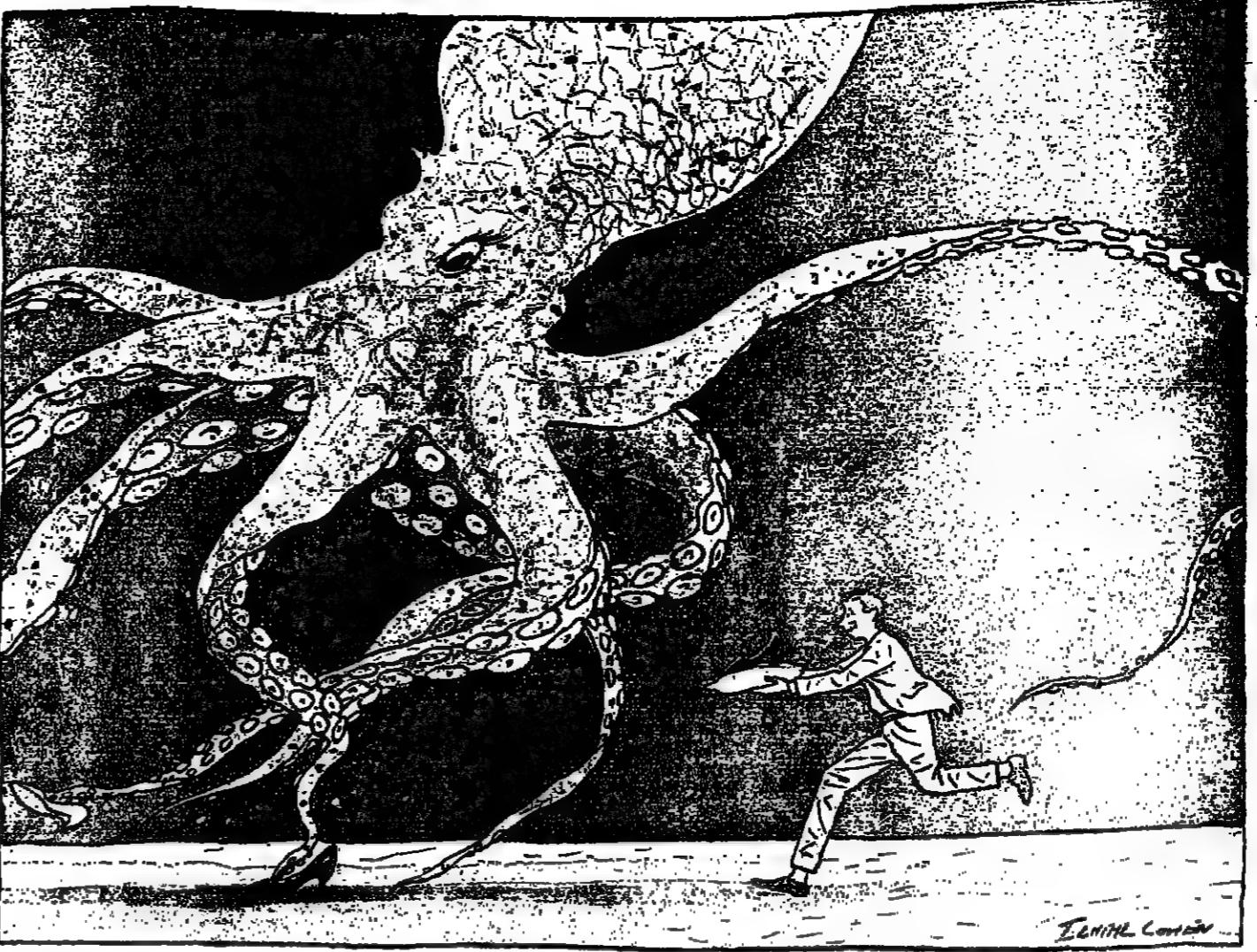
Some rabbit farms excel in heartlessness by selling animals to vivisection laboratories: rabbits are particularly popular subjects for the notorious Draize irritancy tests.

Much farmed rabbit comes from very small-scale backyard operations, which you might think would be kinder: but in fact these are often very cramped and insanitary, housed in garages or ramshackle sheds, inadequately protected from weather and predators. I have read of several cases where the RSPCA has been called to deal with just such small rabbit enterprises, when an owner has abandoned animals starving in their hutches.

Unlike farmed rabbit, which is available all year round like farmed everything else, wild rabbit is one of those things traditionally eaten when there is an 'R' in the month, outside its main breeding season, which is late April to August. So if you hurry, you may still be able to get it this year from a game-dealer or from market stalls — or from farming

Byways of the new Italy

Jonathan Meades comes under double assault from Italian herbs and design



The "new" Italian restaurant — it's not actually that new: the genius is at least five years old now — has thrown up as many cosmetic bungles, bandwagon artists, as it has more or less genuine articles. Indeed the bungles may outnumber the genuines. There's an awful lot of culinary tokenism around. The lazy and cynical thinking appears to be that if a menu includes bruschetta/polenta/tiramisu then the restaurant — whose dining room will shriek "design" — can sit back and coin it, no matter how inept the cooking of those items.

At first glance the fish restaurant L'Alto looks as though it must belong firmly in the bunglers' camp. And at second glance too. And third... Shriek "design"? No, it belows it, so loud you can hear it two valleys away. Even by the standards of Notting Dale the place is excessive. It is intended to represent a street. There is a street sign to assist victims of the fantasy: "Viola L'Alto 1991". Then there is a mass of low relief detailing — rustication, limels, pedimented windows etc. *Trompe l'oeil* comes by the container-load. There are wrought metal street lamps, wrought metal grilles over windows. There are frescoes which purport to have been "uncovered" — they are incomplete, partly obliterated by "later" facades. The whole is given a spray-on patina of age/distress/wear.

Of course it's nothing like any street that ever existed outside the imagination of a rather camp scene designer. The effect — predictably enough — is to persuade the customer that he is dining in a restaurant which has been improvised between stage flats got up by Guso Pupo for a production of *Don Giovanni*. Or maybe that should be *Don Juan*, for the detailing is as much Hispanic as it is Italian. A tape machine fills the room with your favourite arias. In summer it will fill the (real) street outside with them too, for the glass frontage of the restaurant can be made to open in its entirety. Eating on Kensington Park Road's pavement may prove to be less than universally attractive.

The generally overwrought feel of the place extends now and again to the cooking. L'Alto is certainly

not to be counted among the ranks of the bogus Italians, and is neither lazy nor cynical. But it does have a tendency to forget what it is that makes proper Italian cooking (as opposed to catering) so appealing.

Less, sometimes, really is more. The kitchen here (unlike that at the sister restaurant Cibo, in Olympia) is prone to neglect the cardinal rule of *keep it simple*.

The tendency to elaboration and redundant ingredients is not so far advanced that it cannot be easily checked. And it should be checked, for when they get things right here they're tremendous. Two dishes in particular stand out: octopus stewed in a picant tomato sauce with fried, garlicked bread; red mullet char-grilled and laid on roast radicchio and roast endive.

But there were niggling faults with most of the rest. Not howlers, nothing that detracted from the impression of a basically sound kitchen but, rather, a series of wrong accents, minor misjudgments, slight hiccups.

As I say, overelaboration is the problem. A fish risotto is more like a paella. The rice is exemplary, slightly al dente, suffused with marine essences, properly seasoned; so it is delivered with various crustaceans and molluscs

which are really no more than posh garnish — they detract from the main business of the dish.

Two dishes suffered from heavy-handed herbing. Snapper was cooked with tarragon and with such an overabundance of thyme that the predominant flavour was that of thyme water. (I have, incidentally, never come across *thyme* in Italy — but there is a word for it, *aneto*, so it is no doubt used somewhere or other. With discretion, one hopes.)

Carpaccio of fish (scallops and their coral, salmon, tuna, maybe turbot) was sliced to transparent thinness, lightly dressed in oil and lemon, and mugged by thyme. Thicker cuts of raw fish, done like sashimi, might have stood up to this burly herb throwing in weight about — but I'm not at all sure.

Courgette flowers are done in the Roman manner with mozzarella and heavy butter. The parenthetical peripheries of bruschetta at one end and little cakes and tarts at the other were good. The wine list is

any way superior to the run of North Sea, Channel and Biscay fish we are more familiar with. But they have also been frozen for their alacrity and I think it would be perverse to claim that they are in any way superior to the run of

seafood. This was a so-called bouillabaisse; it too, had been done over by thyme but it made L'Alto's assault with this herb seem puny. This was gloved off. The fish in this dismal stew included salmon, mussels, crab claws, clams etc. There was also something nasty that had the texture of liver. A fricassee of Indian ocean fish came sauced with tomato and chilli. Another dish comprised the same species sauced with ginger and chilli. A pan-oriental influence is much in evidence.

Vindaye is a fascinating item comprising cold fish smothered in a very hot paste; it may or may not be a relation of vindaloo. In total contrast was a thing called king prawn chow chow which comprised those prawns in a white sauce of unmitigated and tiresome blandness. The wine list is all right.

L'Alto
210 Kensington Park Road, London W1 (071-792 1066) Lunch Tues to Sun, dinner Mon to Sat. £75 plus. Chez Liline

101 Stroud Green Road, London N4 (071-263 6550) Lunch and dinner Mon to Sat. £50 plus.

Anyone for chocolate pasta?

A Humber-side company is aiming to convert Britons to the delights of fresh — and sweet — pasta dishes

Fresh pasta, for generations the staple diet of Italy, is set to become one of the classic foods on the British menu. A Humber-side company is polishing the pasta image with exciting new dishes which make the sloppy British "spag bol" seem as dull as Monday's bubble and squeak.

Only one in ten Britons even knows the taste of fresh pasta, but all that is changing fast as the Pasta Company uses such delicacies as asparagus, smoked salmon, chicken tikka and even the children's favourite, baked beans and bacon, to stuff pasta parcels.

According to Nikki McCann, aged 28, the company's technical and development director — and the youngest finalist in last week's Businesswoman of the Year awards — new ideas are being created daily to tempt the British palate away from additive-packed convenience foods to fresh pasta. It can be as healthy or as rich as you choose to make it.

The next trend she plans to launch on the British market is sweet pasta. Already she has prototypes of chocolate flavoured pastas, banana, strawberry and pineapple flavours created with rich fresh fruit to be followed by pasta parcels concealing banana and butterscotch, orange and Cointreau, chocolate and Grand Marnier.

Even the unfilled pastas come in many varieties — verde, spinach, tomato, garlic and herb, cayenne and poppy seed. For a *Rocky Horror Show* style party she once produced black pasta using squid ink. What is just an idea one week can be produced in the factory the next.

Although the company makes £5 million-worth of pasta a year, its production is

still based on traditional Italian methods using durum wheat semolina, fresh whole pasteurised eggs, and much the same machinery, although on a larger scale, as that used in Italian homes.

Five years ago Ms McCann, Nigel Stubley whom she married last October, and Michael Norton opened up their pasta plant to fill what they believed was a gap in the market. With the help of enterprise zone grants, hefty mortgages and loans from family and friends, coupled with an indomitable toil, the three have increased their turnover from £4,000 to £4 million a year.

The company plans to be selling all over Europe by this time next year after the completion of a new £7 million plant largely designed by Ms McCann. But the home market remains the principal challenge. "We still have to convert nine out of ten shoppers who have yet to try fresh pasta," she says.

While you wait for the Pasta Company's packaged version you can create your own sweet pasta puddings by simply adding sugar to plain egg lasagne sheets while they are being boiled, and then serving them layered with fresh fruits, or alternatively serving deli-

cate custard sauces with sweetened tagliatelli in much the same way as cheese sauces are used.

Try Ms McCann's recipe (pictured) for chocolate sauce with sweetened pasta. Make the sweetened pasta by boiling up one litre of water, 60g sugar, half a teaspoon of vanilla essence and one teaspoon of vegetable oil and adding your favourite pasta, stirring occasionally. Drain but do not rinse excessively.

For the sauce, combine in a non-stick saucepan 90g soft brown sugar, 45g cocoa powder, 140ml milk, half a teaspoon of vanilla essence, and stir over a gentle heat until the sugar has dissolved. Bring to the boil and simmer for two minutes, or a little longer if thicker sauce is required. Pour over the pasta — and serve hot or cold (serves four).

To make a chocolate orange sauce, add the grated zest of an orange to the other ingredients, and serve with orange segments, whipped cream and chocolate flakes.

BRENDA PARRY
The Pasta Company, 0660006

The Pasta Company strives to be one step ahead of the trend, and

you can catch them at the TESCO's who

taly

Delicate flavour of water

A visit to chef Joel Antunes in his kitchen at *Les Saveurs*, the new London restaurant, reminded me that this time last year I wrote about salmon in tomato water, a speciality, at that time, of Bouley's in New York.

At *Les Saveurs*, I immediately recognised the flavour of the bouillon served in a demitasse with two or three homemade tortellini stuffed with goat's cheese. It was clear, intense and aromatic with the sensation that you get when brushing against a tomato plant. The flavours were more piercing and complex than vegetable broths, and more subtle than a meat or poultry stock. M Antunes explained how to achieve the flavour and the clarity without the broth becoming tomato-coloured.

Some greengrocers are selling the rather expensive Roma plum tomatoes from Sicily – but then, this is a very special dish. If you cannot get good, ripe tomatoes with lots of flavour, the recipe will keep until the summer.

Like many chefs, M Antunes is influenced by his experiences in the Far East. Thailand in his case, and his kitchen cupboard is full of unusual spice mixtures and potions: a Chinese caramel made from soy sauce; star anise and palm sugar; orange powder made from dried, powdered tangerine peel; and *tahac de cuisine*, his own secret compound of spices.

This reminded me of some of the other unusual flavours used by chefs, or rather everyday flavours used in unfamiliar contexts. Alan Passard, of Arpège in Paris, once served me a subtle, pale velvety ice cream with an elusive flavour that turned out to be unroasted coffee beans.

At the Mandarin Grill in Hong Kong, among the mango and cassis sorbets, you may be served a soft, leafy green sorbet, which is based on an infusion of Japanese green tea. In the south of France, chefs use liquorice root to flavour sweet and savoury dishes.

From medieval times, flower waters, such as rosewater and orange flower water, have been used in cooking and confectionery, a practice still widespread in the Middle East and north Africa, but hardly followed in Europe.

Inspiration for today's pudding comes not from a modern chef's kitchen but from a delightful collection of recipes published in French in *La Gastronomie au Moyen Age* (Stock, £26.00). The dish is almost identical to those we



Add flowers to water for a taste sensation, says Frances Bissell, The Times cook

know today as *pain perdu* and French toast. But how much more refined is this version from Renaissance Italy, with its bread of rosewater and spark of saffron.

All this musing sent me off in search of the bundle of liquorice roots I brought back from Languedoc, which I used as an infusion for steaming chicken breasts and then flavoured the light accompanying sauce with it. I looked for lemon-scented ingredients to use with the firm, pearly cutlets of *hake* I bought from my fishmonger, and I found lemon grass and lemon thyme. I made a honey and saffron ice cream, which I then discovered is excellent with the fried bread.

But first I tried the tomato water. If you do not want to go to the trouble of making fresh pasta or stuffing with goat's cheese, serve three or four cooked pasta shells in the broth. It would be a pity to cook the pasta in the broth, however; the starch will leach out and spoil the clarity. This broth does not work with dried tomatoes. Even keeping the water no hotter than 80C to begin with, when steeped for any length of time the tomatoes give up their colour into the water.

Tomato broth
(serves 6-8)
2lb/900g Roma or plum tomatoes
olive oil
salt, pepper
1oz/30g granulated sugar
1tbsp thyme or basil leaves
1tbsp garlic, peeled and finely sliced

Blanch and skin the tomatoes. Quarter 1lb/450g of them, remove the seeds and put these to one side. Place the tomato quarters on a tray brushed with olive oil. Season them lightly and sprinkle with the sugar. Scatter the herbs on top, shredded or chopped as necessary, and place a slice of garlic on each piece of tomato. Cover and stand them in a cool dry place for 24 hours.

Meanwhile, chop the rest of the

tomatoes, taking care not to lose any juice, and place in a food processor together with the seeds and pulp taken out of the first batch of tomatoes. Process for two minutes and then transfer the tomatoes to a fine chinois set over a bowl to catch the clear juice that runs from the tomatoes. Leave for 24 hours.

Put the dripped juice in a saucepan and heat to 80C. Add the tomatoes, prepared the night before, the herbs and garlic and infuse for two hours before straining once more. The liquid is now ready to use as a broth.

Baked hake with green sauce
(serves 4)
3 spring onions
8 mint leaves
small bunch of coriander (about 1oz/30g)
parsley sprigs
2-3 sprigs lemon thyme
1 stalk of lemon grass
one green chilli (optional)
2-3 cloves of garlic, peeled and chopped
freshly ground black pepper
pinch of sugar
1tbsp lemon juice
2tbsp extra virgin olive oil
1-2tbsp warm water

Fish
4 hake cutlets, approx
6-7oz/170g-200g
extra virgin olive oil

Trim the spring onions and slice. Put in a food processor or mortar together with the mint leaves, coriander leaves stripped from the stem, parsley and lemon thyme. Remove the root and coarse outer leaves from the lemon grass and slice thinly. Add these to the herbs and also the chilli, garlic and dry seasoning. Pound or process until you have a dark green mass. Blend in the liquid until you have a sauce-like paste.

Brush an oven-proof dish with olive oil and spoon a little sauce over the base. Place the fish on top. Brush with oil and spread the rest of the sauce over the fish.

Bake in a pre-heated oven at 180C/350F, gas mark 4, for about 12 minutes, depending on the thickness of the fish: small thick cutlets will take longer than thin broad cutlets. The last time I cooked this, I served it with steamed spinach and mashed potatoes. The dish has a slight Basque feel to it and a fruity 1990 Juranon sec was the perfect accompaniment, as well as to the creamy blue cheese from St Agur, which followed the fish.



Stuffed chicken breasts steamed with liquorice root
(serves 4)

6in/15cm liquorice root
2 red peppers, sweet
4 free-range chicken breasts
8-12 large basil leaves, plus extra for garnish
6oz/170g ricotta cheese
seasoning

Break the liquorice root into two or three pieces and pour on the boiling water. Have and deseed the peppers and grill them until the skin is soft, then peel them. Open out the chicken breasts with a horizontal cut, but leaving them joined down one side. Cover one half with the basil leaves. Spoon the ricotta on top and cover with a piece of red pepper, cut to fit if necessary. Fold the other half chicken breast over the filling and secure around the edges with cocktail sticks. Season the meat lightly. Place in a shallow dish in a steamer or on a

steamer rack in a saucepan. Crush two of the pieces of liquorice root and put with the chicken. Steam for about 20 minutes until the chicken is cooked through.

Meanwhile, to make the sauce, put the remaining liquorice root in a saucepan with the chicken stock and infused liquid, and simmer for 15 minutes. Remove the liquorice root and reduce the liquid until you have a small amount of sauce.

When the chicken is cooked, strain the cooking liquid into the saucepan and boil for a minute or two longer. Arrange the chicken breasts on hot dinner plates or serving platter, cut to show the filling, and pour the sauce around it. The sauce can be enriched by adding some cream to the pan as you are reducing it. If you did not like liquorice as a child, this recipe may not appeal to you. Leave out the liquorice then, and use herbs, ginger or citrus zest to flavour the meat and the sauce.

Rosewater and saffron crisps
(serves 4)

6 slices good quality white bread
3 free-range egg yolks
4tbsp milk
3tbsp rosewater
1 scant 1tbsp clear honey
good pinch of saffron threads
2oz/60g unsalted butter

Remove the crusts from the bread, trim into neat squares and cut into triangles. Beat the eggs and milk with one tablespoon of rosewater and mix in the honey. Strain into a flat dish. Soak the bread in the liquid, turning the pieces over. Pour the saffron threads in a mortar and mix in the rest of the rosewater and a pinch of icing sugar. Heat the butter in a large frying pan and fry the bread until crisp and golden on both sides. Serve sprinkled with the saffron and rosewater liquid and dusted with icing sugar.

Sharpen up with tots of balsamico

A PAN-fried fillet steak, cooked pink, removed from the pan, and the pan juices deglazed with a spoonful of balsamic vinegar, takes little more time to cook than it does to write these lines. It is a classic from Modena in Italy, served in most restaurants and homes. There are variations which are worth knowing about to add to your repertoire of dishes that can be cooked and served in the briefest possible time.

Calf's liver from free-range veal is spoilt with long cooking. The perfect way to cook it is by frying it in olive oil or butter with one or two sage leaves and then use balsamic vinegar to deglaze the pan. Alternatively, split a chicken breast horizontally, pound it flat, and cook it in the same way.

Port tenderloin is cooked in a similar fashion in Modena. The tenderloin is sliced, the slices flattened and lightly dusted with flour just before frying.

Sliced lamb's kidneys also make a tasty and inexpensive dish when prepared by this method. My current favourite, *fletto al balsamico*, however, is tuna fish.

Our local fishmonger has been buying large pieces of tuna fillet. I buy a couple of small, thick slices, sear them in a very hot, cast-iron pan on both sides, leaving the centre quite raw, and then deglaze the pan with balsamico and pour the hot juices over the fish.

If you do not have balsamic vinegar, some of the fruit vinegars, such as raspberry, can be used in the same way – but perhaps even more sparingly, for they are much sharper than the mellow balsamico. It is better by far to use a

sherry vinegar, excellent in its own right, rather than a substitute.

Other uses for balsamico:

- A teaspoonful in half an avocado.
- Sprinkled sparingly on sliced pineapples and, in summer, sprinkled on strawberries.
- A teaspoonful of *balsamico tradizionale* on top of a scoop of vanilla ice cream, and lastly, mixed with extra virgin olive oil and crushed garlic, as a dipping sauce for *crudités* or deep-fried morsels.

F.B.

April bargain showers

Jane MacQuitty
offers some tasty
recommendations
for the new season
to put you ahead of
the value seekers

Chablis and sancerre for £4.99 a bottle, champagne at a rock-bottom £8.79. Whatever can the wine trade be thinking of? Discounting to survive, that's what. Slashed prices to boost sales early in 1992 were predictable. But more buoyant figures have failed to materialise and traders are discounting with a vengeance.

Just about the only recession-proof bottle this spring is the £1.99er, The Victoria Wine Company launched its spring offensive last month by reducing the price of its Bulgarian country wine range to £1.99, and sold a year's supply in a month.

It hopes to do the same again in April with the popular French Full Red, a pluggable, part-phrone, part-beaujolais inspired bottle from Paul Boutein. Victoria Wine's robust, blackcurrant version differs from the others in that its price until April 29 is £1.99.

Step into spring, too, with Victoria Wine's bargain, quality German wine trio. These are ideal wines for this country's climate and taste. Try them lightly chilled on a dull, April day.

The 1988 Albigier Hunds-kopf Auslese (£4.99), made from the steigrebe grape and blessed with lots of ripe, intense lychee-like fruit, is the fullest and richest. Try splashing a little over a spring bowl of fruit salad as well as drinking a glass with it for an April treat. The zesty, floral 1988 Dexheimer Doktor Kabinett (£3.59) is made from the equally scented scheurebe grape and is best served on its own. But the 1988 Bad Kreuznacher Kahlenberg Riesling Spätlese (£4.95), with its peachy scent and lightly luscious palate, will go down well with spring puddings.

If wine purchases seem an indulgence in a month when you should be paying off your overdraft, then make certain you catch Tesco's trio of special



Splash out on a cut-price buy: plenty of white wine about for good, ordinary swigging

purchases from April 13, which are likely to sell out within days, not weeks. Almost half-price chablis and sancerre for good, ordinary swigging – as opposed to special quality – are not to be sniffed at.

I was impressed with the 1990 Sancerre from the Celliers de Céres (£4.99), whose exotic, slightly overblown, mango and lychee perfume, led on to more traditional sauvignon-sancerre character. Marginally less worthwhile is the 1991 chablis from Bacheroy-Josselin, whose pungent scent and fruity, steely style will please chablis lovers (£4.99). Cut-price champagne, despite the much-publicised greed of the Champenois, is happily still with us.

Tesco's Paul Lévrier Réserve comes from Champagne Castelnau and is a predominantly pinot noir blend, hence its full, rich, herbaceous-nutty style. A giveaway at £8.79.

Several High Street wine buyers, most notably Oddbins, are now maintaining that the 1991, frost-engendered, French white wine crisis, affecting quantity and quality, is not as bad as originally thought.

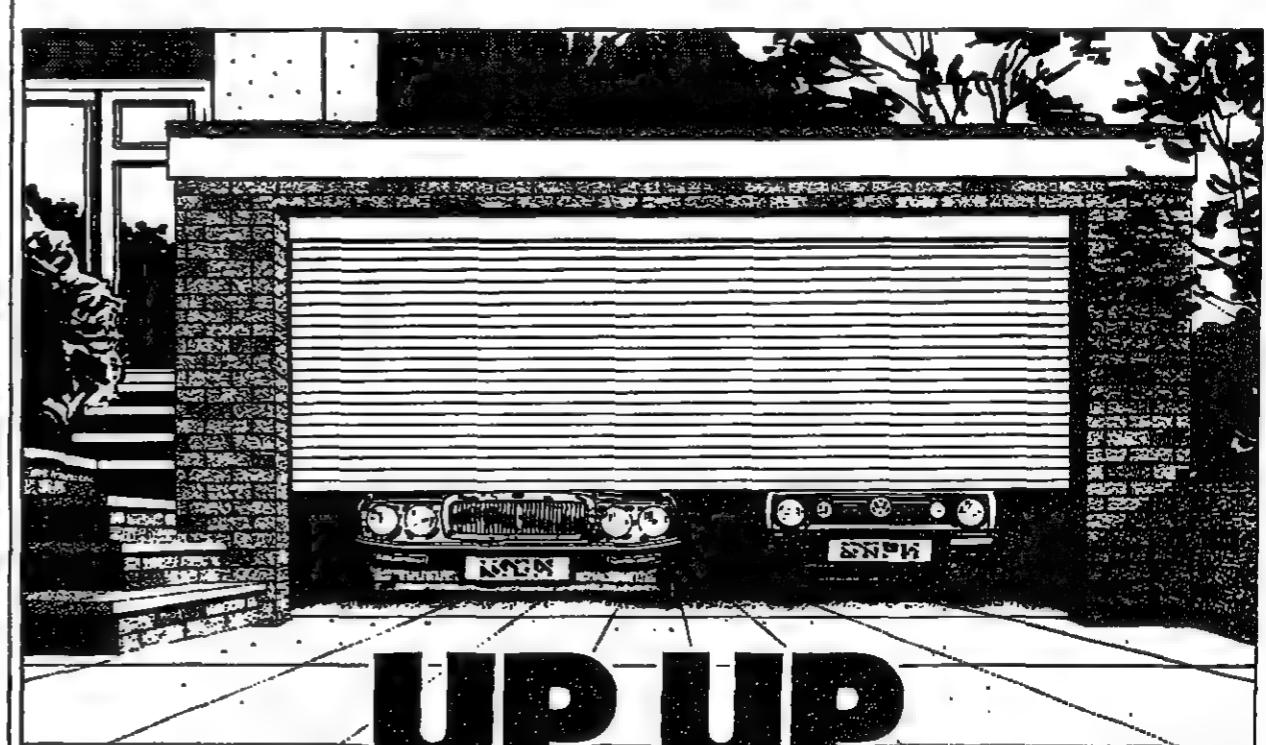
I am not at all certain that agree. On April 18 there will be free tastings of Oddbins' 1991 Domaine St Léon, a Gascony vin de pays (£3.39).

from one of the worst frost-affected areas of France. (Ten per cent off an unmixed case if you purchase it on the day.) I found it a pleasant, flowery, marzipan-spiked mouthful, but with a tell-tale watery quality that denotes a less than successful vintage. The same complaint could be levelled at Oddbins' 1991 Domaine de Trosiès Gascony white (£2.99), with its lime and melon scent.

Nor am I especially taken with the 1991 Trois Moulins (£3.69). This light, somewhat bland sauvignon is usually a Bordeaux-sourced wine. But, due to the 1991 frost, it has been sourced this year from the south and is a vin de pays d'OC. Taste this on April 18.

A much better Oddbins' bottle this month is its new red, 1990 Domaine de Triennes (£4.69), a vin de pays from the Var. Aubert de Villaine and wine-maker Jacques Seysses, both important names in Burgundy, are two of the partners behind this new southern venture, and their oak-aged cabernet sauvignon and syrah, Les Aureliens-blended Triennes red is a stunner. Try it on free tasting today at Oddbins' branches and enjoy its ripe, powerful, peppery flavours. Again, a 10 per cent discount on an unmixed case applies, today only.

I have always admired the M&S chablis and the latest 1989 vintage is as delicious as ever with its floral, herbaceous style. The sunburnt, juicy 1989 St Michael Châteauneuf-du-Pape is equally appealing. Both are reduced from £7.50 to £6.99 from April 6.



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Ill wind blows through my new lambing hut

It has been a black week, but a happy one and much of my pleasure has been due to a reader of this column. Some weeks ago I wrote of my longing to own a shepherd's hut, a little house on wheels in which shepherds would dwell at lambing time, watching over their flocks by night.

I imagined it with a spartan bunk and a cheery billy-stove to give warmth to both shepherd and sickly lambs during the chilly nights. It would have a double door so the top half could be opened for fresh air, but the bottom remain closed for cosiness.

Perhaps there might be room in it for an old leather chair in which I could doze and again imagine myself as Hardy's hero shepherd, Gabriel Oak, tending my flock of Dorset sheep. I could hear the crackle of the kindling, the ring of the kettle, the beat of the rain on the tiny windows as the hut rocked

FARMER'S DIARY: PAUL HEINEY

gently in the stormy winds. But most of these huts were built of timber and, having fallen redundant, were allowed to rot in the fields. To be honest, I never expected to find one.

I did not reckon upon Farmer Payne of Essex, who retires this week. He wrote to tell me he has been the proud owner of just such a hut. I fled south with the speed of a cow escaping a half-fly and found, lying in his farmyard, the hut of my dreams. It is big and black. It does preserving black tea and atmosphere, and is as sound as the day the builder, G. Candy of Roxwell, proudly screwed his nameplate above the door. No sooner had the hut taken its place on our farm than it started to work its magic.

It so happened that I had decided that the day on which the hut was due was also the day that the sheep would have their feet trimmed. Sheep are naturally mountain animals and would wear away their hoofs in the normal course of scrabbling over rocks. Ambling round meadows does not have the same abrasive effect, so the shepherd has to do the toe-nail cutting for them.

Having eased the precious hut off its transporter, settled it into position, admired it and made plans for the stove, I went up to the top of the farm to gather the sheep.

They looked a fine sight from afar, washed white by the recent rains and set against the vivid green of the sprouting spring grass. The lambs frolicked, the old ewes kept their head down, grazing,



Home from home: Farmer Heiney with his shepherd's hut

raising their eyes only to check that I was no threat to their offspring. Except, that is, one ewe. She lay helplessly on her back, twitching, legs in the air, stomach distending to the point of bursting. Her eyes rolled, mouth frothed. She had bloat. Bloat is caused by a build-up of gas in the sheep, due either to over-eating or the ewe having rolled accidentally on to her back and not being able to get the right

way up. In such a position, sheep are unable to expel gases and can quickly die. A good shepherd must act quickly.

The hut having cast its nostalgic spell with Gabriel Oak on my mind, I remembered the dramatic scene in *Far From the Madding Crowd* when a whole flock was found "swollen with wind" on clover. "Gabriel" was already among the torpid prostrate forms. He flung off his coat, rolled up his shirt-sleeves, and took from his pocket the instrument of their salvation . . .

He was a braver man than I am, for what he held in his hand was a lance with which to pierce the sheep's rumen and allow the gases to escape. Fine if you hit the right spot, deadly if you miss.

Turning my back on tradition I took the easier route and ran to the kitchen, poured a cup of cooking oil and, having hauled the sheep to her

feet, poured it down her throat. I have been told this never fails and the only precaution the shepherd must take is to stand well back, for the accumulated gases can make a rapid exit from both ends at once.

In fact, it gushed with such vigour that it woke my other piece of black-but-happy news. Alice, the Large Black sow, is once again in her sty and about to farrow. She raised her snout to sniff the shepherd's hut as it trundled by and gave a dismissive *hr-oink*.

Alice knows from experience that sheep get all the blooming attention round here and it is highly probable that when her time comes, she will merely nestle down and deliver her litter in silence and without fuss. She fears too that now the farmer has a cosy little nest of his own and a stove over which to play shepherds, the *swill bucket* will be even later in arriving. *Hrr-oink*.

Glory to a manor reborn

The National Trust plans to spend about £7.5 million on restoring a moated Tudor manor in Kent. Bea Cowan explains why



View on the past: an oriel window being restored by craftsmen

Six hundred years is a good age for any building, says Stuart Page, the architect to the National Trust who is working at Ightham Mote near Sevenoaks in Kent. "We hope that as a result of what we've done, we have given it a few more hundred years' life. And we have conserved the building's atmosphere despite all the repairs."

The first phase of a programme expected to continue until at least the end of the century has been completed, the trust claiming to have fulfilled its policy to retain as much as possible of the spirit of the place, yet maintain the structure.

This phase has cost almost £250,000. The total cost will be around £7.5 million, with money from English Heritage, bequests and donations and money raised by public appeals. It is the largest work of conservation of its kind the trust has so far undertaken.

After two years of intensive work to the north-east quarter, visitors can again see round this fascinating part of one of the oldest moated manor houses in the country.

With new bedrooms, dressing rooms, bathrooms and servants' rooms, as well as the re-opened Old Chapel, Tudor Chapel and two solaris, the public will find it hard to realise how near the building was to collapse two years ago.

Ightham Mote was left to the trust by an American businessman in 1985, and is one of the most beautiful properties in the country. One of only a handful of its kind, lying in a secluded valley, with a moat surrounding its mellow ragstone walls, it has a perfect medieval setting.

The house is unusual in that continuous occupation from about 1340 to this century has given it an almost unbroken sequence of domestic architecture. Essentially a home rather than a fortress or castle, the Mote's only connection with grandeur came in 1518, when it was bought by Richard Clement,



Six centuries of splendour: Ightham Mote (seen from the south) is built round a central courtyard

from the outside, where carpenters cut out the rotten wood and spiced in new to create an exact match. They will see meticulous repairs with dowels and tenons inserted to the oak mullions of the oriel window, which overhangs the courtyard.

Above the window, bargeboards, intricately decorated with fleur-de-lis, roses and pomegranates but badly affected by rot and weathering, were copied from the original before they disintegrated.

"The policy was to save as much of the old wood as possible. Old oak, once correctly treated, often gives greater strength as well as maintaining more of the character of the building. If some of the wood looks new, it will soon blend in with the rest," Mr Page says.

The emphasis on older materials was repeated in other areas too. For repairs to both mortar and plaster,

traditional substances again proved to be the best choice. Prepared after careful chemical analysis, these match the original renders and allow water to escape by evaporation rather than contribute to further damage as did the 19th-century cement-based renders. Where stonework had crumbled beyond repair, masons chiselled stone matched as closely as possible with the original.

Glass conservators retained the old quarries (panes) from the windows where possible to keep the original look, replacing, with thin strips of copper foil or adhesive, the cracked lead strips, introduced in Victorian times. In the jettied window in the northeast corner the leading was reduced to make it more slender, in keeping with what had survived of 16th-century glass rather than the heavier looking Victorian replacements.

Ightham Mote is open until the end of October, daily except Tuesday and bank holiday Monday 11am-5.30pm (last admissions 5pm). Weekdays £3.20, Sundays and bank holidays £3.70, child £1.90.

Events

- Orienteering event: Six colour-coded courses, ranging from white to blue. Buck Wood, Bradford, W. Yorks. Signed from Bingley Road. Tomorrow, 10am-2.30pm. £1.50, concs 75p.
- Edinburgh gardening workshop: Afternoon session on seed sowing and pricking out. Royal Botanic Garden, Inverleith Row (031-552 7171). April 11, 2.30-4.30pm. £5.90, booking essential on 031-552 7171, ext 454.
- Easter angling: National angling exhibition with 60 exhibitors selling fishing tackle, clothing and accessories. This talks, demonstrations and videos. Sandown Park Exhibition Centre, Portsmouth Road, Esher, Surrey (0372 467540). Today and tomorrow, 10am-5pm. £4.
- Surrey strolls: National Trust warden Gordon Flower leads two-hour walk on Headley Heath. Main car park, Headley, Surrey, off B2033 (opposite Cricket Pitch). Tomorrow, 10.30am. £1.
- Yorkshire farmscape: Guided four-to-five-mile walk with a National Trust warden looking at how agriculture contributes to the landscape. Hardcastle Crags, Hebden Bridge, W. Yorks (0422 844518). Tomorrow, 2.30pm, free. donations welcome.
- Lambing open day: Opportunity to see newborn lambs and lambing ewes. Pregnant women are advised not to come in contact with lambing ewes. Little Wittenham Nature Reserve, Manor House, Little Wittenham, nr Abridge. Oxfordshire (086-730 7792). Tomorrow, 10am-1pm, free (no dogs allowed).
- Rural crafts competition: Competitors test their ploughing, fencing and hedging skills. Church Farm, Myndisham, Gwent (0443 81324). Today, 10am, spectators 50p.
- North of England horse show: 100 horses from cobs to hunters.

Feather report

A turtledove by any other name

The sermon has often been praised as an aid to meditation. I would like to recommend the bird-watcher's hide for the same purpose. After five minutes in a hide on any decent bird reserve, one is spellbound. After ten minutes one is restless, perhaps even a little bored. But after half an hour one has entered a new state of consciousness.

I was at Elmley, in Kent, which seems to be the draughtiest place in the galaxy, sitting in a hide, mind lost somewhere along this third plane of awareness. Why the name *godwit*, of all things, I wondered? Did someone ask, "What bird is that?" and receive the reply, "God knows", or in the dialect, "godde wite"? And why *kestrel*? Why *heron*? Why any name?

The world is full of bogus and folk etymologies. Take *wheatear*. According to one source "it is an old bird name

fattest when wheatear is ripe . . . whereon it feeds". I shall return to wheatears later, but before I move on, I shall point out that the bird eats insects, rather than corn. A clue: its tail and rump flash bright white when it flies away.

Most such meditations vanish when a new bird appears (in this case a magnificent male hen harrier). But this one refused to go. I mean, why harrier? And why call a cock bird a hen?

When all else fails, do a little research. I got hold of *The Oxford Book of British Bird Names* and have spent most of the time since in the woldybelieve-it haze of a child reading the *Guinness Book of Records* for the first time. I discovered that my bird is a harrower, or destroyer, of course.

Well, why *kestrel* then? That one comes from French, like many words related to falcons and falconies. The bird is a



Naming names: why wheatear, when it prefers insects?

facon crecerelle in modern French, and its origin is "doubtless" onomatopoeic.

Onomatopoeia is the secret of many bird names, including, I think, the name for the wheatear. It is the bird's quite extraordinary agility, from Old French *haber*, to jump about. The scientific name for this bird is *halco subtilis*; the table football game *Subbuteo* was invented by a birder, who intended it to be a hobby.

But it is the echoic names that dominate from the obvious, like *crow* and *chough*, to the more peculiar "handsaw" you find in the more northern flocks. The bird is a

ing to do with aquatic reptiles: in Latin the bird is a *turtur* and it occurs in the Vulgate in both Luke and Leviticus.

To return to the wheatear. White ears? Its ears, or at least the sides of its head, are black. It is the bird's arse that is white. Hence the name. Forgive me, I would not offend the world, but truth will out. Let me add a scholarly quotation: "The word *arse* did not sink to vulgar status until the 17th century, e.f. *arse foot*."

This last is a grebe, an admirably designed diving bird that has its legs set far back on its body. Would it be an affectionate to refer to the great crested "arsefoot" next time I go to Elmley?

SIMON BARNES

• Copies of *The Oxford Book of British Bird Names*, by W.B. Lockwood (first published 1984 but now out of print), are obtainable from specialist booksellers such as the *Bird and Wildlife Bookshop*, 2-4 Princes Arcade, London SW1 6DS.

• What's about *Birds* — watch out for wheatears anywhere making their way to breeding areas. *Twitchers* — two white-spotted blue throats, in Herne Bay, Kent, and Conwy, N. Wales. *Kenilworth* plotter in Kynance Harbour, Sussex. Details from *Birdline*, 0898

Roundheads and Cavaliers, Marston Moor and Naseby... people and battlegrounds that



Nationwide guide to the war zones

1992 marks the 350th anniversary of the outbreak of the English Civil War, one of the most turbulent and complex chapters of British history. Between 1641 and 1651 more than one in five of all adult males bore arms, and approximately one in 20 lost their lives.

In its aftermath King Charles I was put on trial and beheaded, and the House of Lords, the Church of England and the Prayer Book were abolished.

Yet in the ruins of a collapsed order some of the noblest calls for personal liberty were to be heard. To mark the anniversary, events and activities are planned all over the country throughout

the year, including a special Royal Armouries travelling exhibition sponsored by *The Times*.

Below is a selection of some of the highlights of the year's celebrations. Events and special exhibitions as well as a variety of aspects of the Civil War, such as the role of women and local life, as well as living history displays and battle re-enactments.

Contact your local tourist information centre for full details of these and many other events and exhibitions, or contact the Civil War Information Service on 0905 355071. Please check details of events before planning your visit.

NORTH

■ Baysgarth Leisure Park, Castor Road, Barton upon Humber, South Humberside (0652 3318)

"In the Name of God, Amen": an exhibition about the Civil War and its effect on the people of Lincolnshire. A musical event and a battle staged by the Sealed Knot are planned to coincide with this exhibition. Further details will be available from the museum at a later date. April 30-August 2. Thurs, Fri, bank holidays, 10am-4pm; Sat, Sun, 10am-5pm. Barton upon Humber Civil War Festival including a min-musier by the Sealed Knot on both days to produce a spectacular re-creation of a Civil War battle, fun fair, craft stalls and numerous events. May 16-17, Sat, Sun, 12.30-5pm. £1; child 50p.

■ County and Regimental Museum, Stanley Street, Preston, Lancashire PR1 4YP (0772 264075)

"Civil War in Lancashire" exhibition telling the story of

the county's involvement in the English Revolution. Among the artefacts gathered from local and national collections are arms and armour, paintings, and coins. April 6-25, 10am-5pm daily except Thurs and Sun. £1.

■ Helmsley Castle/Duncombe Park, Helmsley, North Yorkshire (0439 70442)

A major battle re-enactment staged by the English Civil War Society, jointly organised with English Heritage and Duncombe Park. The battle will be held in the park with the backdrop of Helmsley Castle, which was besieged in 1644. Visitors will be able to visit the castle and park on the same admission ticket. Troops will garrison the castle as well as re-fight the battle. July 25-26. Battles commence 3pm.

■ Hull, Hull City Museums and Art Galleries, 83 Alfred Gelder Street, HU1 3EP (0482 593902)

Wilberforce House Museum, High Street, Hull — once the home of William Wilberforce, and the place in 1839 where Charles I was welcomed by the then owner and mayor,

Sir John Lister — will display many aspects of life in the 17th century. Religion, politics, coinage, trade, customs and social life will feature in didactic displays with re-creations of "how we used to live" in the 17th-century banqueting room and bedroom. April-December every day (except Good Fri). Free.

Other events in Hull:

Showing of the film *Cromwell* at Ferens Art Gallery, April 15, 2pm and 7.30pm. Free.

Civil War flower festival concert at Holy Trinity Church, April 22-23.

Beverley Gate Day civic service at Holy Trinity Church, April 23, 12.30pm;

also visit by the former Speaker of the House of Commons, Lord Tonypandy, at 2.45 pm, and Lord Mayor's Charity Ball at the City Hall. Cromwell Association AGM at the Old Grammar School, April 25, 10.30am-1pm. Civil War music in streets in the city centre, April 25. Re-enactment of the "refusal" of King Charles I at Beverley Gate by the English Civil War Society, April 25, 1.30pm, including drill display

involving horses and a regiment of foot soldiers. Free.

■ John Rylands Library, John Rylands University Library, 150 Deans Gate, Manchester (061-834 5343)

Special commemorative exhibition with contemporary political and religious tracts, books, illustrated maps and manuscripts, together with costumes and artefacts designed to create a flavour of Manchester life during the Civil War. Sept 25-Dec 12.

■ Lathom House, Lancashire (0695 573716)

Re-enactment by the Sealed Knot of the siege which began in spring 1644, when General Fairfax took command. Also country fair, craft stalls, hog roasts and funfair, June 13-14. Two musters of the troops involving 3,000 people, 30 horses and 200lb of gunpowder, accompanied by a full commentary. From 3pm.

■ Oakwell Hall, Nether Lane, Birstall, North Yorkshire (0665 711423)

Roundheads and Cavaliers flower festival June 6-13, Mon-Sun 10am. Free.

■ Dunster Castle, National Trust Dunster, nr Minehead, Somerset (0984 322991)

Members of the Sealed Knot stage a garrison weekend, with 100 soldiers and their families recreating the atmosphere of the 17th-century village at war. June 6-7. Sat and Sun, 11am-4pm. £2-20, child £1.10.

■ Farleigh Hungerford Castle, English Heritage, Farleigh Hungerford, west of Trowbridge, Somerset (0272 734472)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" — show featuring musical duo Hauhois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and some unusual water muskets which children can fire. April 29-May 2, 2pm.

■ Okehampton Castle, English Heritage, Okehampton, Devon (0837 52844)

300 pikemen, musketeers and artillery men of the Sealed Knot in encampment re-enacting battle tactics of the era. July 18, 19. Battles from 3pm.

■ Old Sarum, nr Salisbury, Wiltshire (0722 335398)

"Music of the Cavaliers and

Roundheads" show featuring musical duo Hauhois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and water muskets which children can fire. Aug 26-29, from 2pm.

"The King and the Cause" is a light-hearted look at the events of the Civil War staged by Miracle Theatre at several sites: Aug 30-31.

■ Old Wardour Castle, nr Tisbury, Wiltshire (0747 870487)

Small-scale garrison weekends during the summer, commencing April 25-26. "Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" from English Heritage's musical duo Hauhois. July 29-31, from 2pm.

■ Pendennis Castle, nr Falmouth, Cornwall (0326 316594)

"Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" featuring Hauhois. July 22-24, from 2pm. Also "The King and the Cause", a light-hearted look at the Civil War period staged by Miracle Theatre, with music by Hauhois, dance and soldiers of the era: July 25-26.

■ Restormel Castle, nr Lostwithiel, Cornwall (020887 26871)

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Exhibition including a variety of maps, photographs, contemporary pamphlets and artefacts to commemorate the part played by the West Country in the war. The exhibition will subsequently tour a number of venues throughout the southwest. June 9-Aug 29.

■ Royal Cornwall Museum, River Street, Truro, Cornwall TR1 2SJ (0872 72205)

Exhibition based on events and personalities connected with the Civil War in Cornwall. Nov 1-Dec 31. Mon-Sat, 9am-5pm.

■ Sherborne "Old" Castle, Sherborne, Dorset (0935 812730)

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Roundheads" show featuring musical duo Hauhois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing and water muskets which children can fire. Aug 26-29, from 2pm.

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Small-scale garrison weekends during the summer, commencing April 25-26. "Music of the Cavaliers and Roundheads" from English Heritage's musical duo Hauhois. July 29-31, from 2pm.

■ Pendennis Castle, nr Falmouth, Cornwall (0326 316594)

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Into battle: urged on by the beat of the drums, a unit of Cromwell's men advances on the Royalist lines, muskets and pikes at the ready for the bloody confrontation ahead.

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grounds that

will be commemorated this year to mark the 350th anniversary of the start of the Civil War

VISCOUNTBANK

Show featuring musical duo Hautbois. Music from the reign of Charles I, dancing, and water-muskers for children to fire. June 3-5. Also, living history re-creating the first siege of Sherborne Old Castle when the Royalists successfully drove off a Parliamentary force. Visitors will be able to see the garrison carrying out their everyday duties: craftsmen, camp followers, officers, etc. There will be drill, cannon firings, musketeers saluting against the enemy and other incidents each day. June 6-7.

□ Stamford
Stamford Hill, Stratton,
Bude, Cornwall

A re-enactment of the Battle of Stamford Hill (1643) by 400 members of the Sealed Knot Society. May 16-17. £1.50, child/OAP 75p. Group discounts available.

□ Tiverton Castle
Park Hill, Tiverton,
Devon EX16 6RP (0884
253200)

Civil War Armoury Exhibition. Some pieces of armour can be tried on by visitors. April 17-27. Sun-Thurs 2.30-5.30pm. £2.50, child £1.50, groups £2. £1.

MIDLANDS

□ Ashby de la Zouch
Castle

English Heritage in
Ashby de la Zouch,
Leicestershire
"Music of the Cavaliers and
Roundheads": show with
English Heritage's musical
duo Hautbois. May 7-10,
from 2pm.

□ Bolsover Castle
English Heritage in
Bolsover, 6m east of
Chesterfield on the A632,
Derbyshire

"Music of the Cavaliers and
Roundheads": show
featuring musical duo
Hautbois. Music from the
reign of Charles I. Sept 16-
20, from 2pm.

□ Boscobel House
nr Alberbury, north west
of Wolverhampton,
Shropshire (0902
850244)

"With Musket and Pike":
living history depicting the
garrison of Lichfield
marching to join the king
prior to the Battle of Naseby
in 1645. May 30-31. "The
King and the Cause": a light-
hearted look at the Civil War
period staged by Miracle
Theatre, together with music by
Hautbois, dance and soldiers
of the era. July 4-5.

□ Boston Guildhall
Museum
South Street, Boston,
Lincolnshire PE21 6HT
(0205 365954)

"Boston During the English
Civil War" exhibition.
Nov 2-28. Mon-Sat 10am-
5pm.

□ Dudley Castle
2 The Broadway, Dudley,
W. Midlands DY1 4QB (the
castle keeper 0384
235305)

Following a grant from
Marks & Spencer, Dudley
Castle will be offering an
educational service "For
Kynge and Parliament" on
military aspects of the Civil
War. Education and advice
are available. Jan-Dec.

□ Edgehill
nr Radway, Warwickshire
Event sponsored by the
Sealed Knot to mark the
anniversary of the battle of
Edgehill in 1642. Oct 23-25.
Torches service at 6pm on
October 23 will honour the
battle dead.

□ Goodrich Castle
nr Ross-on-Wye, Hereford
& Worcester (0600 890538)
Major living history showing
the Parliamentary Garrison
of 1643. Aug 8-9.

□ Great Yarmouth
Museums
Norfolk (0493 855746)
"Living history" event at
Tolhouse Museum and
Elizabethan House for
schools, based on incidents in

the Civil War in the buildings
where they actually
happened. John Carter, who
lived in the Elizabethan
House, was Captain of the
local militia and the Royalist
leader, St John Wentworth,
was caught and placed under
arrest in the Tolhouse Prison.
May 6-8. Also walking tours
of Great Yarmouth looking at
buildings associated with the
war. June/July 1992.

□ Hereford City
Museums
Broad Street, Hereford
(0432 268121)

Civil War display - "The
Civil War in Hereford" in Old
House, High Town, Hereford, May.

□ Holdenby House
Northampton,
Northamptonshire (0604
770074)

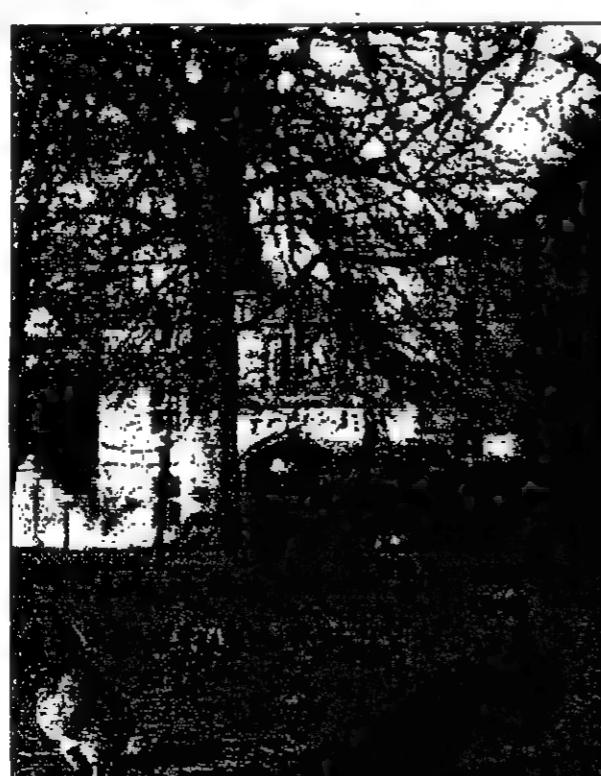
Major muster by the Sealed
Knot with 3,000 participants:
April 19-20, 1-6pm. £3.50, child
£2. Civil War Week workshops
on the Civil War, studying the
lifestyle of soldiers, followers and
Charles I, using the 17th-
century farmstead and house.
May 18-22. Children's Civil
War pageant: 17th-century
living history village and
drills by the Holdenby guard.
May 24-25.

□ Kenilworth Castle
English Heritage in
Kenilworth, Warwickshire

"Music of the Cavaliers and
Roundheads": show featuring
English Heritage's musical
duo Hautbois. Music from the
reign of Charles I, dancing and
water-muskers. April 10-12, 2pm.

□ Nottingham
Nottinghamshire County
Council, NG2 6BZ (county
tourism officer 0602
524215/524212)

Commemorative exhibition at
Rufford Mill, focusing on



Sudeley: where Prince Rupert beat the Roundheads

□ Sudeley Castle
Winchcombe,
Cheltenham, Glos GL5 4
5/D (0242 602308)

Re-enactment of Civil War
garrison by the Sealed Knot:
May 9-10. Re-enactment of
Prince Rupert's victory
against the Roundheads in
the park surrounding the
castle. May 24-25. Major
muster in the country with
4,000 pikemen, 40 cannon
and 40 cavalry. May 24-25.
A second muster of Sudeley's
own militia: July 19.

□ Warwick Castle
Warwickshire CV34 2QU
(0926 495421)

Civil War castle tour,
including paintings, stories
and artefacts from the period:
throughout 1992.

□ Worcester
The Commandery,
St. John's, WR1 2HU: Civil
War Information (0905
355071)

Civil War walk and quiz by

the key role played by
Nottinghamshire folk during
the Civil War: May 11-Nov 1.
Joint production between
Major Road Theatre
Company and Nottingham
Playhouse featuring music,
spectacle and fireworks held
in Newark Castle Grounds,
Newark; July 15-18. An
exhibition of material from
the local history library and
the Archives Office will be
staged at the Angel Row
Library; July 27-Aug 29.

Major contemporary
exhibition in Civil War
theme, at Contemporary
Visual Arts Gallery, Angel
Row Library, Nottingham;

July 25-Aug 23. Nottingham
Castle is hosting a special
exhibition tracing the role of
women in the war, society
and the arts of the mid-17th
century; July 11-Sept 20.

Raising of the King's
standard by the Sealed Knot,
plus colourful spectacular on
Nottingham Castle Green

and a march to the Old
Market Square. Aug 22,
6pm.

□ Oxfordshire
Oxfordshire County
Museum, Woodstock, OX20
1SP (0993 811456)

Civil War Activities Fortnight
at Banbury: Aug 3-15 (0295
268249). Oxfordshire in the
Civil War exhibition at the
Museum of Oxford, Sept 12-
Dec 9. Sources Sept 17; The
Court, Sept 24; Fortifications,
Oct 1; and Town and
Gown, Oct 8 - all luncheon
talks at the Museum of
Oxford: 1.15-1.45pm.

□ Stow-on-the-Wold
Gloucestershire

Re-enactment of the battle of
Stow-on-the-Wold in 1646 by
the Sealed Knot. Other
entertainments include
bands, falconry displays and
a fair. July 4-5.



Siege: Royalists laid siege to Warwick Castle in 1642, after Lord Brooke came down on Cromwell's side. They were repelled after a few weeks

Cathedral, Commandery,
Bennetts Farm Park,
Countryside Centre and City
Museum and Art gallery; July
4-Aug 31 (0905 723471).
Civil War Festival with
Worcester Militia encampment,
at Commandery Civil
War Centre, Stibury; July 1-
15 (0905 330781). Re-
enactment of the first clash
between the two armies at the
Battle of Powick will be the
largest cavalry battle on
English soil since the 17th
century; Sept 19-20 (0905
726311). "Parliamentarians
Occupy the City" - follow the
action after the Battle of
Powick; Sept 25-27 (0905
726311).

Today: Raise a glass to the English Revolution (Review). Next Saturday: Free with your copy of The Times, a special 12-page edition of The Times of 1642. Plus Civil War Commemorative Coin special offer (Weekend Times); Civil War Map, Oliver Cromwell profile, and Hull - birthplace of the Civil War (Review). Also next week in Weekend Times: Easter Extravaganza - exciting ideas for days out that all the family can enjoy.

THE TIMES



Hear the call to arms

THE finest Civil War pieces
in the Royal Armoury's collection
will be shown for the
first time outside the Tower
of London in the travelling
exhibition, "Civil War".
Through the arms and
armour of kings, commanders
and ordinary soldiers, the
exhibition will present the
realities and reveal the myths
of the conflict of the
Cavaliers and Roundheads.
Among the exhibits on display
will be Charles I's gilt
armour and the miniature
cannon belonging to his son,
later Charles II. "Civil War",
sponsored by The Times,
opens next Saturday in Hull,
where 350 years ago the first
armed confrontation took
place between the forces of
King and Parliament.

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Enemies: Charles I's parade armour and a Roundhead

Taking French leave turns sour

The recession means there are property bargains in France, Rachel Kelly writes

— but beware the three candles

It was the story waiting to happen. After years of headlines delighting in the joys of gites in the Garonne and the fact that an Englishman's home was fast becoming his château, comes news of empty dreams in foreign lands. The Brits are selling up in France — if they can.

Many can't. The same agents who waxed lyrical about the joys of snapping up property at those so-quaint French prices now talk equally smoothly of the "different time-scale" needed when it comes to selling in France.

"French people are used to having their home on the market for a year or maybe two," Miles Barber of the Fulham estate agents says. "It's never been as fast moving as the British market. Psychologically, the French aren't geared up for it. They take a much more relaxed attitude."

The same is not true of their English counterparts faced with escalating mortgage payments and a farmhouse which they cannot shift for love or French francs.

"Yes I can see that if you are desperate for money it is a problem," Mr Barber concedes. "People just have to cut their prices."

Paul Parsons has done just that. He first put his traditional stone farmhouse overlooking the Lot valley on the market for £125,000 nine months ago. For all its ten hectares of land, newly established orchard and *potager*, not to mention its swimming pool and spa bath, he has not been able to sell. It is now on the market at £85,000, and that is negotiable.

Mr Parsons has not yet resorted to sale by auction. As in Britain, recessionary France has meant home repossessions. They are advertised in French newspapers for auction by the courts. In the Pas de Calais, where speculators mistakenly gambled on property prices soaring because of the Channel tunnel, there are five such courts. Each auction roughly ten repossessed properties twice a month.

Typical examples of properties auctioned in the Pas de Calais area recently included a modern three-bedroom bungalow in the country-

side near St Omer, about 25 minutes' drive inland of Calais, at £5,000, and a three-bedroom terrace cottage on the outskirts of Lille at £7,000.

An old house in the centre of a village near the Chunnel tunnel entrance, in good condition, with four bedrooms on three floors and a large garden, sold for £10,000 at a court in St Omer last month — the reserve price was £7,000. And a two-bedroom flat went for £8,000 in Lille, £2,000 more than its reserve.

To a British eye the auction procedure seems worthy of Balzac. Instead of three knocks of the auctioneer's gavel signalling that a sale is going, going, gone, three candles are burnt at 15-second intervals. Each 15-second pause is a chance for a higher bid.

The *huissier*, or bailiff, lights the first candle, announces the reserve price of the property and invites bids. Once the bidding has stopped, a second taper is lit. If there is no response, the ceremony is concluded with the lighting of the "candle of adjudication". All three candles must be lit and extinguished without further bids for another British dream of sipping a *patis* on one's very own terrace to be born.

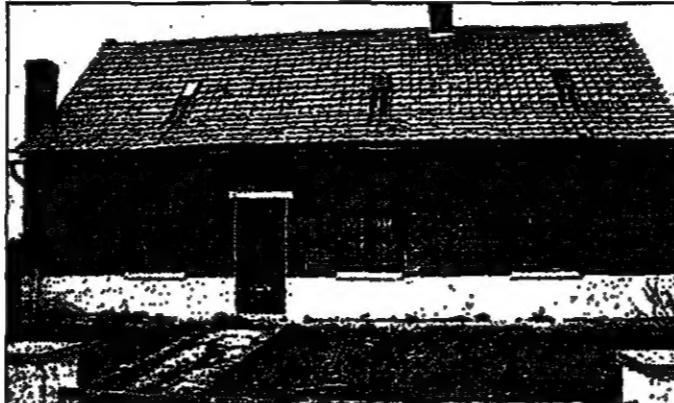
Even then the dream can be dashed. French law allows for ten nail-biting days in which the seller is legally allowed to sell at a higher price if a higher bid is made in writing to the court through a barrister. The offer is known as a *surevencherie* and must be at least 10 per cent higher than the auctioned price.

Bargains are plentiful, but agents advise caution to eager buyers in the face of those flickering candles. Buyers must legally complete a sale once it is agreed, so the ready should be in place. It is impossible to make a bid conditional on a survey, for example.

Sellers should avoid auctioning their property if they possibly can. "We would never push a client to sell by auction. They always lose some money. We always advise



Auction action: this nine-bedroom, mini-château south of Lille went under the gavel for £46,000



Hammered: a three-bedroom cottage at St Omer sold for £15,000

people to put their home on the market via an agent, if possible," Elizabeth de Maldent, senior manager in charge of lending to foreigners from Credit Agricole in Lille, says.

Some cannot afford to take Ms de Maldent's advice. Though Mr Parsons is not facing repossession, others are not so lucky. Mr Parsons says those worst hit are the ones

who moved lock, stock and *les enfants* in tow and who have become disillusioned with the French idyll.

"France is a great place to live," he says. "And the normal French people are fine. But the problem comes when you want to set up a business and earn a living. And you can't do that in France, despite all that is said about 1992."

The danger is that the horror stories will become as exaggerated as the original hype, Mr Clancy warns. "Journalists have written France up," he says. "Now they are writing France down." The answer, as always, probably lies somewhere in between.

With prices anything from 25 to 50 per cent below market value, auctions in France are one way for people to buy a holiday home very cheaply.

Information about forthcoming auction sales can be obtained from the French courts and barristers a few days before the sale. More advance notice of sales cannot be relied upon, because under French law the debtor has until the day before the auction to repay the amount he owes.

Apart from advertisements in French newspapers little is done to publicise sales. However, any publication of auction sales — under the heading *Vente Sur Saisie Immobilier* — must include the date, time and place, a description of the property, its reserve price and the name and address of the notary dealing with the sale.

For further information about a property, interested buyers can consult the *cahier des charges*, a log book or register kept at the court clerk's office where the notary dealing with the sale.

The buyer must be present at a court auction — accompanied by his French barrister, who will bid for the property on his behalf.

The buyer must sign a document authorising him to do so, stating the maximum amount he is allowed to bid, and pay a deposit of around 10 per cent of the reserve price, which will be refunded if the bid is not successful.

Those intrigued by the low prices should remember to allow 10 per cent on top of the auctioned price to cover legal fees and court costs.

As with any property purchase in France, there are still conveyancing costs to pay, so your final bill is likely to be at least 20 per cent higher.

As a consequence of the repossession, French banks are being more cautious. Alan Guyatt, British mortgage manager for Credit Agricole, said French banks are more cautious these days about lending money to British people who want to buy second homes in France.

The maximum loan is usually 80 per cent of value, and the bank will carry out a valuation of the property, he says.

Anglo-French agents Ard'Immo.

based in the Pas de Calais (681 Avenue de Calais, Ardres 010 33 2136262), offers a "hand-holding" service to those wanting to buy property at auction in France, particularly those who are unsure how to go about it and do not speak the language.

It will provide prospective purchasers with particulars of repossession sales and brief details of the properties, including the price, what the location is like and the condition of the property, the address of the lawyer or notary, and the deadline.

The fee for this service — paid by the purchaser, at 10 per cent of the sale price — includes guiding prospective purchasers through



Notice of a repossession sale

the auction process, meeting them at the ferry port and taking them to view selected properties prior to auction, accompanying them on the day of the sale and helping them through the court formalities.

The same agents also take on repossessed properties for sale at reduced prices and will send lists on request.

Or its books is a restored three-bedroom terrace cottage in Lille at £10,000, and a modern four-bedroom house with half an acre, plus double-glazing and central heating, at £28,000, close to the Channel tunnel entrance.

CHERYL TAYLOR

Poetic justice done

Home from home:

Mary Henderson



Poetic heritage: Mary Henderson, Wordsworth's great-great-granddaughter, outside Rydal Mount

The original letter in which William Wordsworth wrote: "I often ask myself what will become of Rydal Mount after our day", is framed and hung in the hall of his family home in the Lake District.

The present owner is Mrs Mary Henderson, great-great-granddaughter of the poet laureate, who in 1969 bought the house which Wordsworth rented for 37 years.

As two of the poet's other homes — Dove Cottage, where he lived for nine years, and Wordsworth House, Cockermouth, his home for 12 years — were both open to the public, Mrs Henderson left Rydal Mount should not be overlooked.

"When my husband and I saw the house, it was an absolute shambles and bitterly cold," she says. Today, however, it is a family home first, and open to visitors second.

Mrs Henderson says the conversion was not a "wholly philanthropic" venture. She received the keys on December 16, 1969, less than four months before the bicentenary of Wordsworth's birth, for which many celebrations were planned.

"It made a difference if we could open on April 7, when there were terrific high jinks in the Lake District," she says. "But before then there was so much to be done. Almost the day before there were still ladders up the front of the house, paint brushes inside."

The roof was replaced, the house re wired, the plumbing modernised to accommodate central heating and washbasins in the bedrooms and internal alterations made to create a curator's flat. They spent at least as much again as the £18,000 purchase price on essential repairs.

Many of the fine pictures and some of the furniture now in the house belonged to Wordsworth, and had been passed down through generations to Mrs Henderson, her sister and two brothers. They include a portrait of Wordsworth after he was made poet laureate, painted by the American artist Henry Inman in 1844, and the only portrait ever painted of his sister Dorothy, done in 1833. Both hang in the elegant drawing-room, which has views over the garden and Windermere.

Upstairs, one of three first-floor bedrooms open to the public has portraits of Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales, presented to Wordsworth by the Queen. His study was created in one of the attics.

"I like to think he would be pleased with the house," Mrs Henderson says. "A visitor once said there would never have been washbasins in the bedrooms, but I like to think if Wordsworth had been here today, it's exactly the sort of thing he would have done."

She is happy about the visitors, too, who have increased from 10,000 to 45,000 annually, which each year include new nationalities.

This Tuesday around 50 specially invited guests will attend a birthday commemoration evening at Rydal Mount, including readings of the poet's work.

Mrs Henderson thinks of Rydal Mount as her second home — she has a private kitchen, living-room, sitting-room and bedroom in the house — and as a project.

Although she is a keen gardener at her home in Winchester, East Sussex, the four and a half acres at Rydal Mount are kept much as they were in Wordsworth's day.

The house is a major venture and is a great deal of hard work, Mrs

Henderson says. Although she has a competent staff of curators and guides, she writes the guide book and chooses the books and mementoes to be sold in the house. When she is at Rydal, she also gives visitors an introductory talk and relates them with anecdotes.

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Although she is a keen gardener at her home in Winchester, East Sussex, the four and a half acres at Rydal Mount are kept much as they were in Wordsworth's day.

LYNNE GREENWOOD

DORSET manors have long been the beau ideal of the English country house, so the present condition of Stinsford is tragic. The main front consists of no more than a tall *piano nobile* over a low basement, rather like a Portuguese *quinta*.

Until about six years ago Stinsford was a school. It was then sold several times, but is now in the hands of a bank and the agents are looking for offers.

Planning permission has been granted both for a hotel and for seven residential units in the house. Further planning permission to build four houses in the grounds has expired, but West Dorset District Council would probably resurrect it to aid a reasonable scheme.

The house is in what should be an idyllic position. The front looks south over a formal garden de

scending in terraces and enclosed by walls: presumably the original layout of around 1700. Walk through a garden door to the east and you are immediately in the graveyard of the fine medieval parish church with a headstone to Thomas Hardy.

The entrance front looks west along a fine avenue... and, unfortunately, the new Dorset by-pass.

Though the chief constable lives just 50 yards away, large areas of the roof slates have been stripped and the floors are sodden with damp. At one time squatters occupied it.

It has been suggested that the tall main floor was rebuilt after a fire in the early 19th century, as the long sash windows are set above stone basement mullions. But inside, at least one of the rooms has the remains of narrow,

MARCUS BINNEY

• Full information: Goadby and Harding (0202 299300).

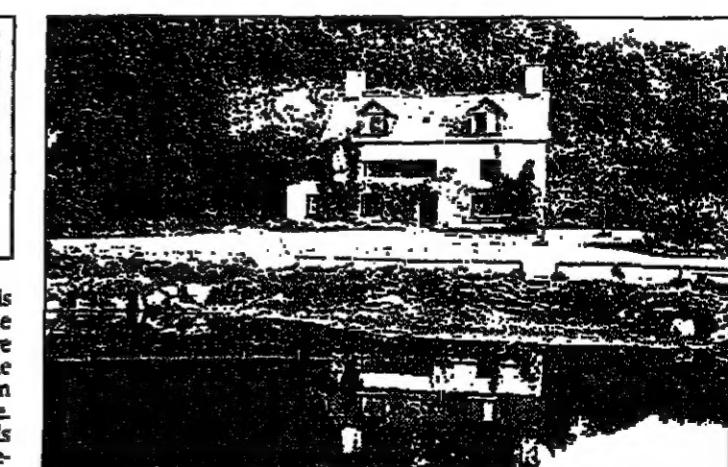
Too many slates short of a decent roof

Heap of the week: Stinsford, Dorset

Where salmon leap

HOUSE HUNTER

The Store House
Snowdonia



Fish tales: Store House has one and a half miles of prime fishing

been there since the Store House was part of a busy shipping industry served by the navigable Wnion.

Although local archives reveal

the sale of the Store House offers salmon, sea trout and trout fishing rights, which rarely come on the market in the Snowdonia National Park area.

Serious eccentrics abound in the tall tales of salmon fishing. A holidaying High Court judge wearing only pyjamas once caught a record fish before breakfast at the Store House. It is entirely possible to *sit up in bed*, look out of the window, glimpse the broad back of the Wnion and a fish and catch it.

This is why several stout fishing rods, always tucked up with line, fly and spinners, are customarily stored on the oak beams of the main living-room.

These black beams, pickled with age into a granite hardness, have

second bedroom shares the same stunning view from a window seat.

There is also a self-contained, double-bedroom holiday flat on the rear garden level, which brings in a steady income during the fishing season.

The large slate patio outside the back door leads on to more than an acre of herbaceous plants, rockeries and decorative trees. A lovely garden, which has been designed to give year-round colour and an abundance of fruit and vegetables, includes a paddock, duck pond, dovecote and a four-berth caravan... all on 200 metres fronting the Wnion.

The owner admits the dovecote and its brief occupation by some fanatics was, with hindsight, a bit of a mistake, for there are ten peregrine falcon nests in the locality. The doves were methodically taken by the peregrines within a couple of days.

So whoever buys the Store House will have to make do with its more or less resident fish and fowl. Last year a pair of kingfishers, which nest on the opposite bank, had three clutches. Eighteen herons nest on the other side of the house; they, too, are keen on fish.

With such an abundance of skilful competition, it is a wonder how human anglers have any success at all. But they do: the testament to this are in the outlines of huge salmon and trout etched into the slate slabs which make up a garden barbecue area.

When this graphic idea of recording prize catches first began, the minimum weight of a qualifying fish was 10lb. But this has had to be increased, as the slate was being used up too quickly.

The Store House's owner has taken a 25lb salmon from the holding pool at the bottom of his garden. His best sea trout was a mere 18.25lb.

GARETH PARRY



Wrecked: squatters and thieves made the house uninhabitable

HOW TO BOOK

IF YOU have collected five of the six differently numbered tokens printed in *The Times* each day this week, you can make a reservation by phone immediately. Or, you may save the tokens and booking form to use later on. Bookings must be made and accommodation taken before September 9, 1992.

● For UK weekend breaks, phone Hilton Central Reservations on 0923 244400, quoting TI92. Mon-Fri 8.30am-6.30pm, Sat 8.30am-4.30pm.

● For overseas, phone 081-780 1155, quoting TI Europe. Mon-Fri 8am-6pm, Sat 9am-1pm.

To confirm phone reservations, Hilton Reservations must receive your booking form and five differently numbered tokens (with a £10 deposit for each guest UK breaks only) within ten days of your phoned booking.

Breaks are available for a minimum of two consecutive nights between a Thursday and a Sunday (Friday and Sunday overseas), and must

include a Saturday night. Single supplements apply as indicated on the list of hotels. All breaks are subject to availability and apply only to the hotels listed.

● **Children:** In the UK, up to two children under 16 stay free when sharing their parents' room (if a suitable room is available). Meals are charged as taken (breakfast at UK hotels costs £5 a child). Children's rooms in the UK cost £14 a child a night, including breakfast. Children's discounts are not available at the Balmer Lawn Hotel, London Hilton on Park Lane or Langham Hotel. For details of arrangements for children at Continental hotels, please enquire at the time of booking.

● For further details call the *Times/Hilton Brochure Hotline* on (023 865656, quoting TI92 for UK weekend breaks or TI Europe). Usual *Times* offer rules apply.

● If you have missed any offer tokens, call *The Times Backdates* dept on 071-782 5000.

Enjoy the good life at half the price

Times readers can save up to 50 per cent on a Hilton weekend break in Britain — and get two nights for the price of one on the Continent

Going places and enjoying the good life for a weekend — in Britain or on the Continent — could cost you less this year. Half the price in most cases.

If you have collected five of the six differently numbered tokens printed in *The Times* this week, now is the time to choose your hotel and cash in.

In Britain, you can choose from any one of 35 hotels in 26 cities and towns (in London there's a choice of ten hotels) and the savings of 25 or 50 per cent are amazing. From as little as £84 for two people for two nights you can discover more of Britain in

luxurious Hilton style: from sightseeing in Bath to culture and history in Edinburgh from the peace of the Gower Peninsula to the busy attractions of the capital.

Or, from £94 for two people

for two nights, you can enjoy the delights of any one of 29 hotels in 12 countries including Egypt and Turkey.

Wherever you choose to go,

and whenever — up to September 9 next — take advantage of this *Times* offer and enjoy a stylish, relaxing weekend break at a Hilton hotel.

Choose from the hotel listings below and then read the booking details on the left.



A taste of Scotland: the Hilton National Edinburgh is an ideal base for a weekend exploring Borders culture

THE TIMES HILTON TOKEN 6

This is the final token. Cut it out to complete the set of five

Weekend breaks in Britain and on the Continent

AROUND LONDON

★ London Gatwick Airport Hilton £27.00
Hilton National Horncastle £21.00
Hilton National Watford £25.00

NATIONWIDE

Bristol Hilton £30.00
Hilton Lodge, Basingstoke £21.50
Hilton National, Bracknell £25.00
Hilton National Newbury £28.00
Hilton National Coventry (opens July) £25.00
Hilton National Edinburgh £35.00
Hilton National East Midlands £27.50
Pennine Hilton National £27.00
Hilton National Leeds Garforth £27.00
Leeds Hilton £27.00
Hilton National Livingston, Lothian £24.00
Manchester Airport Hilton £29.00
Hilton National Portsmouth £30.00
Hilton National Southampton £30.00
Hilton National Swanscombe £23.00

★ Hotels with single supplements

★ Associate hotels

★ Hotels in Europe offering two nights for the price of one at standard midweek rates. Prices are approximate £ sterling conversion.

AUSTRIA

Vienna Hilton £45.50

Vienna Plaza £69.00

BELGIUM

Brussels Hilton £40.00

EGYPT

Nile Hilton, Cairo £30.50

Ramesses Hilton, Cairo £27.50

FRANCE

Paris Orly Airport £36.50

Paris Hilton £56.50

Noga Hilton, Cannes £69.00

Strasbourg Hilton £37.00

GERMANY

Berlin Hilton (Krone Wing) from £38.50

Dusseldorf Hilton £33.00

Munich City Hilton £35.50

SWITZERLAND

Basel Hilton £35.00
Noga Hilton, Geneva £54.00
Zurich Kloten Airport Hilton £31.00

THE NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam Hilton £45.50
Schiphol Airport Hilton, Amsterdam £35.50

Rotterdam Hilton £33.00

TURKEY

Ankara Hilton £31.00
Istanbul Hilton £45.50

Istanbul £34.50

Izmir Hilton £31.00

Mersin Hilton £23.50

● Prices shown are for each guest for each night (minimum two nights between Friday and Sunday) and are based on two people sharing a twin/double room. Full breakfast included. For all European bookings, payment is made in the local currency on departure from the hotel.



Floral Dusseldorf Hilton

Munich Park Hilton £35.50

GREECE

Athens Hilton £44.00

HUNGARY

Budapest Hilton £38.50

ITALY

Rome Cavalieri Hilton £35.50

Milan Hilton £58.50

SPAIN

Barcelona Hilton (except during Olympics) £46.50

● Prices shown are for each guest for each night (minimum two nights between Friday and Sunday) and are based on two people sharing a twin/double room. Full breakfast included. For all European bookings, payment is made in the local currency on departure from the hotel.

LEGAL NOTICES

JOHN MANNING, 48, of 10, Lymington Road, London SW11 8JL, has died. Notice is hereby given that the funeral service for the late John Manning, 48, of 10, Lymington Road, London SW11 8JL, will be held on Saturday, April 11, 1992, at 1.30pm at the church of St Paul, Lymington Road, London SW11 8JL. Interment will be at the church of St Paul, Lymington Road, London SW11 8JL, on Saturday, April 11, 1992, at 1.30pm.

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Your guide to the week's viewing

THIS WEEKEND

SATURDAY

BBC1

BBC2

WORLD SERVICE TV

SKY NEWS

CHILDREN'S CHANNEL

DISCOVERY

EUROSPORT

SUNDAY

BBC1

BBC2

DISCOVERY

EUROSPORT

LIFESTYLE

MTV

Where the has-beens still are



The housewives' lunchtime companion, *Non è la Rai*: "the mores of Italian television are still those of the 1960s: women are invariably treated as dollybirds"

William Ward extols the delights of Italian television and argues that its much-criticised programmes are simply a true reflection of the society that produces and watches them

To anyone wondering why Italy's pop singers and politicians alike have the longest shelf life in Europe (most of the former have been around since the 1960s, the latter since the war), the answer can be gleaned from television. The entire Italian status quo floats beautifully from one cosy, uncritical tele-opportunity to another. Far from being exasperated by the slow repetitiveness of it, viewers remain entranced. Not for them the cruel turnover of British public life they like their VIPs (pronounced *veeps*) preserved for eternity, like saints' reliquies on constant televised display. Which is why Italian pop looks and sounds as though it is trapped in an early 1960s time warp.

Not only did the four-day San Remo Song Festival, transmitted live in its entirety at the end of February, benefit from a two-month post-Christmas build-up, but most of its mummified castlist will be dominating TV variety shows with their sentimental ballads and ditties, until well into autumn. San Remo is a national institution in Italy and has been televised almost ever since television broadcasting was set up in 1954. Watching it is even fashionable among intellectuals, who love to feel simultaneously amused and appalled.

Now viewers are struggling through the general election campaign, leading up to Ballot Day tomorrow. Never a people to deprive themselves of choice, the Italians have some 15 national channels and about 1,000 local channels on which to view the antics of the 13 major parties and 300 minor ones taking part.

Strict broadcasting regulations contrive to create a television Lent for politicians, to match the religious one: during the electoral campaign they have to give up the comfortable chitchat sofas and jolly panel games, and stick to the party political broadcasts. This is even more painful for the pop

singers, actresses and footballers standing as candidates.

However, due to the plethora of parties, and the convoluted, long-winded nature of Italian political discourse (the "sound bite" is a concept untranslatable into Italian), there seems to be little room for anything except for party political broadcasts at the moment.

After the elections, the ubiquitous Giulio Andreotti (Christian Democrat) will resume his sardonic chitchat quips, corny actor Nino Manfredi (Radicals) his coffee-adverts for Lavazza, and pomocida Moena Pazzi (Partito d'amore), will once again be mercilessly pilloried by the alternative comedians on *Avanzi* (RAI 3).

For foreigners used to sharply edited and scripted half-hour programmes, the early Warhol movie-style longueurs of Italian television can be quite a shock.

Veteran Pippo Baudo's *Domenica In* (RAI 1) rambles on for up to six hours: public broadcaster RAI's gala shows often last the entire evening. The American-flavoured contents of Silvio Berlusconi's RAI channels tend to be pitiful.

Since so much is live, there is usually little time for editing or rehearsing. Like their politicians, the Italians are naturally proflix: on television they are unstoppable. It is possible to zap one's way through 30 channels, and still find the same guest on the excellent late-night Maurizio Costanzo Show wrestling with the same thought when you come back to Canale 5.

But to condemn Italian television on the basis of timing and production values alone is to miss the point: at its best, it exhibits a raw, live energy comparable to a rock concert. There isn't an elegantly

period costume drama in sight: this nation of gifted natural performers is so self-absorbed that its television is modelled almost entirely around contemporary life, leaving precious little time for tasteful reconstructions of the past.

Nouveau riche television has long taken over from neo-realistic cinema as the best mirror of contemporary Italy's soul. The crude black and white images that were the perfect vehicle for Anna Magnani and Aldo Fabrizi's struggle against poverty and oppression have no useful place today.

They have been superseded by the rich, glittering colour of the variety/game shows presented by Gian-Franco Funari (Italia 1) and Raffaella Carrà (RAI 1/2). Mummified media stars expect up to £20,000 just for an appearance.

Gianni Minoli, RAI 2 executive and presenter of the news magazine *Mixer* calculates that the costs incurred by Italian prime-time exceed those of all other European channels put together.

The dominant trend of the last few years has been *tv-verté* – where ordinary people offer up the often unattractive minutiae of their private lives for public scrutiny. It was pioneered by schoolmarmish Donatella Raffai's *Chi l'ha visto?* (RAI 3), in which Southern peasants recount how some family member has disappeared, while viewers phone in implausible sightings that sometimes lead to televised mawkish reunions; and by *Fra marito e moglie* (Rete 4) where matinée idol Luca Barbareschi goads disgruntled married couples into violent domestic arguments. Its self-explanatory prequel *Agenzia matrimoniale* (Canale 5) is tame.

The sheer all-encompassing vividness of Italian television, portraying glamour and squalor with the same sadistic detail, doesn't just fascinate the Italians. For their millions of followers throughout the Eastern Mediterranean, RAI and RAI 2 have made Italy into a beacon of hope, rather as BBC radio was for occupied Europe during the war.

Foreigners often unfairly criticise

Italian television for not attempting to occupy the moral high ground with endless hand-wringing documentaries of the kind common in Britain.

Far from being sordid, there is something curiously innocent, even surreal, about all the acres of naked flesh prancing across Italian screens. The human equivalent of radio jingles, their presence punctuates the visual pauses in everything from the housewives' lunchtime companion *Non è la Rai* (Canale 5) through the adolescent fast-moving satire *Striscia la Notizia* (Canale 5) to the husbands' late-night strip show, the internationally notorious *Colpo Grossso* (Italia 7).

Italian television is as politically incorrect as the society it so faithfully reflects: its mores are resolutely those of the 1960s. Women are invariably treated as dollybirds: blacks, the handicapped and the elderly are patronised furiously and children spoilt rotten, particularly on the Catholic RAI 1.

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few years has been *tv-verté* – where ordinary people offer up the often unattractive minutiae of their private lives for public scrutiny.

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Advertising is ubiquitous – not just in the breaks, but during many programmes as well, in the form of sponsorship. On the local channels, the adverts are themselves programmes – four-hour sales pitches by crazed shop assistants for quack cosmetics, cheap fur coats, and trashy jewellery.

Foreigners often unfairly criticise

the private anguish of consenting AIDS victims and drug addicts into public spectacle.

Memorable recent variations on a theme are the charming *Scena da un matrimonio* (Canale 5) in which the sly camp Davide Mengacci visits young to-be-weds in the provinces as they prepare for their big day; and the runaway success of the season, *Scherzi a parte* (Italia 1), which combines the formulae of *Candid Camera* and chit-chat, by subjecting the rich and famous to complicated houses, secretly filmed on location, followed by ritual apologies in studio. Established stars have threatened legal action, but for truly desperate has-beens, these sadistic trouncings represent the precious oxygen of publicity.

Italians are actively encouraged to raise their voices – and their fists. On *L'Istruttoria* (Italia 1), the 130 kilo neo-conservative presenter Giuliano Ferrara whips his guests into a state of hysteria, while his Jacobin-radical rival Michele Sanoro has just had his megaphone-programme *Samarcanda* (RAI 3) suppressed until after the elections for being too controversial. The youthful art critic Vittorio Sparbi has become a major national figure (and Liberal party candidate) thanks to his violent arguments – and punch-ups – on shows such as Ferrara's and Costanzo's.

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Satellite TV listings, page 17

Bear necessities

If you go down to the Natural History Museum in Vienna next Wednesday, 7 April, you're in for a big surprise. About 1,500 teddy-bears will be gathered there to celebrate their 90th anniversary in an exhibition "Bärenfest – zum Wesen des Teddys".

It was in 1902 that President Theodore (or Teddy) Roosevelt reprimanded a bear he had cornered whilst out hunting, and thus inspired mass-production and worldwide affection for this ill-tempered beast. The exhibition has come from Essen in Germany, the heart of modern bear-manufacture, where it attracted a staggering 97,000 visitors in less than four months.

Not all the bears on show will be teddy-bears: large stuffed grizzlies, "radio-bears" with speakers in their ears, bald rubber ones, painted bear portraits and even edible bears will illustrate the evolution of this unusualia.

Precious relics

WHATEVER the accusations against the cultural imperialism of Disney land, or the ethics of celebrating Columbus's conquest of defenceless Indians, some people at least are doing well out of these much-publicised events. The distinguished Parisian auction house Charles et M. Jean Lelievre, is holding today a sale of "Important Disney, principal de Mickey". At the other end of the scale the auctioneers Adel Tajan sold last Monday the "Livres et manuscrits

ARTS SOUFFLES



Toulouse-Lautrec's *La Goulue* comes home to Montmartre, this German teddy bear celebrates its 90th anniversary in Vienna



Toulouse-Lautrec's *La Goulue* comes home to Montmartre, this German teddy bear celebrates its 90th anniversary in Vienna

precieux de Christophe Colomb". It is remarkable that objects of this importance are still in private hands. The Latin edition of the letter written by Columbus to King Ferdinand of Spain, announcing his discovery of the Americas fetched its top estimate FF 1,800,000 (£177,800). The first woodcut illustrations of the New World, which included a picture of the admiral of Columbus's ship giving presents to hostile natives went for a mere FF 450,000 (£4,460).

Last can-can in Paris

THE remains of *La Goulue*, the

post for the Moulin Rouge, have been returned to Montmartre. Exhumed from a field in the Paris suburbs 63 years after she was buried, she now takes her rightful place alongside Paris's most illustrious figures. The woman whose beauty and charisma set Paris ablaze in the 1890s became a fat, forgotten lion-tamer, weighed down by her illegitimate son who drained her meagre income.

Flower power

THE Greatest Flower Show on

Earth" opens on Friday, April 10.

Over two million tulips have been

planted covering an area of 70

hectares for the "Floriade" exhibition

near the Hague. 35,000

different varieties of flowers will be on show from countries all around the world. Set out along the lines of famous historical gardens like Hampton Court or Versailles, the exhibition will be divided up into medicinal and miniature gardens, rosariums, aromatic gardens, and blossoming bee gardens and a "children's paradise".

Pens of prize mushrooms will be auctioned, and vast greenhouses, stuffed with many conceivable fruit and vegetable will have gastronomic tastings. Stars of the show, as one would expect, are the forests of tulips that extend as far as the eye can see.

Top coats

ONE would not think it likely that an exhibition documenting "100 Years of Overcoats" would set the world on fire, but Frau Diederichs from the Museum of Applied Art in Cologne claims that approximately 20,000 visitors have already allowed it to rank as at least a moderate success. The exhibition traces the evolution of the garment from its origins in the flamboyant and unisex capes of the late 19th century, through the taste for trenchcoats and anoraks following the Great War and the strict English style that was fashionable in the 1930s and ends with the glittering evening-wear fantasies created by Dior, Chanel and Givenchy in the 1960s and 1970s. If nothing else this exhibition provides a fascinating insight into the sartorial elegance of the affluent burghers of Cologne, who donated most of the exhibits.

Nigel Jamieson

OPERA

Infernal torments

DANTE'S account of the doomed love of Francesca and Paolo has inspired a great many operas, of which the most famous is Riccardo Zandonai's *Francesca da Rimini*, composed in 1914 and currently on display at Bologna's Teatro Comunale.

But if this is the best of them, the Devil is welcome to the rest. Imagine a Puccini opera storm of the allure of its vocal lines and carelessly re-orchestrated by Richard Strauss in a *Salomé* mood, and you will have the general idea. What it needs is a pair of great interpreters, but they are not to be found in Bologna: Raina Kabaivanska is a posturing diva who pushes the remains of an unremarkable voice to the very limit, and Sergei Larin's stiff tenor is incapable of sensual caress.

Paolo Gavanelli, a blunderbuss of a baritone with a stage presence to match, is excellent as the brutal Giancotto, and the orchestra under Nikita Barezza does more than justice to the score. Alberto Fassini's production, designed by Pasquale Grossi, evokes an aptly Art Nouveau vision of medieval Romagna. But these merits alone are not enough.

Nigel Jamieson

ARTS AND ENTERTAINMENT

AMSTERDAM

LIFE WITH AN IDIOT: World premiere of Russian composer Alfred Schnittke's black comedy opera, produced by Boris A. Prokofiev, conducted by Mstislav Rostropovich and with a libretto by Viktor Erkeliev. The main roles are sung by Dale Duesing, Teresa Ringhoz, Howard Hoskin, Leonid Zimmerman and Robin Leggate. *De Nederlandse Opera*, Waterlooplein 22, Tel: (31 20) 6255455, Apr 13, 16, 19, 21, 23, 26, 28, 30.

ANTWERP

AMERICA – BRIDGE OF THE SUN: Exhibition examining 500 years of the interaction between European culture in the Low Countries and the Indian culture of America which bore fruit in the arts and sciences as well as in the daily life of the two civilisations. *Koninklijk Museum voor Schone Kunsten*, Leopold de Waelplein, Tel: (32 32) 4742118. Until May 31.

BERLIN

AVANT-GARDE DANCE: This programme offers the German premiere of a revised version of Michael Clark's *BOG 3.0*, and the world premiere of *Layered* by Stephen Petrone and *Die Offnung (The Opening)* by surrealist choreographer Bertrand T. Jones. *Der Tanz Open Space*, Richard Wagner Straße 10, Tel: (49 30) 3420249. Apr 5, 7, 9, 10, May 27, June 18, 24.

FRANKFURT

DE GROSSE UDOPPE: A fascinating exploration of the Russian Avant-Garde (1915-1922), featuring 100 artworks by more than 800 exhibitors, two-thirds of them from museums and private collections in the Soviet Union. *Schloss Klessheim*, Am Römerberg, Tel: (49 89) 2998820. Until May 10.

HAMBURG

EMILIA GALOTTO: Gotthold Ephraim Lessing's tragedy dealing with contemporary concepts of love and death, directed by Peter Lüscher, Marion Dieckhoff, Matthias Fuchs, Ingo Hößmann and Ulf Jürgen. *Staatsoper*, place de la Reine Sophie, Tel: (49 40) 237057. Opens today until June 1.

PARIS

ANDROMIQUE: A production of Racine's tragedy dealing with the follies of love and war, with Art Nouveau designs and costumes by Gert Tscherny. *Théâtre National du Châtelet*, 1 place du Trocadéro, Tel: (33 1) 47278115. Until April 25.

TOULOUSE LAUTREC

From pantomime horses to dancing girls, *Toulouse-Lautrec* captures

French life with unrivaled veracity.

This dynamic retrospective,

featuring 200 works, demonstrates a more diverse range of styles than

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Musée des Beaux-Arts du Grand

Palais, avenue du Général

Eisenhower, Tel: (33 1) 48243885.

Until June 1.

SATURDAY APRIL 4

WORLD SERVICE RADIO

7.00 World News 7.05 News